# GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Oct. 7th, 1908. VOL. XXXV, NO. 23



## ..MANUFACTURERS' SALE..

### Of Ladies, Misses & Childrens Coats

FOR ONE WEEK--beginning Fri., Oct. 9, continuing Thru Sat., Oct. 17

we will place on sale a special lot of Ladies, Misses and Childrens Coats, secured from the manufacturer at less than cost to make. We have a large number of these garments, and can please all with the splendid bargains we have to offer.

**Visit this Exceptional Coat Sale. It will mean dollars saved to you**

and a winter's comfort at comparatively small expense. Read over the prices quoted, you will find the goods here when you come. THIS FIRM ALWAYS DOES JUST AS IT ADVERTISES.


517

### Ladies' Coats

Ladies' 52 in. semi-fitting coat, full satin lined, velvet collar, braid trimmed, sizes 34 to 40, a regular $12.50 coat, for this sale ... **$7.48**

Ladies' all wool kersey, extra heavy and warm, one-half satin lined, 50 in. long semi-fitting, full braid trimmed on collar and cuffs, an exceptional garment for $12, at this sale ... **$7.29**

Ladies' kersey coat, semi-fitting, full 50 in. long, fancifly braided on shoulders and sleeves, deep cuff of velvet, in black only, a regular $10.00 garment, for this sale a garment only ... **$5.49**

Ladies' all wool kersey coat, semi-fitting back, in black, green and brown, full 50 in. long, nicely trimmed in braid and velvet, large buttons on front, a superior garment at $14.60, during this sale to close ... **$9.98**

Ladies' extra heavy weight kersey, 50 in. long, full sweep, semi-fitting, braid trimmed on collar and cuffs, an extra value at $12.50, to close during this sale ... **$7.59**

### Childrens' Winter Coats

Of Exceptional Value, Specially Priced for this manufacturers sale



Childs' kersey coat in green, brown and red, double breasted, with storm collar, cuff sleeve, an extra warm and comfortable garment, in ages from 6 to 12, all sizes on hand, regular $6.00 garment, for this sale each only ... **$3.75**

Children's all wool Scotch plaid, in shades green and brown, double breasted, with deep shawl collar and cuffs of plain green, ages 6 to 12, a regular $6.00 garment, special for this sale a garment ... **$3.89**

### Misses' Coats

Misses' school coats in light colored checks and plaids, double breasted, fancy buttons, trimmed velvet collar, ages 6 to 14, regular $5.50 value, at this sale a garment ... **$2.48**

Misses' melton coat in blue only, double breasted with coat collar, an extra heavy garment, ages from 8 to 14, regular $6 garment, to close at ... **$3.89**

Young ladies' extra long coat in gray striped with black line, black velvet coat collar, plain semi-fitting, nicely tailored, extra full sweep of skirt, full 48 to 50 in. long, in ages of 14, 16 and 18 years, regular $10 value, at this sale ... **$6.39**

Come to this great coat sale and examine the bargains we are offering during during this sale.

**Johnson & Hill COMPANY**

SUIT DEPT. 2nd FLOOR



## MENTOR Comfort Underwear

### Here's More than Winter's Warmth--- Here's Supreme Winter Comfort, Too.

MENTOR



Comfort Underwear

Here's underwear that fits where other underwear simply bangs. It fits under the arms, without binding; over the hips without bunching or bulging; at the waist without bagging or sagging; and all over without wrinkling anywhere. It's shaped to the form, and made to exact and scientific measurements.

It's elastic, not stretchy. Because knitted, not woue. Thus porous, permitting evaporation of perspiration. Made in a variety of fabrics, including Mentor "Shrinkproof"—the ideal wool underwear—the only kind guaranteed not to shrink. If it does, you get your money back.

**Send for Our Unique and Interesting Book**

**Containing Samples** of the famous Mentor Fabrics and photographs, and telling just why Mentor union and 2-piece suits are best for women and children. It's free.

THE MENTOR KNITTING MILLS, 89 Bank St., Cleveland, Ohio

We are the makers of the famous Mentor Comfort Unions for men. We will send to any man interested a very novel book about them.

*FULL LINE ON DISPLAY AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY*

## J. T. SCHUMACHER


### Stock Fair Tuesday.

—Farmers and others interested should bear in mind that the next stock fair will be held in this city on Tuesday, October 13th. If you have anything that you want to sell in the stock line, don't forget to bring it in on Tuesday. The fair will be held on the west side market square

Remember that the Reiland Packing plant want some large shoats and all the fat cattle that they can get.

The Grand Rapids Brewing Co. will give an eighth of beer to the farmer bringing in the most empty kegs.

John Possley will give fifty cigars to the farmer bringing in the most chickens.

The farmer bringing in the best sample of early Rose potatoes to John Hollmuller will be well paid.

Topping Bros. will give a five pound beef roast to the farmer bringing in the best fat steer.

The farmer bringing in the most dozen of eggs on fair day will get fifty pounds of best flour from Johnson & Hill Co.

Remember the day and date, Tuesday, Oct. 13 on the west side market square.

### For Register of Deeds.

The democrats of Wood County feel that no apology is necessary in putting the name of W. H. Reeves before the people for the office of register of deeds this fall. He is a man who is well known here at his home town and also has a large acquaintance about the county, and his friends are as great in number as his acquaintances.

Mr. Reeves is eminently fitted for the position of register, being an expert accountant and one who has had experience in clerical work the



greater part of his life. He is a man 46 years of age and during the past thirty-one years has been making his own way in the world, and has held numerous positions of trust, and has never failed to make good on a single occasion. Ten years ago this fall he was elected to the position of County Clerk and served for one term and there has never been a time when the county had a better officer in any capacity than Mr. Reeves made.

A vote for Mr. Reeves will be a vote for a good man.

### Harvest Supper and Song Festival.

The ladies of St. Katherine's Guild will hold a Harvest Supper and Song Festival at the Guild hall Thursday evening. A bountiful supper will be served from 5:30 to 7:30 o'clock.

MENU

Roasted Pork — Jellied Tongue
Creamed Potatoes
Baked Beans — Brown Bread
Buttered Beets — Sandwiches
Coffee
Apple Pie — Pumpkin Pie
Cheese

After supper a Harvest Home service will be given in the church at which the choir will render the following beautiful musical program:

Organ Prelude—Andantino..Lemare
Processional Hymn—Pleasant are Thy Courts.....Gilbert
Gloria Patria.....Turle
Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis } E. Marchant
Harvest Anthem—Oh Lord how Manifold.....Barnby
Hymn—In the Light of God..Roney
Solo—The Earth is the Lord's, Lynes .....Mrs. Thornberg
Recessional Hymn—Onward Christian Soldiers.....Sullivan
Organ Postelude—March of the Priests.....Mendelssohn

This will be a most inspiring service and it is hoped a large attendance will be present. Everyone is most cordially invited to this service and supper.

### Death of Mrs. Eugene Daly.

Mrs. Eugene Daly died at the home of her son Charles in this city last Wednesday after an illness of two weeks, at the age of 86 years.

Deceased, whose maiden name was Martha McDowl, was born in the north of Ireland on the 15th of February, 1822. She came to America with her parents when a child and settled at Smethport, Pa. She was married to Eugene Daly in 1838, and fifteen children were born to the union, and of these six survive, they being Charles and Timothy Daly of this city, James Daly of Beardsley, Minn., Mrs. S. Bullock of South Bend, Ind., Mrs. Mike McElwee and Mrs. M. Griffin of Butte, Mont.

About fourteen years ago Mrs. Daly moved from Smethport to this city, since which time she has resided with her sons here.

The funeral was held on Friday from SS. Peter and Paul church in this city, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating.

### Will Erect a Candy Factory.

G. R. Getts will commence the erection of a small candy factory in the rear of his residence next week. Mr. Getts will make a specialty of taffies and will job on a small scale, and if he meets with success, will increase his capacity gradually.

## GAVE A GOOD SHOW

### Local Talent Does Itself Proud at the Opera House Monday and Tuesday Evenings

The home talent play given under the auspices of the Young Ladies Sodality given at the opera house on Monday and Tuesday evening was one of the best that has been seen in this city for some time. The title of the play was the Lighthouse Robbery and it was given under the direction of Prof. Corliss Rolger, and the manner in which it was handled showed careful preparation.

Those taking part in the play handled their parts in a very efficient manner, and there was liberal applause all the way thru the play. The climaxes were strong and were well taken. The most amusing part was given to Ed Bassett, who as Si Kidder never failed to bring forth a good laugh every time he came onto the stage. His impersonation was good and he was apparently at as much ease as tho he had made a life business of acting.

Rob Nash took the part of Tom Manly, the poor fisher lad and did it in fine style. This is an especially hard role and Mr. Nash is entitled to much credit for the manner in which he handled it.

Carl Fritzsinger was the villian and he acted the part in good shape, and was apparently at home on the stage, he taking the part of James Hammond. Frank Abel was Samira Hammond, the old man schemer, and he did excellently in the part.

The part of Rosa Prescott was taken by Miss Aurelia Bandelin, and she made a very favorable impression by her acting, as did also Miss Grace Parker in the role of the old woman. Agnes Daly was the sailor lass, and she, in company with Si, helped out the humorous parts of the play in good shape. Both Alpine took the part of Little Nellie, and had quite a difficult role to handle and did it in fine shape. She also sang a solo that was highly appreciated by the audience.

Then a number of young ladies gave a drill and song that was very good with some amusing features, and Mr. Rolger gave a number of caricature sketches that were enjoyed by the audience.

Taken altogether it was a good show, and those who attended were agreeably surprised that those taking part did so well. There were good houses and the young ladies will clean up a nice little bit of money by the affair.

### Brostowitz-Kubisiak.

At nine o'clock today at St. Lawrence church occurred the marriage of Miss Katie Brostowitz to Mike Kubisiak, Rev. Koreczyk officiating They were attended by Messrs. Tony Jackan and Martin Kubisiak and the Misses Louise Brostowitz and Agnes Kubisiak. After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Lorenz Shadkowsky. Both of the contracting parties are well and favorably known and the Tribune unites with their numerous friends in extending congratulations. Among those from out of town who attended the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Brostowitz of Hartford, parents of the bride.

### To Solve Water Problem

At the meeting of the city council on Tuesday evening Alderman Jackson presented a plan for relieving the stringency of water in this city. His plan is to lay a special main to supply the railroad tanks and factories on the west side, and to pump river water into these mains. It is figured that this would leave an abundant supply of spring water for domestic use as the railroads and factories use as much water as several hundred private families.

The matter was referred to the superintendent and water works committee.

### Scandinavian Moravian Church.

This evening a Scandinavian prayer meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. S Jordahl, Third Avenue south.

Next Sunday, Sabbath school at 9:30. At 10:30 the morning service will be in Scandinavian but the report of the Provincial Synod will be made in English. The report will take the place of the sermon An offering for Home Missions will be received.

At 3 p. m. preaching in Saratoga school house, Dist. No. 5.

C. E., services at 7:30 p m. The pastor will give an account of his journey through Pennsylvania and North Carolina.

### Notice to Parents.

After publication of this notice all children who have had a contagious disease that has been quarantined, must have a certificate from the health officer before returning to school.

All children who have had a contagious disease which was not quarantined must have a certificate, either from their family physician or the health officer before returning to school.

Board of Health.
Signed.
Board of Education.

### Local Parties Secure Contract.

According to the Shawano Journal Messrs. W. E. Ule and L. A. DeGuere have secured the contract for rebuilding the paper mill at West Shawano. The old mill that contains the two paper machines is to be rebuilt and a finishing room 70x100 feet added. A brick stack 110 feet high will also be built.

### Circuit Court in Session.

Circuit court convened in this city on Monday afternoon at two o'clock, Judge Chas M Webb presiding. The following are the cases that appear on the calendar:

**Criminal**

State vs Emil Prust, larceny.
State vs. Emory Lee, bastardy.
State vs. Peter Britten abandonment.
State vs Henry Wadel, bastardy.

**Issues of Fact for Jury**

Seth A. Spafford vs. Henry Sampson.
Frank Berg vs. John Bloeker.
The McFarland Realty Co. vs. W J. Zaid.
John Woodlock vs Town of Minocqua.
E M. Hayes, as administrator of the estate of Frank Hayes, deceased, vs Wisconsin Central Ry Company
John Kujawa vs. the Wisconsin Central Ry. company.
Sophia Juliana vs. Chicago & Northwestern Ry. company.
Alex Joyal vs. Port Edwards Fibre Co.
Edward Hougen vs. John T. Greenwell.
Ida Hale vs. the City of Pittsville.
Charles Berg vs. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co.
S. V. T pping vs Henry Ebert.
Albert Schiefelbein vs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
H. Allen Wagener vs. Wm. H. Upham.
R. Connor Lumber Co. vs. J. J. Olson & Son and Aetna Indemnity Co.
Joseph Gurtski vs. Nekoosa Paper Co.
Leo Zabawa vs. Oberbeck Bros. Manufacturing Co.
Frank Krumrei vs. Stange-Ellis Lumber company.
Buswell Lumber & Manufacturing Co. vs. Oberbeck Bros. Manufacturing Co.
Louis B. King vs. Lester Tilton.
Geo. J. Siegman vs. Samuel R. Titus and Mavilla Titus.

**Issues of Fact for Court.**

John F. Cole, trustee vs. Anton Hager.
Lawrence Ward, et. al. vs. Wm. P. Chambers.
F. W. Kruger vs. M. L. Olmstadt, L. R. Olmstadt, et. al.
Guy and Geo. N. Wood vs. City of Grand Rapids.
B. G. Chandos vs. Mary C. McGraw, et. al.
B. R. Goggins and T. W. Brazeau vs. Mary C. McGraw, et. al.
In the matter of the will of James Ronhan, deceased, contest.

**Issues of Law for Court.**

John Marx, as administrator with will annexed of the estate of Wm. Wiltgen, deceased, Mathias Wiltgen, Nicholas Wiltgen, Mary Mueller and Anna Jacob, vs. Frances Wiltgen, Peter Wiltgen, John Wiltgen Jr., Gerty Wiltgen, Rosa Wiltgen, John Wiltgen and Mike Wiltgen.

**Default Cases.**

Frank Nowavatzky vs. Chas. Persohn.
Carl Mass vs. Mathew Scott.
J. L. Bracken vs. J. S. Lenkvon et. al.
Brainard T. Worthington vs. Lizzie Powers Worthington.
Lillian J. Margeson vs. Geo. E. Margeson.

### COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Council Rooms, Sept. 28, 1908.

Council met in adjourned session, Mayor Pomainville presiding. Present: Aldermen A. D. Hill, Bamberg, Ellis, Briere, Panter, Lukaseski, Gilmaster, Jackson, Ristow, Rossier, Lyon, G. M. Hill and Payne—13 Absent: Aldermen Steffy, Sampson and Roenigs—3.

There was presented by the Board of Public Works their complete and final report as to the assessments of benefits and damages together with all objections and evidences taken before them to sustain the same, in the matter of the condemnation of certain lands for the widening of Vine street, which said report had been filed with the City Clerk on Sept. 26, 1908, and the said report of the Board of Public Works was, on motion, adopted and ordered placed on file and the assessments ordered levied as made in said report.

On motion, the Council adjourned.

O. E. Boles, Clerk. F. Pomainville, Mayor.

### ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Claflin, Miss Jennie, card: Dash, Miss Cecelia: Grain, Miss Agnes; Houghthy, Mrs. Wm., card; Hunt, Mrs. Ida; Johnson, Miss Cora, card; Kath, Mrs. Wilgam; Oleson, Mrs. Ole; Oleson, Miss Anna, card; Shorin, Miss Lena, card; Snyder, Miss Emma; Sutton, Mrs. I. J.; Worden, Mrs. Jack.

Gentlemen. Greengrass, Ed. 2; Kwehn, John, card; Machia, W. H.; Peterson, Walter, card; Richert, Adam; Sandquist, Charlev. 2; Scanthin, Lindsay; Spurling, Chas., 2 cards; Tewes, Herm, card; Thomas, Henry; Wagner, John P.; Marcham, G. M., parcel.

### Wittenberg-Fierke.

Rev. George Fierke of Nekoosa, pastor of the German Lutheran church and Miss Lena Wittenberg of the town of Port Edwards were married in the Lutheran church at Nekoosa on Tuesday afternoon at one o'clock, Rev. Maack of this city performing the marriage ceremony.

### New Theater to Open.

S. H. Smart & Sons have their new theater in the Blodgett building about ready and expect to open it to the public tomorrow evening. The interior of the building has been entirely remodeled and fixed up so that it presents a very neat appearance.

### The Man for District Attorney.

The following extract from the Nekoosa Times concerning the democratic nominee for district attorney which may be of interest at this time:

Henry E. Fitch of Nekoosa, candidate for district attorney of Wood county on the Democratic ticket, was educated in the public schools of Madison and the University of Wisconsin, graduating from the law department of the university in the year 1891. He became a resident of Wood county, the same year and has been actively and successfully engaged in the practice of law continuously in this county for the past



17 years. While he has always taken an active interest in county politics, he has never been a candidate before for county office.

Mr. Fitch has been identified with the growth of Nekoosa, his present residence, and in a number of its prosperous business enterprises. He has been elected without opposition clerk of Nekoosa for nine years, and also served for a similar term as village attorney. His professional and business experiences have well fitted him to fulfill the requirements of the office for which he is a candidate and the interests of the county will be faithfully served in the event of his election and the duties of the office promptly and efficiently performed if he is selected by the voters of the county to fill the office of district attorney.

### Ristau-Hardy.

Kaukauna Sun:—Miss Alma Ristau of this city and Maurice Hardy of Grand Rapids, Wis., were married at Holy Cross church on Tuesday morning at eight o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Msgr. P. J. Lochman.

The bride was attended by her cousin Miss Annabell Childs, and the groom by his cousin Edward Vaughn of Appleton. The bride was attired in a brown broadcloth traveling suit with hat to match and carried a pearl rosary. The bridesmaid also wore brown and carried a bouquet of pink carnations.

A wedding dinner was served to relatives and a few intimate friends at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ristau on Depot street. The decorations in the dining room consisted of autumn leaves and cut flowers.

The bride is one of Kaukauna's popular young ladies having resided here all her life. The groom is also well known here having been employed as operator at the north side depot until a few months ago when he accepted a similar position at Grand Rapids.

The newly wedded couple left on the afternoon train for a honeymoon trip to Chicago, Minneapolis and Denver. They will reside at Grand Rapids. The Sun joins a host of friends in extending congratulations.

### Married in Germany.

Emil Leloff surprised his friends considerably by returning from Germany last week and bringing with him a wife, having been married at his old home in Germany about six weeks ago. According to Emil's story the move was entirely unpremeditated on his part, he having been heart whole and fancy free when he left here. Emil says, however, that most of our best things are imported from the old country, and he cannot see why this plan should not be carried out when it comes to taking a wife. Mr and Mrs. Leloff have our best wishes for a long life of happiness.


## 'The Ideal'

ELECTRIC THEATER

Corner 2nd & Vine Streets

Will Open on

**Thurs. Evening OCT. 8th**

Giving the Latest Up-to-date Pictures and Songs

**10 cents**


### Just as Good Bargains Here in Wisconsin.

The Wausau Record Herald very wisely says: "Just why the opening of the Rosebud lands in South Dakota for settlers should cause such a rush of applicants for a chance on the lottery, will doubtless remain one of the unexplained mysteries. According to the terms imposed by the government, every homesteader aside from complying with the usual conditions which apply to homesteading, including residence, improvements and cultivation of the lands, must pay $4 a acre for such lands as he enters, in addition to fees and commissions. And yet, under those terms, it is said that at least 200,000 people are planning to make application for the 40,000 allotments. In addition to the cost mentioned there will be numerous other expenses to meet and not a few hardships to encounter, so that, on the whole, it would seem that the cut over lands of northern Wisconsin would afford a far more inviting proposition than the bargain counter sale which Uncle Sam is advertising."

### Heintz-Rayome.

Miss Francis Heintz and John Rayome were married at the Catholic church in Rudolph on Tuesday morning at 8:30, Rev. Van Sever officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, May Heintz of Milwaukee, while Camilla Marceau of Park Falls attended the groom. After the ceremony a wedding reception was held at the home of the newly married couple over Mr. Rayomn's place of business, followed by a big dance in Marceau's hall which was attended by a large crowd. The Tribune unites with their many friends in wishing them a happy wedded life

### Aylward to Speak Here.

John A. Aylward, democratic nominee for governor of the state of Wisconsin, will be in this city next Monday evening to address the people of Grand Rapids on the political issues of the day. Everybody who is interested in the political situation should make it a point to hear Mr. Aylward as he is a good talker and a man whom anybody should be pleased to listen to.

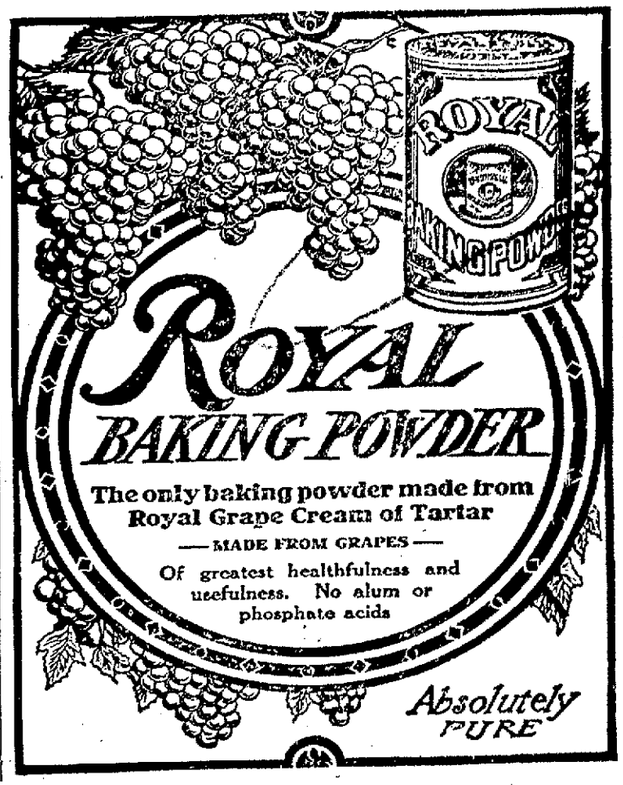
### Methodist Church.

The pastor will preach in the morning at 10:30 on the subject "Diversion and Duty" and in the evening at 7:30 on "Agrippa's Blunder."

### Will Speak on Socialism.

Harvey D. Brown, one of the best speakers in the northwest, will speak on Socialism at the opera house on Monday evening, October 19th.

—"The Thief" will be presented at Daly's theater on Thursday evening by the Harvey Stock Company. It will be a good show.

# Wisconsin State News

Happenings in the Cities, Towns and Villages Which Are of Interest Here.

### CHARGES WIFE WITH BLACKMAIL

**Prominent Farmer Near Waukesha Avers Reason for Action.**

Waukesha.—Blackmail is charged in the answer of Frank Olson, a prominent resident of Summit, to the divorce complaint of Nellie Olson. The answer asserts that the plaintiff commenced a divorce action January last, but that it was never brought to the attention of the court except to secure an order for attorney's fees and suit money. The present suit, the defendant alleges, is an attempt to blackmail him. The couple were married in 1880, and have one son, Earl, aged 17. The plaintiff alleges that the defendant drove her from the house and several times threatened to take her life with a shotgun. She also alleges that he beat her father, who is old and decrepit. Olson denies the charges and avers that the plaintiff refused to prepare his meals or perform her other household duties. Judge Grisswold ordered the defendant to pay the plaintiff $25 attorney's fees and $15 suit money.

**Calls Grocers Terrors.**

La Crosse.—Alleging that the La Crosse Retail Grocers' association, a branch of the Wisconsin Grocers' association, is a conspiracy by which wholesalers and retailers are terrorized and the public defrauded, Nicholas Birnbaum, a local grocer, Tuesday brought suit against the local association and a score of the most prominent members, including James H. Murray, president, both of the local and state associations for $2,000 damages. Birnbaum alleged that the wholesalers were not permitted to sell to him and that farmers are prevented from delivering him produce.

**Alderman Resigns.**

Racine.—At the council meeting Frank Uhler resigned as alderman of the Seventh ward, being about to remove to Dakota. Mayor Horlick appointed former Alderman Peter Thelemann to his place. After the meeting the mayor tendered a farewell banquet to the retiring alderman.

**Tears Wound Near Heart.**

Beloit.—Lewis Ellis, a workman at the gas plant, met with a peculiar accident when the handle of a shovel was forced into his side, making an ugly wound near the heart. There was an explosion from some cause unknown as he put the shovel in the furnace door.

**Rob Bank of $3,000.**

Ladysmith.—A gang of yeggmen Tuesday blew open the safe of the State bank, taking about $3,000. The cracksmen shot a policeman in the arm and fired several shots at the Baker hotel to keep anybody from coming out. They then took a hand car and escaped.

**Find Fugitive's Remains.**

New Richmond.—The remains of Francis Rogers, an inmate of the St. Croix county asylum, were found in the Willow river, near this city. Rogers escaped from the institution September 18. He was 82 years old and was committed from Hammond.

**Party Develops a Fight.**

Sheboygan.—Bernard Strassins was the center of attraction at a Lithuanian christening party which developed into a general fight. He had three of his alleged assailants arrested and also demands damages for torn clothing and injuries to his person.

**Crushed Beneath Cars.**

Ripon.—Mrs. Charles Schattschneider, aged 21 years, was killed in attempting to pass between the cars of a freight train standing across the street. Her neck was broken and breast crushed.

**Build New Courthouse.**

Crandon.—The Forest county board of supervisors has passed a resolution authorizing the building of a new courthouse to cost about $65,000. Steps will be taken to push the building to early completion.

**Girl a Suicide.**

Sheboygan.—Miss Amanda Kuehl, residing with her parents on a farm near New Holstein, committed suicide by taking paris green. She was 23 years old.

**Holds Its Own in Beet Sugar.**

Oconto.—This county will but hold its own as far as the crop of sugar beets is concerned. A shortage is being reported by the growers of this district.

**Saloon Men in Hot Water.**

Kenosha.—Claiming that certain saloon men of the city have violated the agreements made with the reform organizations, detectives were put to work to gather evidence against them and many prosecutions are promised.

**Small Boy Drowns.**

Tony.—Charlie, the nine-year-old son of L. Humber, while playing near the Chippewa river near here, was accidentally drowned. He was alone at the time of the accident.

**Suffers in Ice Famine.**

Tony.—Rusk county is suffering from an ice famine. September has been the hottest month for some years and it was unexpected by the icemen. They are furnishing the article to business places only and houses must do without.

**Awarded Schoolhouse Bonds.**

Stoughton.—The Harris Trust and Savings bank of Chicago was awarded the $5,000 schoolhouse bonds issued by the village. The premium paid is $102.

**John Dowse Discharged.**

Kenosha.—On motion of District Attorney F. V. Baker, Judge Belden dismissed the case against John Dowse, one of the best known Republican politicians in the country, who had been arrested on complaint of Bertha Rousseau, a 14-year-old girl.

**Taken to Milwaukee.**

Portage.—The remains of Engineer Fred J. Good, killed in a Milwaukee road locomotive explosion here, were taken to Milwaukee for burial.

### $250,000 FIRE AT FOND DU LAC.

**Three Principal Churches of Wisconsin City Are Burned.**

Fond du Lac.—The destruction by fire of three of the principal churches, an automobile garage and seven automobiles, the residence of former Mayor Mayham, and a large number of roof fires entailed a loss estimated at $250,000, partially covered by insurance.

The principal losses are St. Joseph's Catholic church and parsonage, $100,000; Congregational church, $75,000; Crescent garage and seven automobiles, $35,000; St. Peter's Lutheran church, steeple, $7,000; Grant public school, $10,000; former Mayor Mayham's residence, $10,000.

The fire is said to have started from an explosion of gasoline in the Crescent garage. That building, with its valuable contents, was soon licked up and with the aid of a high wind the flames from the burning churches were blown over an area of ten blocks square, spreading fires to the roofs of many residences.

**Attacked Near Her Home.**

Sheboygan.—Gagged and chloroformed within a few feet of her doorstep, Jennie Valler, aged 23 years, was attacked by a tall, well-dressed man, who overpowered her by throwing red pepper into her eyes. He then placed a saturated cloth over the girl's face and almost choked her into insensibility. He dragged her into an alley, where she later awoke. No trace of her assailant has as yet been found.

**Freight Train Catches Fire.**

Wausaukee.—A train of 30 cars caught fire in three places while going through a burning forest 15 miles from here. A carload of logs was afire and had to be unloaded, the caboose was in flames, and even the wooden footboards on the sides of the locomotive were burning. Although there has been no rain here for several weeks the greatest danger from fires was over.

**Child Burned to Death.**

Chippewa Falls.—Elsinor Martenson, aged three years, was burned to death in her father's barn, three miles from the city. She and her five-year-old brother had been playing with matches and after a fire was set the brother left her to go for assistance. The mother was the only other person at home and she tried in vain to save the child.

**Outing Party Near Death.**

Manitowoc.—Explosion of a quantity of gasoline which had escaped from an open valve into the bottom of the boat endangered the lives of a launch party of two men and five girls. Adolph Cherney, Misses Mae Fitzgerald and Geraldine Cavanaugh were seriously burned as a result.

**Both Seriously Injured.**

Racine.—In a collision between a runaway horse and wagon and an electric car on High street, Frank Farley, aged 40 years, and Hans Jacobsen, aged 25 years, both farmers, were thrown to the street and badly hurt. Farley has a fractured skull and Jacobsen sustained concussion of the brain.

**Sue Road for $27,000.**

Green Bay.—Two damage actions against the Milwaukee railroad, aggregating $27,000, have been started. Jay Parkinson, an engineer, and John Zeratsky, a brakeman, are suing for $12,000 and $15,000 respectively. Both were injured in the same wreck at Hilbert last fall.

**Motorman Saves Life.**

Waukesha.—An east-bound interurban car on the Watertown line crashed into a wagon and double team owned by John Vass. One horse was killed and the wagon demolished. The driver of the team, named Dock, was saved by the motorman grasping him by the collar.

**May Locate in Green Bay.**

Green Bay.—The Everett Clark Seed Company may locate here. A deal is pending for the purchase of a tract of land 460x50 feet, where a four-story concrete building will be erected for storage of seeds.

**School Burns.**

Marlette.—The Newton district school was destroyed by fire, believed to have been of an incendiary character. The loss on the building was $750, with $400 insurance.

**Auto Club Formed.**

Monroe.—An automobile club has been organized here with charter membership of 20.

**Stiles in Danger.**

Oconto.—Forest fires at Stiles got into the Eldred lumber yards and the town was in great danger. Flat cars of the Northwestern were burning and the wind was blowing a gale.

**Bites Child in Face.**

Waukesha.—The two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Morris of Wales, while at the home of a neighbor, was attacked by a vicious dog and severely bitten four times in the face.

**Charge Assaulted Step-Daughter.**

Cumberland.—Louis Chlodo, a saloon-keeper, was arrested charged with criminal assault upon Mary Vignone, his step-daughter, a child of 13 years. His preliminary examination will take place October 9, and he was released on furnishing bail for $3,000.

**Attempt Assault on Child.**

Eau Claire.—Burney Briggs was sentenced to state prison after having attempted an assault on an eight-year-old girl.

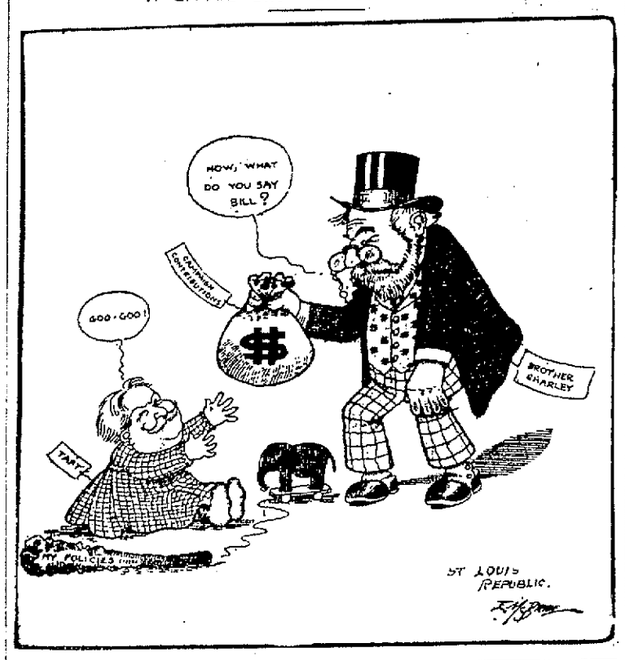
**Confesses to Assault.**

Hudson.—Jacob Martinson, who is alleged to have criminally assaulted Mrs. Toger Halverson, aged 70 years, at Deer Park, from the effects of which the woman died, was captured at a lodging house in the woods near Weyerhauser. Martinson confessed his guilt.

**New London Residents Alarmed.**

New London.—A forest fire started in the marsh west of the city and approached the city limits, causing some alarm.

A LITTLE BROTHER OF THE RICH."




## ROBBERY TO GO ON

**REPUBLICANS HAVE NO IDEA OF REDUCING TARIFF RATES.**

**That Plank In Platform Was Intended to Deceive Voters Is Proved by Exultation of the American Economist.**

All that was needed to prove that the Republican tariff plank is a delusion and a snare, as far as the tariff reformers are concerned, was the commendation of the American Economist, the high tariff organ. This it now has. The Economist is fairly jubilant over the victory won in behalf of extreme protection. "The Republican party," it says, "in national convention assembled, has declared anew for the policy of protection—protection that shall be adequate—and has rejected the demands of the tariff agitators for a revision of the tariff downwards." Which, of course, means that the party has declared, either in favor of leaving the tariff as it is, or of revising it upward. We quote from the Economist, which, be it remembered, is the uncompromising champion of Dingleyism:

"The free traders and advocates of tariff revision downward will not find a word or syllable in this tariff plank that tends to furnish them the slightest crumb of comfort. There is no promise in the platform of tariff revision downward. . . . After full consideration of the whole subject the Republican party in convention assembled did not declare for revision of the tariff downward, nor did it give the slightest intimation that the belief is entertained by the great body of Republicans throughout the land that the tariff rates of the Dingley law are too high."

Even the maximum and minimum tariff plan which is advocated contemplates, according to the Economist, making the present rates—or other "adequately protective rates"—the minimum, and the imposition of still higher rates to force fair treatment from other nations. We do not often find ourselves in agreement with the Economist. But it seems to us that what it says about the amazing plank adopted at Chicago is true. Every one knows that there are hundreds of thousands of Republicans all over the country demanding tariff revision in the direction of lower rates. When the convention met it knew just what this demand was, just what it meant. It knew that it could not be silent on the tariff question, knew that it could not refuse to pretend to promise a real revision.

And yet this convention put itself on record as favoring sufficient protection to put our manufacturers absolutely on a level with those of other lands, and then to give them "a reasonable profit" besides. This can mean nothing else than what the Economist says it means. It is no promise of revision downward. The proposition is not to equalize conditions here and abroad, not to make up to our manufacturers the excess of the wages they are supposed to pay over those abroad, not to help them out in the matter of raw material, but after having done all these things, after having removed every obstacle, and taken off every handicap, we are to tax ourselves to give the manufacturers—such as the steel trust—"a reasonable profit." So it is a great victory for the standpatters. The Economist is quite right. For once it is absolutely right. The party has thrown itself into the arms of the standpatters. Taking this plank in connection with the refusal of the convention to demand publicity for campaign contributions, and also in connection with the great activity of the agents of the steel trust at Chicago, it is hard to see how any tariff reformer can get much hope from the tariff plank of the Republican platform. There is less comfort than ever to be got from it now that the American Economist, a besotted high tariff organ, has commended it with such touching enthusiasm.

**Cannon Properly Rebuked.**

To our minds it does not make the slightest difference how much property Mr. Bryan has accumulated. No one has so much as hinted that he has not honestly come by all he possesses. We are surprised, therefore, that Mr. Cannon should permit himself, in demagogic fashion, to seek to make an argument against Mr. Bryan because he has been successful as a speaker and writer, and by pen and voice has acquired a competency. But if he did think this a legitimate ground for criticism or attack, he ought at least to be sure of his facts and not to indulge in gross exaggeration or irresponsible gossip. Mr. Bryan was quite within his rights to answer specifically; quite within his rights also to apply the argumentum ad hominem and to call upon Mr. Cannon for similar frankness in regard to his own wealth.—Washington Star (Rep.).

Our Uncle Josephus Cannon is not in his dotage yet, but his incoherent mouthings against Bryan show indications of an old age more sour than green.

### ARGUMENTS THAT HAVE WEIGHT.

**Nine Cogent Reasons Why Taft Should Not Be Elected.**

Mr. Taft is pledged to carry out the financial policy of Theodore Roosevelt.

Roosevelt favors the currency policy which brought on the panics of 1873, 1893 and 1907.

Ever since the close of the civil war in 1865 the Republican party has been striving to drive out of circulation the United States legal-tender notes, and has put in their place the notes of national banks, which are not money, but a promise to pay money.

Mr. Taft is pledged to carry out the Roosevelt policy with regard to an elastic currency.

An elastic currency is one that expands and contracts at the will of those who control it. When it expands prices of stocks and commodities go up; when it contracts prices go down. This is the kind of currency that enables stock-gamblers to control the price of stocks.

No farmer, mechanic, laboring man, merchant or business man has ever asked for an elastic currency.

Roosevelt in his message to congress has asked for it. Although he said "we must not have inflation," he has inflated bank notes to the extent of $400,000,000, making the total at the time of the panic nearly $700,000,000. Yet he urged the passage of the Aldrich bill and finally signed the Vreeland bill, thus inflating the currency $500,000,000 more.

He has practically turned the United States treasury over to the stock gamblers—for before the late panic began Comptroller Ridgely reported that there was $210,000,000 of United States treasury funds in different national banks.

Shall we keep up this policy by voting for Taft?

**The Taft Campaign.**

The press bureau of the Republican campaign committee started in upon its work promptly, vigorously and, we are bound to say, artistically. The "literature" which it supplies is attractive, anecdotal, intimate and readable. But on the more serious lines it is hardly convincing even when it is entertaining.

Take, for instance, the matter of the southern vote. It is gravely predicted that Taft will break up the "solid south," and business men there are quoted as favoring Taft "because the south owes its prosperity to a Republican regime."

This is probably intended for encouragement here at the north. But the imagination of the Taft boomers does not go so far as to point out a single southern state that will give Taft an electoral vote. The solidity of the south will not be shaken.

The battle for the presidency is not to be fought in that section, but in the great and middle west, where the Bryan sentiment is surging over the land.

**East Against the West.**

The high tariff is the special privilege of the east against the west. It forces the west and the middle west to pay unduly high prices to the big factories, mills and foundries of the east. By guaranteeing exorbitant profits in the home market it enables the manufacturer to slaughter goods abroad. The foreign consumer reaps the benefits of low prices, and the American consumer is taxed for the foreign consumer's benefit.

The people demand a change and are ready to vote for whichever party will guarantee it. Remember the tariff, candidates, for on it hangs the issue.

**Duty of Democratic Voters.**

Democratic voters who earnestly desire the success of their party, because they believe its policies best for the country, should remember that much money is needed for the conduct of a great campaign, and should make it a part of their party duty to contribute to its expenses according to their means. There will be a great purification of politics when this course is adopted by the voters of all parties.

**A Key and the Open Door.**

Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, on the fortifications of which the United States will spend several million dollars, has long been known as the "Key to the Pacific." Our Japanese friends cannot be blamed if they detect some inconsistency in the American profession of an "open-door" policy on land and sea, and the expenditure of such sums upon a key and the maintenance of a fleet and other means for effectively closing the door. To be sure, we may know that it is only a defensive policy, to be utilized in the event of danger. But Japan may regard it from a different point of view.

Now that the Democrats have decided that Delaware is a debatable state the Republican national committee will not dare to keep Trust Magnate Du Pont at the head of the speakers' bureau and they'll be afraid to discharge him.

With the party united upon a thoroughly Democratic platform, and with an ideal combination of candidates, the Democracy enters the presidential contest deserving to win and with good prospects of winning.

# From the State Capital

**Items of Importance to Wisconsin People, Gleaned at Madison.**

Madison.—The supreme court declared as unconstitutional the Wisconsin eight-hour railroad telegraphers' law which was enacted at the 1907 session of the legislature. The law is declared unconstitutional on the theory that it is in conflict with the provisions of the federal constitution which clothes congress with the power to regulate interstate commerce and further on the theory that congress having already provided a law fixing the hours of railway telegraphers from 8 to 13 hours, it was not within the power of the state to enact a law which would in effect change these hours of labor. In effect the decision is one of the most far-reaching of the court as it practically prohibits the state enacting laws relating to the hours of labor on inter railroads as long as there is a federal statute in force.

**Are Given New Pastorates.**

Proceedings of the annual conference of the German Methodist church were concluded. The following appointments were announced at the close of the evening service:

Milwaukee district—A. C. Berg, district superintendent; Baraboo, W. F. Elske; Beaver Dam, J. L. Huppert; Bristol, W. F. Wagner; Burlington, C. F. Schellbase; Columbus, William W. Bowgge; Fort Atkinson, A. F. Ludwig; Kenosha, P. H. Rech; Lowell and Portland, G. F. Dilling; Madison and Arena, J. A. Jandre; Milwaukee First church, W. J. Weber; Second, A. F. Fuerstenau; Third, H. Lemeke; Immanuel, A. C. Keyser; Fifth church, C. Hedler; Galena Street, Jacob Schott; Oconomowoc, F. F. R. Klensky; San Pedrio, Robert Drescher; Watertown, Henry Karnopp; West Bend, H. F. Schmidt; Kewaskum and Iron Ridge, Alfred H. Otto.

Appleton district—H. C. Loeppert, district superintendent; Algoma and Zion, Huppert Feldt; Almond, C. F. Henke; Appleton and Wrightstown, F. G. Ruff; Brillion and Schleswig, W. G. Schmidt; Chase and Abrams, Theodore Stelzer; Fond du Lac and Friendship, A. H. Koppler; Forest, Ludwig Jochum; Green Bay, Hugo Guenther; Kewaunee and Gibson, H. C. Sponholtz; Main and Rib Falls, J. J. Moor; Manitowoc and Newton, J. L. Menzner; Marinette and Menominee, Karl Krohn; Merrill and Pine River, W. F. Boyer; Marion and Wittenberg, Joseph Mueller; Oshkosh, H. J. Peters; Ripon and Rush Lake, A. M. Wieting; Sheboygan and Plymouth, Frank Hurdt; Stevens Point and Athens, Ahlton Held; Sturgeon Bay, F. A. Bosse; Wausau, G. H. Elske; Willow Creek, Clayton and Bovina, J. P. Brandt.

**Norton J. Field Dies on Birthday.**

Norton J. Field, veteran politician, Iron Brigade soldier, legislator and pioneer, is dead. He passed away suddenly in Milwaukee, the summons coming in the last hours of the anniversary of his seventieth birthday. "Nort" Field, as he was popularly known, was one of a fast-disappearing number of the old-school politician. His principal activities were in the days of Senator Matt H. Carpenter, "Boss" Keyes, Andrew E. Elmore and others with whom he was associated. He was a lifelong Republican, taking active part in party affairs at the close of the war of the rebellion, and continuing until his death. He was a personal friend of Abraham Lincoln, who once sent his son "Tad" from Washington to Racine, then Mr. Field's home, to spend his vacation.

**Soo Must Pay $21,000.**

The authority vested in the state railroad commission by the legislature creating that body was strengthened by the state supreme court Tuesday, when the case of the state ex rel. the Soo Railroad Company, against the state railroad commission was reversed, the high tribunal upholding the arguments made by the commission, appellant. The reversal in this case ultimately means that the Soo road must pay a fee of $21,000 for filing amendments to its articles of incorporation in the state of Wisconsin.

**Must Remain Single a Year.**

By decision of supreme court divorced persons in Wisconsin are prohibited from marrying again within one year and that any such marriage during such period after divorce is null and void. The decision was in connection with a divorcee who went to Michigan before the expiration of a year, married again and returned to Wisconsin. The court ruled that such marriage will not be recognized by the courts of Wisconsin.

**On Insurance Receipts.**

State Insurance Commissioner George E. Beedle said that the total receipts of his department so far for the current year exceeded those of any entire year prior to the present year. The total receipts for the current year aggregated $664,284.61, as against $663,723.98 for 1907, $820,438.68 for 1906, $572,778.95 for 1905, and $239,774.43 for 1898.

**Taft and Bryan Real Farmers.**

The Farmers' National congress at its session elected Judge W. H. Taft, William J. Bryan and the duke of Devonshire, England, honorary members of the organization. Judge Taft and Mr. Bryan addressed the congress and the duke of Devonshire showed President Cameron of the congress, many courtesies during the latter's visit to England. John M. Stahl of Chicago was re-elected legislative agent and Levi Morrison of Greenville, Pa., member of the board of trustees for three years.

**Next Reunion at Omro.**

The Twenty-first Regiment association selected Omro for the next annual reunion and chose the following officers:

President—E. D. Davis, Oshkosh.
First vice-president—A. W. Ballard, Omro.
Second vice-president—H. L. Bacon, Oshkosh.
Secretary-treasurer—J. H. Woodnorth, Waupaca.
Chaplain—W. R. Brown, Waupaca.

A picnic was held in connection with the Portage County Veterans' association, also in annual session here.

**Phone Companies Rebate.**

As a result of the order of the state railroad rate commission to telephone companies to report the number of telephones in use at discriminatory rates and requiring adjustment by October 1, two companies in Madison, the Wisconsin Telephone Company, the Bell and the Dane County Telephone Company have reported. The latter has 2,574 phones and the Bell has 2,312 in Madison. The amount of discrimination on Bell phones amounts to nearly $9,000 a year.

**Beedle Winner Over Abbott.**

The state board of election canvassers decided that George E. Beedle had been nominated as Republican candidate for state insurance commissioner and issued him a certificate of nomination. His opponent for nomination, James E. Abbott of Madison, said after the certificate had been issued that while he believed he had received more votes than Commissioner Beedle he would abide by the decision of the canvassers and would not contest their action in the courts. The board found that Beedle had received a total vote of 71,535 and Abbott a total vote of 71,487, the majority for Beedle being 48. The board received corrected returns from Portage, Sauk, Wood and Iowa counties. It had received corrected returns from several other counties previously. By the revised figures Abbott lost seven votes in Wood county, 11 in Sauk county and 20 in Green county. The votes in Sauk county were rejected because Abbott's name was misspelled. In Green county the vote for insurance commissioner in the Third ward of the city of Monroe was not returned to the county clerk and hence were not counted by the state board. Abbott gained five votes in Portage county. Beedle gained five in Richland, two in Sauk, and one in Pepin county. Commissioner Beedle is highly gratified over the outcome. Mr. Abbott said that he intended to be a candidate for the nomination two years from now and would get it by a majority so large that there could be no question about the result.

**Hill Pleads for Farm Schools.**

Judge W. H. Taft, Republican nominee for president, and James J. Hill, railroad builder and manager, were the features of the sessions of the twenty-eighth annual meeting of the Farmers' national congress, which was held in the state university gymnasium. Judge Taft spoke in the forenoon and Mr. Hill in the afternoon. At the forenoon meeting fully 5,000 persons were present, and many were turned away because the big hall was already full. In the afternoon the attendance was smaller. The congress was opened by President B. Cameron of Stagville, N. C., who introduced Bishop John H. White of Michigan City, Ind., who offered the invocation and made a short address in behalf of better educational facilities in the rural communities. Former Gov. W. D. Hoard of Fort Atkinson delivered an address of welcome in behalf of the state, Mayor J. C. Schubert in behalf of the city and President C. R. Van Hise in behalf of the university. Vice-President Joshua Strange of Marion, Ind., responded for the congress. Then came the address by Judge Taft. Mr. Hill spoke on the present state of the agricultural interest in this country; to the emergencies which ordinary foresight can distinguish in its near future; and to those remedies and improvements which knowledge suggests, and which are not merely experimental, but ascertained fact.

**To Drain 5,000 Acres.**

The University of Wisconsin's department of soils has made a preliminary survey of the marsh lands of the town of Rutland, midway between Stoughton and Oregon, with a view to the organization of a drainage district, for which a petition has been prepared. In a report by E. R. Jones of the college of agriculture, who made the sketch of the proposed drainage system, the fact is emphasized that the area contains some 5,000 acres of land with an average fall of six feet to the mile. The surface drainage could be accomplished by a main ditch and laterals at an approximate cost of five dollars an acre. Compared with the certain benefits accruing from such work, as demonstrated by previous experiments in marsh drainage in similar districts, the cost is extremely small.

**Asks National Mine Control.**

"The concentration of coal mines in the hands of half a dozen men who fix the prices to consumers to suit themselves must come to an end unless they decide to consider themselves the trustees of the nation," said President Van Hise of Wisconsin university, in an address before the Farmers' National congress. "Through our laws," he said, "we have allowed these great natural resources to pass into private hands, whereas they are proper subjects of governmental ownership and should be held in trust for all the people. If the corporations do not control them in the interests of the people, justice will demand that the government step in and regulate them."

**Entered 57,595 Acres.**

The land office has issued a statement showing the activity in public land in the state of Wisconsin during the year ending June 30. It shows that there were 1,251 entries entering 57,595 acres and the receipts were $27,778.

**May Extend Line to Algoma.**

Rumors were current that the Northwestern road will start work next spring on the extension of its lines north from Two Rivers to Kewaunee, Algoma and Sturgeon bay.

**Provides Forest Service.**

The Wisconsin & Northern railroad, which has its headquarters in Oshkosh, has let a contract for the extension of the road from Neopit, at the west line of the Menominee Indian reservation, to a point about two miles east of Phlox. Employment will be given a crew of men aggregating 600 persons. In addition to the main extension work, there will be carried along a spur line about three miles, diverging from the main track and extending in a southwesterly direction, in the vicinity of Mattoon.

**E. E. Finney at the Head.**

At the annual meeting of the Hardwood Lumbermen's association the officers and directors were re-elected:

President—E. E. Finney, Marshfield.
Vice-president—B. W. Davis, Phillips.
Secretary-treasurer—A. E. Beebe, McMillen.
Directors—H. C. Humphrey, Appleton; Thomas Wall, Oshkosh; B. F. McMillan, McMillan; George H. Lusk, Thorpe; E. E. Finney, Marshfield; Buy Nash, Shenagolden, and F. D. Timlin, Wausau.

A resolution condemned the proposed abandonment by the Milwaukee, Northwestern and Central railroads of the milling in transit rate.

# NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



The separator cannot be kept too clean.

If you are in the chicken business be alive and progressive.

When cream is not ripe for churning you will lose much of the butter fat.

To realize the best profit from dairy cows all the feed should be grown upon the farm.

Dairy show at Chicago, December 2 to 10. Remember the date and plan to attend.

Be sure the rungs on the ladder are safe before trusting yourself on them at any great height.

Cold fall rains will prove a sure robber of the sheep profits, if the animals are given no shelter.

If the wearing parts of the harness are kept clean it will last longer, as the dirt is gritty and hastens the wear upon the harness, besides making it dry and liable to crack.

A look over the pigstye fence of a neighboring farmer showed me that his bunch of half-grown pigs were almost too busy scratching for lice to feed properly. That kind of hog raising don't pay.

Do you know the size of your various fields, or do you merely guess at it? You ought to know exactly, not only that you may accurately estimate fertilizer needed for the land, but that you may know the crop yields.

Not a single apple should go to waste. What cannot be marketed, or used by the family should be gathered and fed to the stock. Rotting fruit left on the ground not only is a dead loss, but it insures a good insect pest crop for next season.

Keep the musty hay out of the dairy barn both as feed and as bedding, as the mustiness represents the existence of millions of minute spores of fungous growths. The spores get into the milk by way of the air and often cause bitter and other flavors. Sometimes also they produce growths in the milk that cause stringiness or thickening of the milk.

Rhubarb can be transplanted in the fall, although the best time to do this work is in the spring. Plow the ground thoroughly, then plow deep furrows four feet apart, and put manure in the furrows, placing the cuttings from the old roots upon the manure about 30 inches apart. A one-horse plow can be used in filling the trench and ridging over. Rhubarb thus planted will be ready for cutting a year from the following spring.

The matter of short or long period of milking of cows is a matter of habit. For this reason if during her first period of lactation she is milked regularly to within a few weeks of dropping her second calf, she accepts this as her destiny. On the contrary, if the milking period with first calf is limited to four months, it will be a difficult matter to overcome the inclination here as elsewhere, to follow in the old path. The only remedy is persistent milking even when but very little milk can be obtained.

Open sores or cuts upon horses should be washed regularly with some good antiseptic wash which can be made up with water and creolin or some of the coal tar products. Carbolic acid is also good, but many make the mistake of using it too strong and set up an irritation instead of keeping things normal. A good antiseptic wash kills the germs which form pus, keeps the flies off and allows Nature to heal the wound. A healthy horse will get over a bad cut in a surprisingly short time if the wound is merely kept clean and sanitary.

The automobile is finding its way upon the farm more and more, and one of the important features of every state fair is the automobile section. Here is what a western farmer says concerning the horseless carriage. He has one: We have owned and used an automobile since last November, and find it very useful and satisfactory in our business. It is a great saver in time, as well as the cheapest way to get about. The principal use to which we put the machine is as a runabout. But it could be used advantageously for several other purposes in farm work, and we conscientiously recommend one to any farmer who farms on a large scale.

Dr. B. T. Galloway of the department of agriculture pronounces the variety of wheat known as "Alaska" not a new variety, but one which has been known for many years in this country and Europe, and one which has been tried at several state experiment stations in the western United States during the past 15 years. But nowhere, he declares, have the yields been high enough to merit attention. The wheat has been grown to a very limited extent on certain heavy undrained soils in France for many years. In such locations it is said to yield rather better than ordinary wheat, but as it is one of the poorest wheats known for making flour, it is never grown where the ordinary varieties of wheat will thrive.

Wash out the feed troughs, clean the corners of the sour feed, and many a case of colic will be avoided.

Here is one man's secret for making hens lay in winter: About September he shuts them up and gives a very poor diet for a week or two. Then he lets them out and feeds all they can possibly eat. This forces the molting period, and before cold weather comes on they all have their new coat of feathers. Then they are ready for business and keep at it throughout the winter season.

Don't try to put in alfalfa seed when the ground is wet.

Careful cultivation brings the farmer crops, coin and resultant contentment.

Don't hang up the brush scythe until you have made a circuit of the fence corners.

Whitewash the stable, and if the horse gnaws the stalls paint the wood with tar.

Sore shoulders on horses are as often caused by rough and dirty collars as by those which are ill-fitting.

Bad neighbors are often the product of bad fences. Mend up and quit your fussing.

Cement floors in the hog pen are good if covered with plenty of good bedding.

The horse is made or marred by his first year. Start him right, and keep him going right if you would make horse raising pay.

One acre of turnips will provide feed for 25 to 30 sheep for three months. Did you grow any? A mistake if you did not.

The hired man has rights. Try to give him a square deal and he will appreciate it and generally do the square thing by you.

Don't worry over the thing you can't help and don't kill yourself trying to do what you have not time and strength to accomplish.

The reason a woman makes a success of poultry raising as a rule is because she is careful, watchful and mindful of all the small details.

Clean up the garden plot and burn up all the rubbish. This will make the place look more tidy and will destroy a host of insect pests and weed seeds.

Pluck off the smut balls from the corn and burn them. Corn smut spreads rapidly if the smut-balls are thrown on the manure pile and the manure spread on corn-fields. Never throw a smut-ball on the manure pile!

Dairy note from Life: "In the hot days of fly-time there are the usual kicks over the milk," and by way of illustration the cow is depicted kicking over the pail and incidentally the milker himself.

Experiment seems to prove that chicks grow faster upon soft mashes than upon dry grains. There seems to be least danger from bowel looseness when the dry grains only are fed, and it is very essential that the mash be dry enough to crumble in order to avoid that difficulty. Young chicks like the moist mash better than though it was not moistened and will eat more of it. There is no danger from the free use of the properly made mash twice a day, and being already ground the young birds can eat and digest more of it than when the food is all coarse.

Do you know how much it costs you to raise your calves? It would prove interesting and profitable for you to keep a record. Prof. Shaw of Michigan did so, and found that the Holstein calf used in the experiment the first year of its life 381 pounds of whole milk, 2,568 pounds of skim milk, 1,262 pounds of silage, 219 pounds of beet pulp, 1,254 pounds of hay, 1,247 pounds of grain, 147 pounds of roots, 14 pounds of alfalfa meal and 50 pounds of green corn. The grain ration consisted of three parts each of corn and oats and one part of bran and oil meal. At the end of the year the calf weighed 800 pounds at a cost of $28.56 for feed.

By the old pan process of raising cream in the summer time much of the butter fat is lost, as it fails to rise. The milk is soured by the time little more than half the cream contained in the milk has risen to the surface, and that which has already risen is soured beyond the point where it makes good butter. In the summer a hand separator is needed to get all the cream. In the winter one is needed to get the cream separated from the milk as quickly as possible that the milk may go to the calves or pigs with the animal heat still there. There is no season of the year when the hand separator is not just the machine to have on the dairy farm.

Bloody milk may be caused by a variety of conditions. Dr. Schroeder declares that some claim that the cow fighting flies, kicking and throwing the body to and fro, will tend to rupture the small blood vessels and thus cause the trouble. Others hold that the steady diet of green, succulent food and perhaps the derangement of the blood caused by certain weeds, bring on this trouble. The latter opinion the doctor is inclined to believe, for it has been his observation that many cases can be cured by changing the pasture or changing the feed. "We have cured cases of bloody milk," he goes on to say, "by giving sulphur and saltpeter mixed—half and half in the feed. Whether or not this is a sure cure I can not say, but it might be worth trying."

The proper temperature for churning is the lowest temperature which can be used and produce proper granules within a reasonable time. A reasonable time is from thirty to forty-five minutes, and fifty minutes or an hour is not too long. The colder the temperature, the better the granules and the less fat lost. The real churning temperature is the temperature at which the butter breaks. This is from two to four degrees higher than the starting temperature, from the friction of the machine. If the granules form in less than 25 minutes, you may be certain that the temperature was higher than it should have been. If the butter comes in 35 minutes or less, a large amount of fat is lost in the buttermilk and the butter will be soft and greasy in texture. Ordinarily from 56 degrees to 60 degrees is about the right temperature.

Generally cows that consume the most food, produce milk and cream at the lowest rate.

The Nebraska station after a series of experiments has demonstrated that the farmers of that state can produce pork at $2.43 to $4.13 per 100 pounds, depending on the price of corn. With 30-cent corn and good alfalfa pasture pork can be produced at $2.43 per 100 pounds. With corn at 56 cents per bushel, when fed with alfalfa, pork can be made at $4.13 per 100 pounds.

# TRAGIC STORY OF DR. RUSTIN

## *Happening in Modern Life That Pales the Wildest Fiction Ever Evolved from Brain of Novelist*

**All the weirdness of fiction has been outdone by the wonderful case of Dr. Frederick T. Rustin, an Omaha physician and former Yale athlete, who was shot down on his own veranda as a result of a triple suicide pact in which the woman he loved was to be one of the participants. Here is a true story of the case in chapters. It is one that surpasses all the inventions of the most cunning mind.**

Omaha, Neb.—Most coolly and calmly Mrs. Abbie B. Rice, the "woman in the case" in the Rustin murder mystery, said that Dr. Rustin had trained her up to the point of killing him, first familiarizing her with hospital scenes and then by working on the hero worship and sympathy in her nature had gradually worked toward the point where she could fire the shot which would kill him. Books of fiction in which one man died for another, and books in which great sacrifices were made for friendship's sake were read by Dr. Rustin to Mrs. Rice and commented upon by him until the woman saw the killing of Rustin by herself in a kind of a halo.

"For weeks and weeks Dr. Rustin trained me to murder him," said Mrs. Rice. "First, he trained me to the sight of bloodshed. He used to take me around with him when he performed operations. On these trips I dressed as a nurse in clothing he furnished me. Gradually I got used to seeing the operations, and there was no more nausea on my part. In time an operation did not affect me in the least.

**"Nobleness and Self Sacrifice."**

"After I became well advanced in that portion of his plan, Dr. Rustin began talking to me about the nobleness of self sacrifice. Books in which one friend sacrificed his life for another were read to me by the doctor, and their beauties pointed out to me. 'A Tale of Two Cities' was one of his favorites, and he read that to me a number of times. The character of Sydney Carton was eulogized and praised and seemed to be his favorite character in fiction.

"In this way he trained my mind, and when he suggested to me that I kill him, the idea was not as horrible as it would have been had my mind not been prepared by the training through which I had passed. In fact the suggestion seemed to come as a matter of course and was not near so horrible as it undoubtedly seems to an outsider, that is, to one who hears it for the first time.

"The doctor had determined to die. He had told me that so often that I had begun to look upon his death as a matter of course and the fact that he could not commit suicide without his family losing his life insurance was also impressed upon me.

"'I guess I'll have to get some one to kill me,' said Dr. Rustin one night after we had been talking about his death.

"That was all he said then. Some time later he made the same statement—'I guess I'll have to get some one to kill me.'

"'If you die, I'll die, too,' I said.

"That seemed to please him, and still again he said to me, 'I guess I'll have to get some one to kill me.'

"But at the last minute I found that I could not do it. The training had not been complete, and I failed him."

**Insurance Men in Case.**

The insurance companies have taken a hand in the murder mystery, and three different companies filed petitions in the district court asking that the testimony of both Charles Davis and Mrs. Rice be perpetuated. A list of questions which was attached to the petition is proposed to Davis and Mrs. Rice, the questions covering practically the same ground as that covered at the inquest. The purpose is to have the testimony of these two witnesses in proper legal form to present as evidence in case either should leave the jurisdiction of the Omaha courts.

The insurance companies signing the petition are the Aetna Life of Hartford, which had a $10,000 policy on Rustin's life, and the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, and the Employers' Liability of London. Each of the latter companies have $5,000 on Rustin's life.

In each policy is a clause declaring void the insurance in case the insured died of intoxicants or while under the influence of intoxicants.

Here is the story told in detail:

### CHAPTER I.

A mansion on the fashionable street in Omaha was ablaze with lights. The street in front was crowded with carriages. Others were dashing up and leaving. Handsomely dressed women were being assisted up the steps. The sound of the music and the gay conversation floated out to the street.

"Big doings," said one cabby to another.

"Bet your life," agreed his friend, "but I'm glad to see it. "Doc Rustin's a fine fellow. He'll make a good husband for any girl. That fellow is a comer, all right. He is a good fellow, you bet."

And so he was. Almost anybody in Omaha asked casually that night would have told the questioner that Dr. Frederick T. Rustin, ex-Yale athlete, good fellow and one of the rising young surgeons in the west, was a man of whom Omaha was proud. And they were glad to see him marry a leading society girl. It insured him a fine practice, and if he would only stick to business in a few years he would be rich.

A few years after that night Dr. Rustin, established with his wife in a little home of their own, had started in to justify the expectations of his friends. Two children were born, and by that time the young surgeon had become known as one of the best men in his profession throughout the entire west. Only 34 years old, happily married and rapidly becoming wealthy, the young doctor apparently had everything to live for.

And then, suddenly, his friends began to notice a slight change.

### CHAPTER II.

It was so subtle at first that his friends did not know what to make of it. They first noticed the difference after he had lost a particularly trying case. The doctor could not explain. He became depressed.

"Fred's losing his nerve," his friends said, and in a few weeks the secret was out. Not only was the young doctor losing his nerve, but he had taken to drink.

Rustin saw his practice go; he saw financial ruin staring him in the face.

Long the doctor thought, and then he took a mysterious trip to Chicago. Professional business, he pleaded. But on his return he showed to several intimate friends two little vials and he told them in deepest confidence that one vial contained the germs of typhoid fever and the other germs of tetanus.

A few days after that the doctor complained to his wife that he had been bitten by a dog while on a night visit to a patient. He told her that he had cauterized the wound, but bad results might follow. The next day, to make matters worse, he was taken down with typhoid fever.

### CHAPTER III.

Mrs. Rustin was heart-broken, but she knew what to do. The idea that the cause of her husband's troubles might be himself never entered her head. Day and night she nursed him, and even when his brother physicians gave up hope the wife held on.

"He shall not die," she told the doctors. "I will save him."

Once well, for a while he tried to work and get back his practice, but the effort seemed to do little good. He made money, but the good-fellow instinct was too strongly developed. All that he had went, and more, too, in the gay life about town and with evil companionships.

And just at this stage there came into his life the other woman.

The wife to whom he owed allegiance was forgotten. The new woman held him in a vise. And then the money went faster than ever and the debts piled higher.

### CHAPTER IV.

People had begun to say "What a pity it is about young Rustin." His actions were common gossip and his reputation as a surgeon was blackened. People did not want a man who might come to them with shaking hands and unsteady nerves. And again the idea which had led him to inoculate himself with typhoid and tetanus germs forced itself into his mind. But his two attempts had failed—and still there was the clause in his insurance policy forbidding suicide. He must die by the hand of some one else. Into the half-crazed mind of the physician there slipped as shrewd and diabolical an idea as anyone had ever known.

"Do you love me?" he asked Abbie Rice.

"You know I do," she responded.

"Then if you love me, kill me," calmly suggested the physician.

The woman shrank back in horror.

"I will live for you, but I will not kill you," she told him.

"If you love me as you say, kill yourself afterward. I will arrange that, but you must not kill yourself so as to make any scandal. I want to spare my wife as much of that as possible."

The woman pleaded with him, but he was obdurate. He was drinking heavily and taking drugs, too, so he was not responsible for what he did.

"I'm going to kill myself," he declared bluntly, "but I have to have some one to do it. Now it is you or some one else."

### CHAPTER V.

Then Abbie Rice consented. Together they went to a pawnshop and purchased a pistol. They had planned first to do the deed in the office of the doctor, but he was afraid that she would not be able to get away, so they went to the apartment where he had installed her. He loaded the pistol, cocked it, but in his eagerness drew the hammer so far back that he broke the spring. There was no other way of dying at hand. The killing had to be postponed.

For a week after that first attempt at suicide Dr. Rustin and Abbie Rice lived a life of wildest dissipation. They had gone to Council Bluffs and there had the pistol fixed, but the woman hoped that he had abandoned his plan of death. But at the end of the week he was back at his old plan.

She had given her consent, so there was no drawing back. Together, late at night, they went to his office. He showed her where he wanted her to fire the bullet into him.

"When I have fallen," he said, "you must slip away from the house. Get on a car, go to the end of the line, take out the empty cartridge from the pistol and throw it away. Then put in a fresh cartridge and shoot yourself."

"I cannot," she sobbed. "I cannot. I love you and I cannot kill you."

### CHAPTER VI.

A wave of rage swept over Rustin. He stepped forward, caught the woman and shook her.

"You have got to do it. You said you would, and you have got to do it!" he cried fiercely.

She tried to plead, to argue, but it was no use.

"I have got to die for the sake of my wife and children. You have agreed to kill me. Now you must do it."

"I cannot," she sobbed. "I would only lose my nerve again."

The doctor thought. "All right," he said. "I will go out to the barn. You come around the back way. I will stand up and you will shoot me, and they will think that I was killed by a burglar."

Still protesting and half crying, he put her out of the house and started back himself for the barn. The woman started around toward the back, but when she reached the alleyway a man ran out of it, and again she lost her nerve. Jumping on a car, she started down-town.

### CHAPTER VII.

Three days later when Abbie Rice saw Dr. Rustin he greeted her gaily. "I have found the man to do it," he said. "His name is Charles Edward Davis and he wants to die, too. He will kill me if I will give him drugs with which he can kill himself. Come down to the office to meet him."

Abbie Rice accompanied the doctor to his office. A shaky, nervous wreck of a man was there waiting them. It was evident that he was on the verge of lunacy from shattered nerves. He could scarcely speak coherently. And there between these three the strangest suicide pact in the history of American crime was arranged. Davis was to do the killing, and for this service the doctor was to give him a bottle of chloride of gold and a bottle of morphine tablets. After shooting the doctor he was to take the morphine, and then next day when she heard the other's attempt had been successful Abbie Rice was to kill herself.

Ten minutes after the time that Dr. Rustin had left Abbie Rice at the corner Mrs. Rustin in her own room was awakened by a shot. She hurried downstairs to find her husband lying on the porch. He had been shot through the stomach.

"A man shot me," he said, and that was all the information they got.

In half an hour he was dead.

The next morning when it was learned that Dr. Rustin had been killed there was tremendous excitement in Omaha.

And following the first excitement came the news that one of Dr. Rustin's patients, Charles Edward Davis, brother of one of the leading bankers in the city, had attempted suicide.

The police arrested the woman with whom it was known Rustin had been friendly, Abbie Rice. She had no chance to carry out her part of the agreement, for they caught her early in the morning following the shooting.

For three days the police were in the air. Then somebody remarked so Abbie Rice could hear:

"The doctor's wife gets her insurance, anyhow."

And then the full story came out.

### CHAPTER VIII.

Charles E. Davis was leaving the police station where "the woman in the case" had told her tragic story—the story of the triple death pact. He looked gaunt and pale, and there were hollows under his eyes.

A policeman's hand fell upon his shoulder.

"You are arrested for murder in the first degree," were the words that met his ears.

Dr. J. P. Lord had named him before all the world as the man who was seen staggering away from the Ruskin home, half an hour after the fatal shot was fired.

"Make the bail as high as you wish. We will meet it," said he.

He was admitted to bail and left the court with staggering footsteps.

What will be the outcome of the strange triple murder pact? No man can tell.



**Weary of Life.**

Dr. Rustin becomes morbid from brooding over his troubles and takes to drink.




**The Forbidden Guest.**

The physician becomes infatuated with Mrs. Rice, entertains her while his wife is away and begins to lead a double life.



**The Volunteer.**

Davis, a victim of opiates, too, wants to die, and agrees to kill Dr. Rustin in return for enough poison to take his own life.



**Whose Hand?**

Dr. Rustin was killed on the veranda of his own home late at night. Davis arrested for the murder.



**MAKING THE DEATH COMPACT.**

## WHO MAY SECURE A HOMESTEAD

**Laws That Govern Settlement of the Public Lands.**

Under the homestead laws of the United States, a person who is not the owner of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory, who is a native born citizen of the United States, or has been naturalized, or declared his intention to become a naturalized citizen of the United States, who is over the age of 21 years or the head of a family, may make a homestead entry of not exceeding 160 acres of any of the unoccupied public lands of the United States.

A single woman 21 years of age or over has the right to make a homestead entry. Marriage after filing does not invalidate her claim, provided she continues to reside on it and makes proper improvements. A widow may make entry, but a married woman cannot enter land unless she has been deserted by her husband.

Soldiers and sailors, or, if dead, their widows and orphans, have the privilege of filing through an agent. All other applicants must make their filings in person. The period of service in the army up to four years is deducted from the required five years' residence.

**Swans Officially Marked.**

Of the swans on the upper Thames the London Times says: "Mr. T. Abnett of East Molesey, the king's swan master, on Saturday completed the marking of the young swans on the Thames between Southwark bridge and Henley. There are between 500 and 600 swans on the Thames and in the course of the swan marking about 200 cygnets were discovered, each of which had a mark placed on its beak to denote ownership. Those belonging to the king, who owns about a third of the swans on the Thames, have a diamond-shaped mark scratched on the upper beak with a knife. Those belonging to the Vintners and the Dyers companies, who own the other two-thirds, have been respectively marked. In November a number of these cygnets will be fattened for the king's table at Christmas."

## STORES OF NATURAL POWER.

**Wondrous Possibilities to Be Developed by Scientists.**

Wonderful as the advances in our knowledge and use of electricity have been in the last few years, there is reason to believe that we have yet hardly crossed the threshold of discovery in this direction. Hints of what is to come occasionally escape from the laboratories and studios of the men who are now pushing on the outposts of electrical science. These hints are calculated to take away the reader's breath.

Men of science have not yet settled the question of what electricity is, but every new discovery shows more and more plainly that, whatever it may be, there is hardly any natural phenomenon in which it does not play a more or less important part.

Sir Oliver Lodge thinks that electricity is a mode of manifestation of the ether, that strange medium which is supposed to pervade all space and to carry light from sun to planet and from star to star.

In an address to the Royal Society at London it was pointed out by Prof. Crookes that in our continued acquisition of knowledge as to electrical phenomena some marvelous possibilities are apparent. For instance, man is constantly searching for new and cheaper sources of energy by which he may drive his engines and carry on, in its fast multiplying forms, the work that civilization demands to have done. But men of science like Crookes have said that in a single cubic foot of the ether in which the earth is submerged 10,000 foot tons of energy—that is, force enough to lift 10,000 tons one foot, lie imprisoned, only awaiting the magic touch of science to be loosed for the service of man.

They tell us, also, that the latest researches give us reason to hope that these stores of power may actually be opened and drawn upon.

**Volcano Not Extinct.**

Mount Cameron, on the west coast of Africa long regarded as an extinct volcano, was found by a party of German explorers recently to be still alive and in danger of eruption.

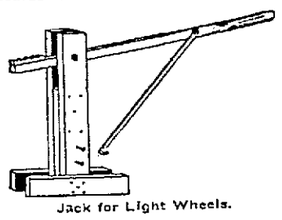
# ROAD AND FARM IMPROVEMENT

## JACK FOR BUGGY.

**Easily Made and Easy to Handle—Make One.**

To make the implement shown in the accompanying illustration use two pieces of oak 22x4x1 and one piece 15x4x1. Nail the smaller piece between the larger ones at one end. To the lower end nail two pieces of 12x4x1, one on each side of the three pieces already joined, for a supporting base.

Three inches from the top of the boards bore a half-inch hole. Take



**Jack for Light Wheels.**

another piece of wood 28x1x1½ and bore a hole in it seven inches from one end. Place it between the two boards and bolt with a 4-inch bolt.

Tack a notched piece of wood about five inches long to the short end of this lever. About eight inches from the other end fasten loosely a piece of strap-iron 19 inches long which has a hook on the opposite end. Drive two nails in the upright boards to regulate the height and, says Prairie Farmer, you have a convenient, light and inexpensive buggy jack.

## WHEN GARDENING PAYS.

**Many Truckers Make Mistake of Trying to Produce Too Much.**

A successful truck gardener has said: "Truck gardening pays well, only when not conducted on too large a scale." Many gardeners make this mistake every year which consists chiefly in producing perishable stuff of doubtful marketable qualities to the neglect of the more staple things. Feed stuff for stock and for the home use should claim a just share of the gardener's attention. So enthusiastic do some gardeners become at selling a certain kind of perishable product that everything else is overlooked and they use all their time and energy toward raising that one thing. Unless one is thoroughly familiar with his market, such a course as this should never be taken. The large profits often made in a lump are never so sure as the staple commodities; and if the "specializing" idea is engaged in at all, it should be followed along conservative lines.

The wise gardener, says the Journal of Agriculture, always sets aside certain portions of his land for the stable old cabbage, tomato and potato which will generally find some sort of a good price in the market. It is the unwise man that uses every acre he possesses for a crop which has only a chance to do well, and at that, to get the prices anticipated.

## FEEDING NEW OATS.

**Better Results Are Obtained When Mixed with Old Oats.**

As a general thing, horsemen prefer to feed old oats rather than new. This is not only true of oats, but of all kinds of grain as well. The reason for this is that new oats, as a rule, are not thoroughly dry, and consequently weigh more than the old grain, so that if they are purchased at the same price per bushel, the purchaser does not receive as much for his money. When fed to horses they are somewhat laxative in effect, and because of this have more or less of a serious influence on working horses. They also have a tendency to cause them to sweat freely. While this is true of oats every season, it is especially true this year, as the oats crop matured very slowly, and even after the crop was harvested, in many localities it was a very difficult matter to dry it properly. Where the crop has been threshed, the grain was frequently wet or damp, so that in many instances it never was dry.

Some farmers have been forced to use their new oats, on account of not having any old grain left over. But where both old and new oats are had, it is much better to mix and feed them together than to feed the old oats until they are all fed and then feed altogether from the new crop.

**Steamed Bone Meal Fertilizer.**

I prefer steamed bone meal to raw bone meal, partly because the steamed bone meal acts more quickly in the soil, and partly because, for its phosphorus content, the steamed bone is cheaper. The nitrogen contained in the raw bones is charged for at about 15 cents a pound, but by steaming the bones the nitrogen is largely removed in the form of glue, and the steamed bone is then sold almost wholly for its phosphorus content. Even steamed bone meal still contains some nitrogen, which is of course no objection to its use although it adds but very little to its real value for the ordinary farmer, as he can obtain nitrogen from the atmosphere at very small cost, by proper use of leguminous crops, if his soil is in suitable condition. Bone meal should be bought only on the basis of its phosphorus content.—Prof. Cyril G. Hopkins.

**Market Only Good Stuff.**

It is now a critical time for truckers and gardeners throughout the country to make radical changes in marketing their products. The entire population suffers loss from placing poor goods upon the market. If the growers and shippers of the California fruit crop were as careless about marketing their immense crops as the average middle-western gardener, that state would soon lost its enviable reputation as a fruit state.

**Use a Spreader.**

Don't spread the manure in the old way this fall unless it is absolutely necessary. There is only one reason for not having a manure spreader, and that is lack of money or credit.

**Breed Up.**

Perhaps you cannot help the quality of cows you have at the present time, but as you breed and raise new stock you can see to it that you breed and raise only the best.

Cowpea straw is an excellent roughage and nearly as valuable as the hay.

## RUTS IN THE ROAD.

**How the Work of Repairing Them Should Be Done.**

With earth roads there is a pronounced tendency to rut, and when ruts begin to appear on the surface, great care should be used in selecting new materials with which they should be immediately filled, says a bulletin of the department of agriculture. Every hole or rut in the roadway if not tamped full of some good material like that of which the road is constructed will become filled with water and will be made deeper and wider by each passing vehicle. A hole which could have been filled with a shovelful of material will soon need a cartful. The rut or hole to be repaired should be cleared of dust, mud or water, and just sufficient good fresh earth placed in it to be even with the surrounding surface after having been thoroughly consolidated with the pounder. Sod should not be placed on the surface, neither should the surface be ruined by throwing upon it the worn-out material from the gutters alongside. Ruts and holes should not be filled with stone nor gravel unless a considerable section is to be so treated, for if such material is dumped into the holes or ruts it does not wear uniformly with the rest of the road, but produces lumps and ridges and in many cases results in making two holes for every one repaired.

Reversible road machines are often used in drawing the material out of ditches to the center of the roadway, which is left there to be washed again into the ditches by the first heavy rain. A far more satisfactory method when the roadway is sufficiently high and where a heavy roller cannot be had, is to trim the shoulders and ridges off and smooth the surface with the machine. This work should begin in the center of the road, and the loose dirt should be gradually pushed to the ditches and finally shoved off the roadway or deposited where it will not be washed back into the ditches by rain.

## BUILDING CORN SHACKS.

**Little Care Only Is Necessary to Make Them Substantial.**

A little care in one or two points will enable one to make shocks that will stand and keep the corn in good condition. The tops of four hills pulled in and tied together form all the framework needed if the corn is set up firmly and evenly as it is cut. Just a little slant toward the center should be given the first armfuls put up, as the slope will increase all the time.

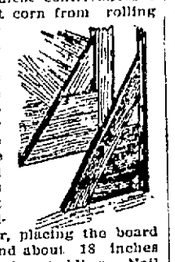
The corn should be put up all around the shocks as the work goes on, not one side built up and then another. Even when there is only one man at work he can by a little care prevent the leaning or twisting of the shock by piling too much against one side. When the corn is planted in drills the stalks for tying together should be far enough apart to make the frame about square, and any that may be between them should be cut out.

After the shock is put up tying must be attended to, says Farm and Home. Twine should be used for this, although cornstalks make a fair substitute when two men do the work and do it carefully. Put the band on near the top of the shock and draw it tight; that is all that is necessary.

## TO KEEP CORN FROM DOOR.

**Way You Can Fix the Corn Crib from Bothering.**

One of the handiest contrivances I know to prevent corn from rolling against the door and also make it possible to shovel at the same time is shown in the accompanying illustration. For this purpose use a board three feet in length and bevel the ends as indicated to fit against the studding and the floor, placing the board so that it will stand about 18 inches from the foot of the studding. Nail boards on these pieces to the height of about 18 inches from the floor.



To saw the bevels on the ends properly, explains Prairie Farmer, measure 16 inches from the top end and 6½ from the bottom and mark across the 11-inch board. Then use a plane for marking the angle.

## WHAT IS PHOSPHATE?

**And Why It Is Needed in Many Soils.**

Phosphorus, or phosphate, as it is commonly called, is one of the most essential elements of fertility. It is especially needed in forming the seed of all grain. Rock phosphate is composed of the remains of ancient fish, collected in some unknown way ages ago. It is needed on our western soils, because our yield of grain is constantly growing lighter. We must spend some thought and money to rebuild the elements of fertility we have been taking out for 60 years or more, says Hoard's Dairyman. As phosphate comes raw from the rock it is called "floats" and should be used in manure, where it will be subject to heat and ferment in order to make it yield up its phosphorus to the soil. This difficulty is overcome by treating the rock with sulphuric acid, which sets free the phosphoric acid at once. But the acid phosphate costs more.

## FARM NOTES.

It takes several generations of work to accomplish much in scientific beef production.

In many of our states, the boundaries of the farms at the sections lie in the middle of the road.

A study of the soil is one of the most profitable occupations in which the farmer can engage.

Value your hogs and cattle just as you do your machinery. If they are not profitable get rid of them.

Fall preparation of land makes it certain that the area desired can be prepared for the spring planted crops.

**The Art of Reading.**

There is one golden rule for saving the eyes while reading, and that is, never face the light. Let it fall, if possible, over your left shoulder. If your eyes are weak, give them a few moments' rest at intervals during a spell of reading.

**Origins of Plants.**

The origin of the egg plant is in India, that of the broad bean is unknown, as also that of the lentil, the pea, checkpea and haricot. The last named appears to have come originally from America.

## NO BATHTUB FOR HER.

**"New-Fangled Contrivance" Emphatically Failed to Win Approval.**

The French abhorrence of the bath a la nature is shared by many people, particularly one old woman up in an east Tennessee town. The town had just had a water system installed and the natives were "plutting with pride" at their bathrooms and equipment where one could perform his ablutions at will without waiting and longing for Saturday night.

This old woman was an exception to the rule. She made her home with her son, and his wife, according to the mother in law, was "allus a hankerin' after somephy' newfangled."

A neighbor, who had been in to inspect the improvements in the house, remarked to the old woman:

"Well, Mrs. X——, this will be a pleasure for you bath any time, night or day. You will certainly enjoy it—"

"That I won't," said the old woman, tartly. "I been a member of the church 50 year an' always lived honest an' upright. Git later one er them tubs? Me? Why, Sary Ellen, them things ain't decent!"

## YOUNGSTER AN APT PUPIL.

**Every Indication That Tommy would Be Successful Politician.**

The children, especially Tommy, were very much interested in the game of politics, and father was delighted with their precocity. The other day there was more than the usual whooping in the playroom, and their mother found the two smaller children assailing Tommy vigorously.

"What's the matter?" she asked.

"Tommy, what have you been doing?"

"Nawthin'. Only playing politics."

"Well, but what did you do to the children?"

"Just playing convention. We adopted the unit rule and I was chairman of the delegation. Then we introduced a resolution to decide whether they should take my apple or I should take theirs."

"Well?"

"I cast the vote of the delegation."

## REASON FOR EXERCISING.



"Are you trainin' for a race, Jimmie?"

"Naw, we're goin' to have meat for dinner to-day an' I'm gettin' up an appetite."

## TESTING PAINT.

Property owners should know how to prove the purity and quality of white lead, the most important paint ingredient, before paying for it. To all who write, National Lead Co., the largest manufacturers of pure white lead, send a free outfit with which to make a simple and sure test of white lead, and also a free book about paint. Their address is Woodbridge Bldg., New York City.

**His Mind Was Made Up.**

It was during a trial in an Alabama city more than 20 years ago that one of the jurors suddenly rose from his seat and precipitately fled from the courtroom. He was arrested in his flight before he had left the building, and brought back.

"What do you mean by running off in that way?" asked the judge, who knew the man to be a simple, honest farmer.

"It's like this, your honor," said the man, earnestly. "When Mr. Hobbs finished talking my mind was all clear, but when Mr. Clayton began I was all confused again, and I said to myself: 'I'd better leave at once, and stay away till he's done,' for to tell the truth, I didn't like the way the argument was going, your honor."—Youth's Companion.

**He Could Not Read It.**

While visiting in a small town in Connecticut, seven miles from the railroad station, I received occasionally a postal card from my fiance, written in a kind of shorthand of our own. One day when a cousin was going to the post office I asked her to inquire if there was anything for me. She returned, saying there was nothing. The next day she made the same inquiry, when the postmaster showed her a postal card addressed to me and said: "Em, can you read this?" She said "No." Thereupon he said: "Neither can I, and I have been trying ever since yesterday." This illustrates the fact that curiosity is not confined to the fair sex.

**Aptly Defined.**

A woman in a town lying under the Rockies was much distressed at hearing a small clique in her town refer to themselves as the "smart set." She appealed to an ex-United States senator and asked him what he understood by the term "the smart set." He replied: "I think I can give you an inkling. In the eastern part of Colorado and the western part of Nebraska there is a large tract of land known as the 'rain belt.' It never rains there."

Hoax—"There's one thing that will give you the shake and yet stay right with you." Joax—"What can that be?" Hoax—"Chills and fever."

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Talk not of a good life, but let thy good life talk.—Schiller.

## GOOD ADVICE.



She—When you are gone I shall pine away.

He—O, spruce up

**Good English.**

A French lady living in America engaged a carpenter to do some work for her at a stipulated price. She was surprised later to find that he charged more than the price agreed upon. When she attempted to remonstrate with him, however, her English failed her and she said: "You are dearer to me now than when we were first engaged." Success.

Mugglns—"When your wife stops I suppose you forget all your troubles." Buggins—"I'm all my other troubles."


## *Truth and Quality*

appeal to the Well Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

## SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

**Positively cured by these Little Pills.**

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brentwood

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

## An Income for Life

Every man looks forward to the day when he may retire from the heat and battle of life and spend his declining years in the enjoyment of a substantial income. Just what does that mean? "A thousand millionaires," Mr. Rockefeller once answered when asked this question. "Why, I could name a thousand men who retired on a competence—not millionaires, but all men who retired on a competence—and they secured that, as a rule, through investing their savings in a mining corporation, which, as it grew and became established, made their stock enormously valuable. Suppose it grew to a million dollars, producing an income of $70,000 a year, simply by selling a part of your stock from time to time, as you needed it. Isn't that a competence?"

**A LIFE INCOME**

Send for particulars about the millionaire making Industries, Oil, Asphaltum and Rubber, to make investors participators under conditions which insure each participator a competence. We will send you no private prospectuses and information is only issued to those who write for it. Mention this paper and inclosing 10c in stamps for postage, etc., we will send you a handsome prospectus, written and illustrated in colors, containing just what you want to know. Send for it today.

PITTSBURG-SALT LAKE OIL CO.
Keystone Building, PITTSBURG, PA.

## HYGIENIC TOWEL

**Sanitary and a Marvelously Quick Dryer**

A towel which is more perfect in construction and more healthy in use cannot be imagined, and at the same time is economical in the highest degree. It is the towel that has ever been put before the public. The Hygienic possesses every good quality that is possible to be put in a towel. It is so constructed that it will absorb moisture quickly, drying the body with a minimum amount of rubbing, and is made of pure linen, and is absolutely odorless. It is made in four sizes:

18x30 10c apiece, 18x40 15c apiece,
20x44 35c apiece, 21x48 50c apiece.

Send for one or a pair for examination. Money returned if not satisfactory. Write directly to Mills, as we do not handle retail. THE HYGIENIC MILLS, the manufacturers, York and Howard Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE
PLANTEN'S TRADE MARK
C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES
DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF $1.00
H. PLANTEN & SON 63 MURRAY ST. BROOKLYN N.Y.

FOR SALE Stores fruit near Benson, Minn., on Soo Railroad; improved farms, new modern 10-room house, hardwood trimmed, open plumbing, town cottage, 4 rooms, two good wells, barn and out buildings, 160 acres, 100 tillable, pasture two years old, grain and berries. Neighborhood already formed. $16,000. Time-hard path. Lake view subdivision, Chicago. Box 610-255 La Salle Street, Chicago.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

KEEP your eye on Washington County. The best section in Oregon for farms, homes. Ideal climate, Good soil. Prices reasonable. Two electric lines, Portland, 17 miles away. Southern Pacific & Pacific Railway and Navigation Co. railways center. Buy now. Write for ticket to Hillsboro. Write today to Commercial Club, Hillsboro, Oregon.

We Have a large list of fine Iowa farms from 40 to 1000 acres, ranging in price from $40 to $100 per acre. Write us kind of farm and location you want. We can furnish it. Corn Belt Land & Loan Company, Des Moines, Ia.

OWING TO HEALTH of interested parties, we offer our business establishing five years for sale. Incorporated, now earning N.P. 10%. Employ ten persons and liberal salaries. Capacity, 150 dozen pairs per day. $7,500 will handle. Unincumbered real estate worth $5,000. Address City Broom & Brush Company, Kansas City, Kansas.

25% for your money if invested in honest, profitable proposition with Duncan Aviation Co. Mail one in 10 days, please help me take them out. Money back if not as represented. Chance of a life time, better write to-day. D. J. H. Burgin, Kansas, Ind.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

GOOD TIMBER INVESTMENT. A few shares of stock in a lumber business. Will pay from 20 to 50 per cent. annually. Box 1038, Seattle, Wash.

REAL ESTATE—Large tracts $2 per acre and up. Some small tracts. Want to exchange. Your last opportunity. Write, Box 7, Minneapolis, Minn.

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

Want a Job? Good pay. Write Rud Gross Chemists Specialty Co., Chicago.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
BACKACHE
DIABETES
1375 "Guaranteed"

A. N. K.—A (1908—40) 2250.



## Send For Free Catalogue

"How to Make Money Selling Goldfish." Makes business lively around your store when everything else fails. BIG profits and QUICK returns. Full line of aquarium supplies. Write to-day.

AUBURNDALE GOLDFISH COMPANY
51 North Peoria Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

# Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids. Wis., Oct. 7, '08

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months..... 75

**Advertising Rates.**—For display matter a flat rate of 10 cents an inch is charged. The columns in The Tribune are 24 inches long, making a one column advertisement cost $2.40 for one insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged will be published at 5 cents per line.


## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—
WILLIAM J. BRYAN

For Vice-President—
JOHN W. KERN

For Governor
J. A. AYLWARD

For Lieutenant Governor—
BURT WILLIAMS

For Secretary of State—
FRANK SCHUTZ

For Attorney General—
EVAN EANS

For State Treasurer—
GEORGE T. HESLIN

For Insurance Commissioner—
WILLIAM GUILLIAUME

For Representative in Congress—
WELLS M. RUGGLES

For Member of Assembly—
WM. E. WHEELAN

For District Attorney—
HENRY E. FITCH

For Register of Deeds—
WM. H. REEVES

For County Clerk—
FRANK LEUSCHEN

For County Treasurer—
FRANK STAHL

For Sheriff—
MICHAEL GRIFFIN

For Clerk of the Circuit Court—
COOLE G. COTEY

For Surveyor—
WM. F. CORCORAN

For Coroner—
M. M. LOCHNER

### The Postal Savings Bank.

There seems to be a diversity of opinion concerning the beauty and utility of having the government establish postal savings banks. Some are in favor of it and say that it is the only method by which the poor man's savings can be protected, while others are of the opinion that it will only be the means of taking a large amount of the currency of the country out of circulation, which will more than offset the losses that are now caused by bank failures and will be no better than having the money hidden away in an old stocking or under the floor.

It seems to us that a better solution of the problem would be the guaranteeing of the bank deposits by the state or federal government. Then the money would be in circulation just the same while the loss to the small depositor would not exist under any circumstances. The man who works for a small wage should have a safe place to put his savings. The smaller amount he has to save the more he wants it protected from loss, and were postal savings banks established there is no question but that a large number of the small savers would take advantage of the system to have a safe place for their money. The amount that each one would deposit would be small, but the aggregate would be large, and it would all be out of circulation. We do not think that the government need engage in the banking business to the extent of establishing postal savings banks. The present banking system is fairly good if this one thing of liability of loss were done away with. With the government guaranteeing the deposits there would be no liability of a run on the banks when hard times come on, and bankers would not be afraid to lend out their money, and the consequence would be that the hard times would be less stringent than they are now under the present system.

With the establishment of postal savings banks, many who now have their money in one of the local banks would, upon the first whisper of a panic, withdraw the money and deposit it with the government and thus hasten to bring about the very thing that we are trying to avoid. They might bring their money back to the banks after the scare was over and then again they might not. It would not make much difference as the greater part of the hard times had been done anyway.

Whether the government guaranteed bank deposits or not, we cannot see that it would be any great benefit to the people to establish postal savings banks, and it would certainly do great harm to the banks and bankers.

### Denounced Judge Taft.

In May, 1903, the Journal, official organ of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, had this to say of Judge Taft:

"Judge Taft's decision proclaims members of the B. of L. E. a band of conspirators.

"We cannot accept Judge Taft's decision in any other light than treason to republican institutions and the liberties of the people. It is, will be, and ought to be denounced and repudiated by all liberty-loving men."

### The Tribune for 25 Cents.

From the present time until the end of the campaign, the Grand Rapids Tribune and The Commoner will be sent to any address for 25 cents. The Tribune is the only English democratic paper published in Wood county. Send in 25 cents and your address, and the Tribune will be sent to you.

### A Perilous Experiment.

*Chicago Inter-Ocean Rep.*

It is a fact, and not a criticism that Mr. Taft today is suffering from too much Roosevelt.

Therefore the present effort to strengthen Mr. Taft solely as another Roosevelt, a Roosevelt II., a mere heir of a Roosevelt dynasty, is not likely to have exactly the effect desired by Mr. Taft's friends.

The American people undoubtedly are prejudiced against making a man president merely on one man's say-so. Much as they respect a president of the United States they hesitate to let him name his successor.

There is a feeling that Mr. Taft should stand occasionally on his own record, especially as that record is a good one.

To stand before the voters simply as another man's shadow, imitator, protege, executor, and heir, is not an inspiring attitude. It is not an attitude that inspires even the average Roosevelt man with aggressive loyalty to Mr. Taft.

Among the Republican voters who have not been ardent Roosevelt men, who regard McKinley as nearer their ideal than the present president—the effort to merge Mr. Taft entirely into the Roosevelt personality is producing even less satisfactory results.

It is a fact, and not a criticism, that a large body of Republican voters have not approved Mr. Roosevelt's characteristic policies. We do not refer here to the rich. They are too few to count in a national election.

We refer to men with annual incomes of $2,000 to $7,500 and their immediate friends and associates. These Republicans are not unionized. They do not assemble in conventions. They do not delegate Mr. Gompers or Mr. Low or Mr. Carnegie to issue proclamations for them.

Therefore they are forgotten. But they will cast more votes than Mr. Gompers will control. They will cast most of those silent votes that politicians are wont to fear.

This is a very large body of Republican voters—certainly 500,000 and probably 1,000,000—and to those Mr. Taft has still to prove his case—Mr. Taft himself and no other.

For those men it is no recommendation of Mr. Taft that he promises to be everything that Mr. Roosevelt has been and more of the same sort. They are not won by the statement that if elected Mr. Taft will give the country four years more of exactly what Mr. Roosevelt has given it.

They are repelled rather than attracted, by the reiterated declaration that Mr. Taft has no mission in public affairs save to be for everything that Mr. Roosevelt has been for and against everything that Mr. Roosevelt has been against.

Naturally, therefore, when Mr. Roosevelt comes forward with a statement to emphasize Mr. Roosevelt's complete political identity with Mr. Taft and Mr. Taft's complete political identity with Mr. Roosevelt, he puts this great body of 500,0000 to 1,000,000 Republican voters into a second state of mind that is much more undesirable from the Republican viewpoint, than their first.

Now, what does all this come to. That Mr. Taft carries all of Mr. Roosevelt's party weakness without possessing any of Mr. Roosevelt's personal strength and without accumulating any personal strength of his own.

Hence the apathy of which the Republican leaders complain. Hence the impossibility of curing that apathy by inducing Mr. Roosevelt to emphasize further the causes that brought the apathy about.

What the Republican party needs just now is more Taft and less Roosevelt. This, too, is stated as a fact and not criticism.

Let William H. Taft run as William H. Taft and not as a proxy for any man. Let him seek judgment on his own record and personality. There is no other way in which he can do justice to his candidacy.

The presidency of the United States is too great an office to be sought or filled vicariously. The effort thus to seek it and to fill it is a perilous experiment. It should be abandoned at once.

### As They See It.

The following table, compiled by three representative national committeemen is accepted as the frame-work upon which the democratic campaign will be woven, showing the number of electoral votes claimed, conceded and doubtful:

SURE DEMOCRATIC.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alabama | 11 | Nevada | 3 |
| Arkansas | 9 | North Carolina | 12 |
| Florida | 5 | Oklahoma | 7 |
| Georgia | 13 | South Carolina | 9 |
| Indiana | 15 | Tennessee | 12 |
| Kentucky | 13 | Texas | 18 |
| Louisiana | 9 | Virginia | 12 |
| Maryland | 8 | | |
| Mississippi | 10 | Total | 184 |
| Missouri | 18 | | |

SURE REPUBLICAN.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Connecticut | 7 | Rhode Island | 4 |
| Delaware | 3 | Pennsylvania | 34 |
| Idaho | 3 | Utah | 3 |
| Maine | 6 | Vermont | 4 |
| Massachusetts | 16 | Washington | 5 |
| Michigan | 14 | West Virginia | 7 |
| Minnesota | 11 | Wyoming | 3 |
| New Hampshire | 4 | | |
| New Jersey | 12 | Total | 140 |
| Oregon | 4 | | |

DOUBTFUL.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| California | 10 | New York | 39 |
| Colorado | 5 | North Dakota | 4 |
| Illinois | 27 | Ohio | 23 |
| Iowa | 13 | South Dakota | 4 |
| Kansas | 10 | Wisconsin | 13 |
| Montana | 3 | | |
| Nebraska | 8 | Total | 159 |

It will be a pretty good idea to cut this out and paste it in your day-book.

### Why Colds Are Dangerous.

Because you have contracted ordinary colds and recovered from them without treatment of any kind, do not for a moment imagine that colds are not dangerous. Everyone knows that pneumonia and chronic catarrh have their origin in a common cold. Consumption is not caused by a cold but the cold prepares the system for the reception and development of the germs that would not otherwise have found lodgment. It is the same with all infectious diseases. Diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles and whooping cough are much more likely to be contracted when the child has a cold. You will see from this that more real danger lurks in a cold than in any other of the common ailments. The easiest and quickest way to cure a cold is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The many remarkable cures effected by this preparation have made it a staple article of trade over a large part of the world. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

### Will it be a Tidal Wave

Crane is suddenly called on to take charge of the Republican campaign, superseding Hitchcock.

Taft, after vowing he would not do such an undignified thing as to go on the raging stump, has suddenly outlined a stumping tour which will take him into all corners of the country.

The Republican bosses in New York state are sore over the nomination of Hughes as governor, and are itching to destroy him.

Ohio is all torn up over the Foraker episode.

Indiana is split to pieces.

The president becomes active and embarks upon a letter-writing campaign in behalf of "my candidate."

Verily, the Republicans are scared.

And with the Democrats drawing strength from all classes—from the conservatives who wish stable government in accordance with the constitution and from the conservatives who wish a government free from corporate intermeddling—and with Mr. Bryan making a triumphant tour, the Democrats become more confident of success.

Mr. Bryan has never been stronger than he is today. The wave grows. It spreads over the land. From East and West, North and South the reports demonstrate his increasing force. This is not empty noise. It is a fact. It is a condition which nobody knows better than the Republican manager.

If the election were held today Bryan would win beyond the shadow of a doubt.

If the Bryan wave continues with its present impetus until election day, he will be carried into the presidency on a veritable tidal wave.—Louisville Courier Journal.

Since our governor fished and dined with Ike Stephenson, he has become one of the most pronounced and radical of stalwarts and standpatters. A few more outings like those he took during the recent primary's campaign, a few more trips on the yacht "Bonita," will convert him into a veritable Rockefeller. Once upon a time he was a weeping and wailing reformer mourning for the downtrodden and oppressed whose very lives were being crushed out by the juggernaut of wealth. Now he is Stephenson's companion, a despiser of LaFollette and LaFollettoism and all he and LaFollette ever stood for. What's caused James to metamorphose thusly? What dried up those briny tears he shed for the poor? Or rather what caused them to change their course from down his cheek to up it? Those trips on the Bonita; those fishing excursions, with colored chefs and millionaire entertainers; the dangling before his eyes of a gilded U. S. senatorship, political honors he never dreamed of: all hold out before his eager eyes. They were enough to turn the strongest mind. Yes, James has deserted the ranks of the reformers. No longer will he be heard singing the praises of LaFollette, McGovern, Eckern and Lenroot; no longer will he pause and hesitate before accepting an invitation to dine at the Pfister; no longer will he expostulate with recreant republicans who have shown a disposition to worship Mammon. His is a complete change of heart. With this change has come the magic gift of eloquence. He is a speaker now, an eloquent defender of the tariff. Blaine, McKinley, Webster, were but first reader declaimers, common "Old-Rover-was-the-finest-d o g-that-ever-ran-a-race," rhetoricism, in comparison. He is now a republican, one of the kind who believes he could live on the tariff if the crops failed. There is a place for him, a great big vacant one in the republican party. The ranks of the stand-patters are thin and need recruiting. He will fit in and there will be room to spare. Who will follow him? Who?—Madisonian.

Oconto Enterprise:—M. R. Buckstaff, a well known citizen of Oshkosh, and a popular traveling salesman for the American Varnish Company, was in Oconto Friday, and registered at the Beyer. Mr. Buckstaff is a brother of G. A. Buckstaff a former speaker of the Wisconsin Assembly, and while here discussed politics with a party of politicians at the establishment of the O. A. LaBudde Co. During the conversation Mr. Buckstaff took occasion to state that all the Buckstaff families, life-long Republicans, are now favoring the candidacy of William Jennings Bryan and will substantially support him at the polls in November. Mr. Buckstaff stated further that there are many other Republicans in Oshkosh whose sentiments are similar. He said in explanation of this change in politics, that Mr. Bryan's lecture delivered in the Sawdust City some time ago, which was listened to by the rank and file of both parties, was the cause. The talk created a permanent impression that will get Mr. Bryan many votes this fall from among the Republicans. According to Mr. Buckstaff, the better class of business men have lost their fear of Mr. Bryan and now are satisfied that he is sincere, clean and conservative enough to warrant their support. Mr. Buckstaff displayed much enthusiasm in his declarations for Mr. Bryan and his platform and enthused his hearers.

### REDUCED COLONIST RATES

—One-way tickets at special low rates on sale daily throughout September and October, from all points on The North Western Line to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and Puget Sound points.

Daily and personally conducted tours in tourist sleeping cars via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Line. Double berth only $7.00, through from Chicago. For full particulars write S. A. Hutchison, Manager, Tourist Dept., 212 Clark St., Chicago Ill., or address nearest ticket agent The North Western Line. 4t

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly, strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.

### SIGEL.

Balls are out for a big dance at John Wheir's hall, Monday October 14th. All are invited.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brostowitz of Hartford are visiting among their old neighbors this week, having come up to attend the wedding of their daughter, Katie to Mr. Mike Kohisiak.

Vincent Brostowitz is entertaining relatives from Milwaukee this week they being Jos. Kocsis, a police officer and Frank Brzejinski, an acting lieutenant in the Milwaukee Fire department. Both gentlemen are accompanied by their families.

A basket social was held at J. A. Larson's Saturday evening which was fairly well attended Everybody there reported a fine time.

Mr. Granfers was a business caller at Grand Rapids Saturday.

Mr. Pearson has just about finished his new house which now has a very ni e appearance.

We understand that the Carlson Bros. have bought a farm two miles south of Eau Claire and within the city limits of Altoona. We are informed by the boys that they intend to fix the same up for a truck and garden farm.

Eric Crunstedt and Leander Nordstrum and August Colman of Grand Rapids attended the basket social Saturday evening at J. A. Larson's.

Misses Floy and Birdie Berg were in your city Saturday.

Chas. Carlson was in Eau Claire on business last week.

A dance was held at the Yeske place Sunday night. A very pleasant time was had by all in attendance.

Miss Agda Lindstrum was in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Miss Ida Worlund, who has been employed in Grand Rapids for some time, is now at home.

Miss Anna Lumberg, who is going to school in the Rapids, was at home Sunday.

Miss Ella Henrikson is employed at the Rapids.

Miss Floy Berg attended teachers' institute at the Rapids Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Jens Larson and daughter Ida left last Saturday for Chicago where they will visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Moberg are staying at the Moberg home here.

Miss Agnes Lindstrum spent Sunday with her parents

Carl Hollstrum, who is employed at the Rapids, spent Sunday at home.

### VESPER.

Frank Heiser is completing the erection of a handsome barn on his farm in place of the one he lost recently by lightning. It is 38x75 in dimensions with fourteen foot posts and an underground stable. John Flimp has charge of the carpenter work and the structure is a credit to his ability as a successful barn builder.

The Vesper Bryan club held its regular meeting in the opera house on Saturday night and a good crowd was in attendance. Mr. Wheelan of Grand Rapids, candidate for the assembly, was booked as the speaker of the evening, but owing to a call from the city was unable to be present. Mr. L. M. Nash, ex-mayor of Grand Rapids, addressed the club in a very able manner and made a good impression on his hearers. A number of Bryan's speeches were also played on the phonograph and the evening was pleasantly spent, followed by a smoker. The next regular meeting of the club will be held on Friday night when another speaker will be present and the club members are invited to bring along their republican friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kissinger and Miss Jennie Weber of Stratford are spending a week at the Jacob Kissinger home.

### RUDOLPH.

Arhur Johnson, who is teaching in Dist. No. 4, spent Sunday with his mother who is in the hospital at Grand Rapids.

Frank Grant and wife of South Centralia were guests of Mrs. Grant's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Codere over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wells of Monroe were visiting with their daughter, Mrs. Andrew Sneater last week.

Mrs. Asa Bates has been quite sick at her father's home Peter Redmond last week but is somewhat better at this writing.

Little Bernard Rivers, who has been very sick with cholera, is somewhat better now.

Geo. Fountain has been staying with his uncle, Paul Fountain, while his sprained ankle is getting better.

Geo. has all kinds of misfortunes.

Miss Clara Jacoby visited over Sunday with her parents.

Miss Ada Fox returned to Dancy last Sunday where she will resume her duties as teacher there.

Misses Dora and Laura Johnson spent Sunday at home the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson.

Jorre Doughty returned on Tuesday from Fond du Lac where he had been for several days on business.

### REMINGTON.

W. H. Bowden is making great improvements in having a ditch dug through his marsh.

Mrs. Paul Damme, son and daughter were callers in Babcock Saturday.

Mrs. W. H. Bowden was a caller in Babcock Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Knudtson were callers at the McGlynn home Sunday.

Mrs. G. Ward and Mrs. C. Potter drove through Remington Sunday.

Mrs. E. Emmerson and children spent Sunday at her mother's home.

Paul Damme drove to Babcock Sunday.

All the teachers had Friday off to attend institute in Grand Rapids.

Barney and Frank James and Joe Summers drove through Remington Sunday.

Chicken season has opened up and the woods of Remington are just crowded with hunters.

Reinhard Damme spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Paul Damme and her children spent Sunday evening at the Casey home.

### BIRON

The teachers of our school attended the teachers' institute in your city Friday and Saturday. The many suggestions and much information received at an institute are well worth the loss of one day at school.

News is being received right along from Wallace Fobart who has been in Portland, Oregon for the past four months. He states that Robert Groscopf has also arrived there and they are enjoying themselves immensely. There is no place like Portland for them, it seems.

A surprise party was given on Selma Swanz Wednesday night. Her friend, Floy Rocheleau, extended the invitations and all that were present report a good time.

Little Mary Herron was on the sick list last week.

Miss Mary Porch of your city spent Sunday in this burg the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joe Klappa and family.

Miss Hazel DeMars, who has made her home with Mr. and Mrs. Steve Snyder for many years, is now staying with her grandma Schank.

Last Monday seems to have been a moving day in this place. Bart Gaffney moved his household goods into the house occupied by A. Akey and family, they having moved into the next house which was occupied by the Beck family. They in turn moved into the house left vacant by Mr. Gaffney. With all this moving we are glad to state that those people are all near neighbors yet.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Sweeney are wearing extraordinary broad smiles these days. When asked why they say they have a new baby boy at their house. Mother and babe are doing nicely.

### PITTSVILLE

John Werner is making a tour of the state of Washington to look over the country there. He will be away from here about two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs I. D. Beach of Elkhorn came Wednesday to become residents of Wood County. They have purchased the Ed Seyfort farm, about two miles west of here and are busy moving onto the same.

O. A. Ludewig returned from Chicago last Thursday with a 5-passenger Dolson automobile. It is a forty horse-power machine with four cylinder and shaft drive. Pittsville is now quite metropolitan with several automobiles.

Mrs. J. Mullin and Miss Mae C. Redmond, daughter of Mr. and Mrs J. C. Redmond who have been visiting here for some time, went to Rockford, Ill., Thursday to visit a few days before returning to their home in Los Angeles, Cal.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Austin a daughter, Monday, Sept. 28.

### NEKOOSA.

(From the Times.)

The Nekoosa Baseball association was re-organized at a meeting held in F. X. Grode's barber shop last Tuesday evening, the object being to keep up the organization continuously and raise as large a baseball fund between now and the next season as possible in order to secure a first class team. The following officers were chosen: President, A. R. Cowie: Vice President, Dr. Hugh F. Waters: Secretary, Siegfred Ree: Treasurer, F. X. Grode.

Rev. and Mrs. A. W. Cook left the first of the week for their new home at Mission Hill, South Dakota Their household goods were shipped on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Cook's many friends here wish them happiness in their new location.

Fred Gahl and family will move to Port Edwards next week to take up their residence permanently in a fine new house near the store of the Port Edwards Mercantile Co., of which Mr. Gahl is manager. Mr. and Mrs. Gahl have resided in Nekoosa for several years during which time Mr. Gahl was in charge of Wm. Hooper's store. O. L. Berger and family will occupy the Gahl residence here, while Dr. George Pomainville and family will move into the Berger residence.

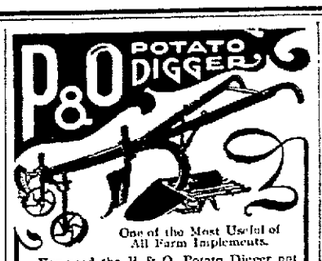
S. L. Pryne brought us three stalks of Wisconsin white dent corn last Friday that does not look much as though this region had been suffering with drought during the corn season. The stalks are over eight feet tall and bear five well filled ears of corn which compare favorably with corn raised around here last year.


**H. W. Kakaska**
AUTOMOBILE REPAIR SHOP
*In Krieger's Machine Shop*
West Side
General Repairing of all Kinds
I have had many years of experience in automobile repair work and guarantee satisfaction. My charges are very reasonable.
*Give Me A Trial Order*

**GREISBACH BROS.**
Successors to F. J. Moore
*General blacksmithing and Repairing of All Kinds.*
Nothing but High Grade Work.
Give Us a Trial

**Diarrhoea**
When you want a quick cure without any loss of time, and one that is followed by no bad results, use
**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy**
It never fails and is pleasant to take. It is equally valuable for children. It is famous for its cures over a large part of the civilized world.

**P & O POTATO DIGGER**



One of the Most Useful of All Farm Implements.

You need the P. & O. Potato Digger not only as a matter of economy, but for results. The potato digging season comes when help is scarce and expensive, at a time when they leave the farm for the winter's work in the towns. This is when you need labor-saving implements. At such times the P. & O. Potato Digger, on a 10-acre sized potato patch,

**Will Pay for Itself In a Single Day.**

One man with a team and this Digger will plow up more potatoes than a dozen men with hoes, and do it better, cleaner and more thoroughly. As this digger plows deep, it goes right under the hill, and turns up all the potatoes without cutting, bruising or loss.

The truck in front is adjustable either way, and holds the digger in line. The revolving fender prevents vines from clogging the beam. The shaker under the grate causes a continuous vibration that thoroughly sifts the potatoes from the soil, leaving them all exposed on the surface. The runners under the shaker carry the digger along evenly and smoothly, and prevents the jerking so common on other diggers, and makes them so hard to control. The P. & O. Potato Digger is the only one made with these runners. And last but not least, it is strong enough to last a lifetime.

It is a low-priced digger within the reach of every farmer, and you cannot afford to be without one. Now is the time to see about it. Ask you dealer for the **P. & O. Potato Digger**, and insist on getting it.

Write for Beautifully Illustrated Pamphlet No. 19, of interest to every farmer, and a P. & O. Catalog, which will be **Mailed Free.**

**Parlin & Orendorff Co.**
CANTON, ILLINOIS.
Largest and Oldest Permanently Established Plow Factory on Earth.

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Office in the Daly Block on the East Side Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Physician and Surgeon.
Telephone No. 92. Residence 'phone No. 2
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DR. D. A. TELFER,
Dentist.
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

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Best of work guaranteed. Call Telephone 239 or at the house 447 Third Ave. N.

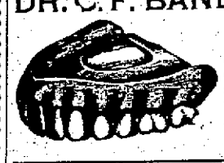
DR. E. L. GRAVES,
Dentist
Office in the MacKinnon Block.

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Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of the Ontario Vet'y. College of Toronto, Can. Special attention given to dentistry, lameness and surgery. All calls in or out of town given prompt attention. Telephone in office. Office and hospital on 2nd Street. Night calls at the Witter House.

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Office over Otto's drug store on west side.
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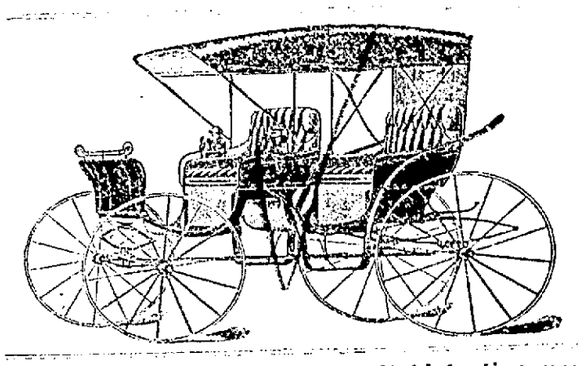
TOM FOLEY...
Dealer in
*Wines, Liquors and Cigars*
Call on Him if Wanting the Best on the Market.
*Located on Grand Ave., in Harvey Gee's Old Stand.*



VOTE FOR
HENRY E. FITCH
FOR
DISTRICT ATTORNEY
ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET
WOOD COUNTY

DEPOSIT
IN THE
SAVINGS BANK DEPT.
WOOD CO. NATIONAL BANK
Capital, Surplus, Shareholders' Liability
$290,000.00
*We Receive Any Amount From $1.00 Up*

BUGGIES - WAGONS



*Is there anything in the Vehicle line you can use? If so, we have it and it's yours at FALL PRICES.*

Velie, Staver and Durant Dort Buggies. The Famous Light Running Stoughton Wagons.

CENTRALIA HDW. CO.



NOW is The Time!
to get in your supply of
COAL
We are hauling a lot of it to our old customers and getting new ones every day. Don't be behind the procession, as we can supply you with anything you may want in this line. Better supply than ever before. *Call us up at phone 54 and your wants will receive prompt attention.*
Bossert Bros. & Co.

OUT OF THE WOODS



Came the Lumber. We are very particular about the grade of our
*LUMBER*
and nothing of inferior quality is ever permitted to enter our yard. If you are going to build or do any repairing be careful not to place your order until we have had a chance to give you an estimate. We are certain to give you satisfaction, both in quality and price.

PARKINSON-MARLING LUMBER COMPANY.
H. J. GIESE, Mgr. East Side Yard. Phone 377
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GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

If in Need of
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All Orders Receive Prompt Attention
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W. MELVIN RUCKLE, M. D.
Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Glasses fitted correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon Riverview hospital. Office in Wood county bank building.

See Ed Fahl
THE EAST SIDE HARDWARE MAN
If in need of anything in the line of
Farm Machinery
Also New and Second-Hand Buggies.
*Full Line of Gasoline Engine Supplies.*
Call on him if in need of anything in his line, his prices are right

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Hanson transacted business in
e on Tuesday.
es Hamilton transacted business
osan on Saturday.
F. King of Merrill spent several
e the city the past week.
Johnson of Sartell spent Sun-
the city visiting his mother.
Rossier of Plover spent Sunday
city visiting with his mother.
Mamie Langsdorf is visiting
ves in the northern part of the

Shea spent Sunday with
s near Babcock hunting
ons.
and Mrs. Chas. Karnitz of
nd spent Sunday with relatives
city.
Wm. Barney and son Guy vis-
ith relatives in Nekoosa several
ast week.
F. W. Genrich of Wausau
Grand Rapids visitor a few
ast week.
n E. Davis of New Rome visited
friends on Pleasant street the
of the week.
Chas. Carhart returned on
ay from a short visit with
ls in Phillips.
and Mrs. Aug. Buss have a
new girl baby at their home,
arrived on Sunday.
G Bereed, who is teaching
l at Dawesville, spent Sunday
his parents in the city.
s. George Payne departed on
lay morning for a weeks visit
her parents in Merrill.
ss Lizzie Fisher of Waupaca is
ling the week in the city visiting
e L. Zimmerman home.
y Waterman of Cedar Rapids,
has been a guest of his uncle,
Waterman the past week.
hn Dunlap of Menomonee, Mich.
ending a week in this city visit-
t the Johnson home on the west

azin Howell of Baltimore left
Thursday after a visit of two
s with Mr. and Mrs. F. Mac-
on.
ttorney P. W. Genrich of Wausau
in the city between trains Satur-
while on his way home from
ago.
Try H. W. Barker's Cough
ody if you want to cure that
ıt cough and sore throat. All
gists.
nx Sowinske spent Thursday and
ay at Wautoma, where he was
ing trombone with the band at
county fair.
r. D. Waters returned on Thurs-
from Canada where he had spent
eek visiting friends and relatives
is old home.
ssars. F. S. Wordworth, Dr.
gon, C. A. Pelot and Mr. Offelle
Pittsville were business visitors
the city on Friday.
Mrs. Lillian Packard of Crandon
nt several days in the city last
k visiting at the home of her
er, Mrs. Emil Clausen.
Walter Hulberg, watchmaker at
y's jewelry store, left last week
a visit at Minneapolis and other
nts, to be gone several days.
Thos. Goodwin of Chicago, who
chased the Julia Keough farm in
town of Grand Rapids, took pos-
ion last week, moving his family
o on Friday.
Dr. W. M. Ruckle returned on
sday morning from a short busi-
s trip to Chicago. Doc had the
asure of seeing the Sox beat Do-
it on Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thornburgh of
town of Saratoga were in the
y Thursday afternoon and evening,
ving come up to attend the Christian
lence lecture given in the opera
use on Thursday evening.
A number of the neighbors and
ends of Mr. and Mrs E. W. Ellis
ve that couple a surprise on Thurs-
y evening at their home on High
eet. The evening was spent in a
ost enjoyable manner by all in at-
ndance.
The following Grand Rapids people
ere among those who attended the
Wautoma fair last week Mr. and
rs. E. B Redford, T. A. Taylor,
G. Gazeley, Geo. Frechette,
rthur Sickles, Joe Wheir, Louis
unter and Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Boyce.
A. L Milner was called to Han-
bal last week by the death of his
nother. He accompanied the re-
ains to Spring Valley, Minn.,
here they were laid at rest
eside her husband, who passed away
bout a year ago.
Two men have been here during the
ast few days laying out the grounds
n the island for the Consolidated
eople. They are in the employ of
he Landscape Gardner Manning, who
s well known in this city, having
een called here on several occasions
or work of this sort.
A plank walk has been laid by the
ity on the south side of Vine street
etween Second and Third. It was
long time coming but will no doubt
e all the more appreciated by those
citizens who have tramped then sand
in dry weather and waded in the
mud during wet weather during the
past year.
The citizens of the thriving village
of Wild Rose are at present installing
an electric lighting plant. Chas.
Dougharty of this city, is doing all
of the wiring in the residences and
business places which will keep him
busy for some time. The people of
Wild Rose will find Mr. Dougharty a
first class workman and an honorable
man to do business with.
Walter Olson, who has been book-
keeper at the Johnson & Hill company
store during the past nine years, left
last Saturday for Chicago where he
will take up the study of medicine.
During the time Mr. Olson has been
with the Johnson & Hill company he
has not only gained the confidence of
his employers by the careful and
effluent manner in which he has done
his work, but he has also made many
friends among the people whom he
has met in the discharge of his
duties. The best wishes of his many
friends go with him in his new work.

M. H. Lynn of Nekoosa was in the city on Monday on business.

Miss Stella Dunn of New York is the guest of Miss MacKinnon.

Miss Mayme McBean of Canada is the guest of Miss MacKinnon.

Larry Ward of Babcock was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

Atty. W. E. Wheelan transacted legal business in Fond du Lac on Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. W. H. Cochran and daughter Mrs. Boglah Biron spent Saturday with friends in Wausau.

Harry Sanderson of Oconto returned on Monday after spending a week at the E. S. Renne home.

Dr. Boorman returned on Saturday from a visit with relatives in Madison and Milwaukee.

Mrs. L. Nick and Mrs. August Sator of Marshfield spent Sunday at the Chas Laramie home.

D. J. Sickelsteel of Stevens Point was in the city on Saturday attending to some legal business.

Charles Kohls of the town of Hansen was among the callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday.

Miss Cassie Mahoney returned on Saturday from an extended visit with relatives and friends in Phillips.

Mrs. Norbert Roemer returned home on Saturday from a visit with friends and relatives at West Bend.

Will Granger departed on Tuesday for Tomahawk where he will have charge of a potato warehouse this fall.

Mrs. Lee Schlafterer has moved to this city from Necedah and expects to make her home here in the future.

Miss Nellie Slattery of Rhinelander has been visiting friends and relatives in this city for some time past.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Boyce were at Wautoma last week where they took in the annual pumpkin show.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Nagolski are rejoicing over the arrivial of a boy baby at their home on Sunday.

Clark Hill the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Hill has been quite sick for several weeks past.

T. H. Thornton departed on Monday for Madison where he will attend the Baptist State Convention as a delegate.

Louis Gle purchased two lots the past week of Henry Pellorsell, which are located south of the Pellorsell residence.

Mrs. Albert Sagstetter, who has been spending a few weeks in the city, returned to her home at Wausau Thursday.

Louis Pahl of Chicago, who purchased the F. MacKinnon farm some time ago, moved his family thereon last week.

Mrs. Mary McGregor of Ripon, who has been the guest of her brother, James Gibson, returned to her home on Tuesday.

The Elks held a social dance at their hall on Friday evening. The crowd in attendance was small but a good time was had by all.

Hugh Guggins, who is attending Ripon college, arrived home last Monday evening to nurse a bad cold from which he is suffering.

Attorney J. C. Davis of Radisson was in the city several days last week attending to some business matters. He was joined here by Mrs. Davis on Saturday.

Frank Weeks of the town of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Weeks reports that he sold a 40 acre tract of land to Jos. Cooter last week.

An alarm of fire was turned in on Monday afternoon caused by a small blaze in the old building used as a tool house by the Consolinated people. It was extinguished without much trouble or loss.

On account of the convention at Madison this week the Ladies Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church has been postponed until Tuesday, Oct. 13, when they will meet with Mrs. M. H. Jackson.

The ladies of St. Katherine's Guild will hold a harvest supper at the Guild hall on Thursday evening, Oct. 8th, to which a cordial invitation is extended to the public. They promise a good supper, all for the sum of thirty cents.

W. C. Cox of Milwaukee, prohibition candidate for governor, was in the city on Thursday and gave a talk at the Methodist church that evening. Owing to the other attractions that evening the meeting was not as largely attended, as it might otherwise have been.

The Hon. Isaac Stephenson is not going to give the public the items nor the gross amount of what it cost him to get the nomination for United States Senator. He doesn't say why, but we suppose it is so much that he is ashamed of it. Well we do not blame him, it certainly isn't anything to be proud of.

Willie Kuehl was quite badly hurt on Saturday by being run over by a farm wagon. The little fellow was standing on the side of the wagon when the horses started up suddenly and he was thrown to the ground, one of the wheels passing over his head and inflicting a bad scalp wound. Dr. Looze was summoned who dressed the boy's hurts and he has since been getting along all right.

Private advices from Arthur Rapp are to the effect that that young gentleman was married last week in St. Louis. Arthur did not say that he contemplated anything of the kind when he left here, but his many friends will wish him success in his venture just the same, and probably accord him a rousing welcome if he will only let them know when he intends to return here.

Henry Eckerman paid a fine of five dollars in Justice Fritzsinger's court on Monday morning for discharging firearms within the city limits. Henry was on his way hunting Sunday morning, and when in front of G. A. Cortivean's residence his companions dared him to take a shot at some doves that were feeding along the road. Henry is a good shot and landed two of the birds, but just about that time officer James Gibson appeared on the scene and Henry was caught with the goods.

Will Moyer of Port Edwards left last week for Madison where he will take up civil engineering at the state university.

Mrs. J. Read of Colorado Springs, Col., arrived in the city last week to visit at the home of her son, Guy O. Babcock.

Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Witter returned on Friday from a trip to Chicago, where they had spent several days on a pleasure trip.

Mrs A. Seidenspinner and children who have been visiting relatives at Sheboygan for a couple of weeks, returned home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Grignon and children of Mather spent Monday in the city visiting with relatives and attending to some business.

Clark Lyon and Frank Damon hunted chickens in the northern part of the county on Thursday and report a bag of thirty-four chickens.

Prof. F. L. Bliss and G. D. Fritzsinger returned on Friday from Kilbourn where they had been playing with the Portage band at the fair.

William Scott of Port Arthur, Canada, was in the city over Sunday. He left Sunday night in company with T. A. Taylor for Chicago to attend to some business matters.

The Grand Rapids Business college opened up their night school on Monday evening. The school will be open three evenings of each week and the term will last for six months.

The supreme court last week affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of Hoffman vs. the Rib Lake Lumber company. The case was one for personal injury and was conducted by E. C. Pors of Marshfield and D. D. Conway of this city, the plaintiff being awarded the sum of $5000.

G. J. Kaudy was at Ladysmith last week where he went to look over the fixtures in the bank at that place for the purpose of making repairs which were made necessary by the wrecking of the interior of the bank by robbers. Six robbers entered the bank and blew up the burglar proof safe, but they found it such a tough proposition that it was necessary to use several heavy charges of nitro-glycerine, which not only tore the safe to pieces but also wrecked the interior of the bank and blew out the windows. While the safe was being blown up in the bank one of the robbers stood over the girl in the telephone office up stairs with a drawn revolver to keep her from using the telephone to secure help while others terrorized the inhabitants by firing revolvers and shooting up the town in general. Mr. Kaudy states that it will probably cost about $150 to make the repairs on the fixtures alone, which are being shipped to this city so that the work can be done in the factory.

The man who was born with a silver soup ladle in his mouth: that is, we mean the man whose parents left him so much money that he never had to set up a heating stove in the fall of the year, has missed much of this world's joys. There is something about setting up the heating stove that is calculated to make a man forget his friends. Take an ordinary house-broke man, one who under ordinary circumstances will not say anything stronger than "fudge," has been known to swear right out loud while balancing himself on a sway backed stepladder, and at the same time trying to force the end of a six inch stove pipe into a five inch hole. And his wife may belong to the womans rights club and he one of the leaders in the church, but when the old man gets busy at the stove she is generally as meek as a lamb. As she watches the antics of the refractory stovepipe she seems to feel that something out of the ordinary is necessary, and while she may not know just what it is, she generally takes the second chair and allows her hubby to play first fiddle for the time being. This is the time of the year when the family is shivering around the kitchen stove while the old man is busy at the office, staving off an event that he knows must come, but which he is trying to avoid as long as possible. When women get so they can set up a stove, and do it, they ought to be allowed to vote and chew tobacco, if they want to, but until that time comes they should be content, to allow the man of the house to do these things. If some inventive genius would turn his attention to a pipeless stove, and not put in so much time on fixing machines, the ordinary man might reap some benefit therefrom.

### Will Build a Lake.

When nature laid out the country around Marshfield she was not very lavish of the manner in which she distributed the water. The city ran along for a number of years, and as there was a brewery in town and numerous places where the amber fluid was dispensed the lack of water was not felt to any great extent by the inhabitants. As time went on, however, and different citizens from up there came down to Grand Rapids to serve on the jury or spend a few weeks in jail they discovered that water was a nice thing to have around even if you did not want to drink it, and the outcome of the matter is that they have taken nature in their own hand, as it were, and are going to have a lake, whether or no. A basin is being prepared near the water works plant, and when this is completed it will be kept full of water. It will be about five acres in extent, and while it will not be of much use for boating purposes, it will be nice to look at and will be a whole lot better than no water at all. If the dry weather continues much longer water may become a curiosity in this part of the country as well as at our neighboring town up the line.

### A Jeweler's Experience.

C. R. Kluger, The Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache and the irregularities disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cured me after the doctors and other remedies had failed. John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.

C. W. Fuller, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Rudolph, was a pleasant caller at this office on Wednesday while in the city attending to some business matters.

J. T. Schumacher has a fine new driving horse which he recently purchased while in Oconto. The animal is a nice one and will, no doubt, give the satisfaction Mr. Schumacher expects of it.

Miss Gertrude Harris is back at the Menzel photo studio again doing the retouching. During the past summer Miss Harris has been taking a rest, and made a trip out to Colorado.

V. A. Kleppin, who has been operating a saloon in the Lefebvre building since last spring, has closed the place and gone out of business. Lack of trade is reported to have been the cause of the change.

Herman Cruse of Green Bay, spent several days in the city the past week visiting with friends and doing a little chicken hunting. While in the city Mr. Cruse was a guest at the John Martin home.

A large crowd assembled at the opera house on Thursday evening to hear S. J. Hanna talk on Christian Science. The talk was in the nature of a sermon founded on the bible, his subject being "Christian Science, the Religion of the Bible." His talk was listened to with attention by the large audience in attendance, as he is an earnest speaker thoroly conversant with his subject.

Cholera has broken out among hogs in some parts of Green county. Some hogs, stricken, die in a few days; others linger for weeks. Occasionally sores form and the ears literally drop off. The ailment is of an intestinal nature, and much like typhoid fever in man. Once introduced, it runs a course that baffles cure, and before the scourge ends from half to two thirds of all the hogs on the place perish. Those that survive seem immune from a second attack.

The prairie chicken season opened last Thursday and since then our local hunters have been scouring the marshes and fields adjacent to the city in the endeavor to get a few birds for home consumption. The birds are very wild this year, probably owing to the lateness with which the season opened and the bags have been rather small. There seems to be more birds than usual, however, and the indications are that there will be a good crop next year. Local hunters are very much dissatisfied with the present season for hunting birds, most of them being of the opinion that the season should open about the 15th of September and continue for one month.

### For Chapped Skin.

Chapped skin whether on the hands or face may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequaled for sore nipples, burns and scalds. For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

### RATIONAL CURE FOR ECZEMA.

**No More Dosing the Stomach--Cure the Skin Through the Skin**

—When you have a scratch on your hand you wash it out and cleanse it and then the skin cures itself. You do not take blood medicine to cure a festered wound.

The best skin specialists today are agreed that the only way to cure the skin is through the skin.

The fact that eczema is a skin disease and not a blood disease is evident from statistics which show that nearly all eczema sufferers are perfectly healthy in all other ways except as to their skin. If the eczema patients were really suffering from an inward malady, the entire body and not only the skin would be diseased.

You can prove immediately the relief of a true skin cure by using oil of wintergreen as compounded in D. D. D. Prescription.

This liquid attacks the disease germs, numbing them while building up the healthy tissue of the skin. We have now handled this meritorious and thoroughly scientific remedy for so long and have seen its reliable result so many times that we freely express our confidence. John E. Daly.

### IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW.

**What a Heap of Happiness It Would Bring to Grand Rapids Homes.**

—Hard to do housework with an aching back.

Brings you hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause—that Backache pains come from sick kidneys.

'Twould save much needless woe.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Grand Rapids people endorse this:

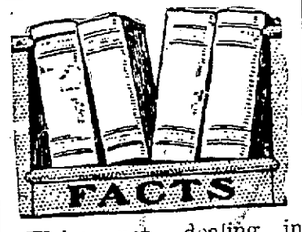
Mrs. John Grignon, living at 630 Love St., Grand Rapids, Wis., says: "I am pleased that I received much benefit from Doan's Kidney Pills. I was troubled with a dull, languid feeling mornings as the result of restless nights. I had headaches and backaches, pains through my loins and felt miserable most of the time. My kidneys also gave me a great deal of annoyance, the secretions being too frequent in action. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills I procured a box and used them. They regulated the action of the kidney secretions, strengthened my back and banished the pains across my loins."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

### Are You Only Half Alive?

People with kidney trouble are so weak and exhausted that they are only half alive. Foley's Kidney Remedy makes healthy kidneys, restores lost vitality, and weak, delicate people are restored to health. Refuse any but Foley's. John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.


We're not dealing in generality when we claim our flour is the best made or equal to any other brand now on the market.

The expertness of our milling, together with the choiceness of the wheat that we use combines to give a flour that is unapproachable for all-round satisfactory baking.

Let us prove it to you.

**Grand Rapids Milling Co.**

## Small Bank Accounts

It is not necessary to go without the advantages of a bank account simply because you don't happen to have one hundred dollars or more.

We give the same care to small accounts as larger ones, and help make them grow. Everything carefully explained and check books furnished free.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**
Grand Rapids, Wis.
Oldest Bank in Wood County.

## DR. E. R. PERKINS

Seventeen Years
an Experienced Specialist

**Teeth Extracted Without Pain**

The greatest invention of the age for suffering humanity. No danger from colds, no soreness of gums, no physical debility thereafter.



I rob this operation of its **Brain Racking Pain and Horror.**

I can prove it by thousands of business men, lawyers, doctors, dentists and nervous, sensitive women. A simple

**"Nothing To It"**

kind of an operation with a big reputation behind it. EVERY Patient a Grateful Booster. No matter how many failures you have had, I will SUCCEED and do it PAINLESS, QUICK AND SURE.

**HOTEL WITTER,**
**MONDAY, OCT. 19**
*OFFICE HOURS FROM 9 to 1*
LADY ATTENDANT

## C. E. BOLES

About that loan you wish to make. He has several clients with money which will be loaned at rates and on time to suit the borrower.

See him about your fire insurance or your abstract of title.

**..Sold..**

The property advertised in this space for several weeks was sold last week. What have you to buy or sell to occupy this space?

**A Bargain**

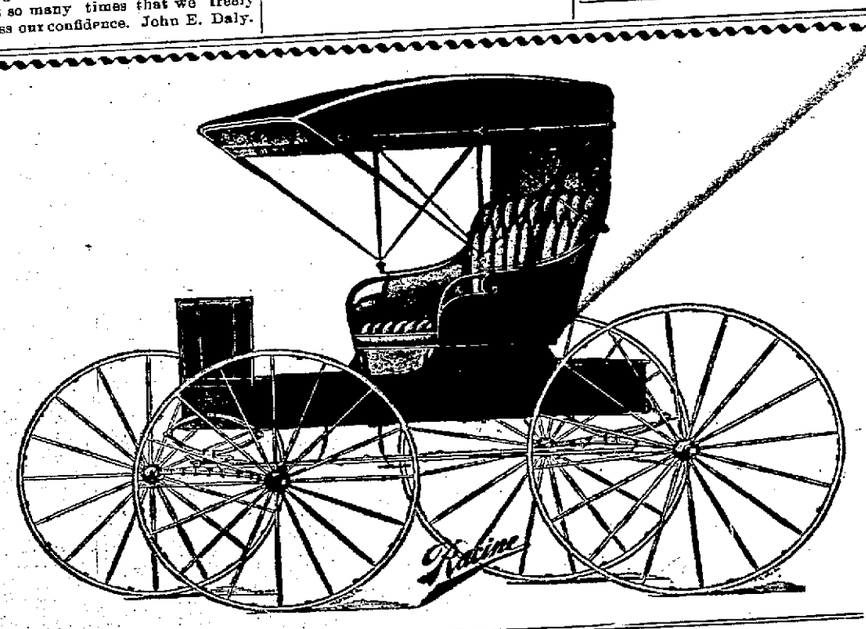
Two fine lots, 2 blocks east of Howe high school, near Oak street. Am owner and will sell right.

**C. E. BOLES**
Phone 322. Lyon Block

## Family Washing at 4 Cents a Pound

Flat pieces, such as Table Linen, Sheets, Pillow Slips, Towels, Etc., ironed without extra cost.

**NORMINGTON BROTHERS**
—LAUNDERERS—



## A Special Price On Racine Buggies

Until the close of the season we will give you a special price on the Racine buggy. Good stock to select from. Come and see them, they are nifty and reliable.

**GEO. W. PURNELL.**
THE EAST SIDE HARDWARE MAN

## "More Moisture," says the body

In the blistering hot days of mid-summer the appetite wanes and the thirst is more pronounced. The latter condition causes evaporation and the consequent thirst is the cry of the body for its normal allowance of moisture.

It is at this time that the quality of the beverage used is of most importance, for its immediately assimilated whether it be good or bad.

**GRAND RAPIDS BEER** *IS THE BEST BEVERAGE FOR EXCELLENCE*

It is strictly pure and most refreshing. Its food element renders it highly nourishing. You can drink it with pleasure and profit.

At leading retailers. Put up in quart bottles for family trade.

CALL PHONE 177 - YOUR ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY

## Where Colds Come From.



The largest pores in the body are located in the soles of the feet, and there is the most prolific source of colds among women. The average leather insole draws the feet, causing perspiration, the insoles become damp and a hard cold is the result. Treadeasy shoes for women have cork cushion insoles which keep the feet at an even temperature and prevent perspiration.



Treadeasys are always $3.50 the pair.

## For Sale by I. Zimmerman




## TEN-DAY FREE TRIAL!

BY Actual Trial Learn what a Screen Must do to satisfy Year after Year. Before you do anything about Screens, we invite and urge you to put the WHEELER on any or every window you wish screened, and use them ten days, to learn all that a Screen can be made to do for comfort and convenience. No matter what you thought to buy, or what you thought to pay, first use a WHEELER ten days free, and learn all that Screens must do to satisfy year after year. ***Begin the Free Trial To-Day.*** Any woman can fit the WHEELER, to crooked or straight windows, up stairs or down, from the inside; no ladder, no hammer, no man twice a year; no waiting, but put in the first day needed, that is before flies come—to keep them out, not after, as usual, to cage them in. A woman can take the WHEELER off in ten seconds to wash her windows, most needful in fly time: the WHEELER never binds, but always slides freely; the WHEELER cannot loosen in drought and fall; the WHEELER locks to hold baby in and porch-climbers out. ***Of they come after the trial if they fail in any way***

SOLD ONLY BY

**Kellogg Bros.' Lbr Co.**

## A DOLLAR SAVED

Today makes it easier for you to save another dollar tomorrow. That is the saving habit it comes with practice.

**Start A Savings Account**
**$1.00 A Week**

We pay 3 per cent interest compounded twice a year.

**BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS**
..WEST SIDE..



## 32 - YEARS - 32

**Experience in the exclusive treatment of Chronic Diseases.**

This long experience and thousands of cases treated enables us to cure almost every curable case. No encouragement without a reasonable degree of success.

**DRS. BREWER & SON**

are the oldest and best known specialists, having over 17,500 cases recorded on their case book showing the results obtained. Our methods entirely different from all others.

No Large Fees — One Price to All. — CONSULTATION FREE.

Those suffering from disease of the Throat, Brain, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nerves, Rheumatism, or suffering from Neuralgia, Debility, Fits, Tumors, Cancers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Diabetes, Dropsy, Eczema, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Loss of Voice, Consumption, Asthma, Humours, Eruptions, Bad Effects of the Grip, Sores Nervous Debility or any disease of long standing. We keep a record of every case treated and the result obtained and can refer you to those who have been cured. Diseases of women a specialty.

Laboratory 200 S. 3rd St., Ft. Atkinson, Wis.

***WILL BE AT THE HOTEL WITTER, THIS CITY ON***
**Wednesday, October 28**

## Fishing Tackle..

Of All Kinds

**Steel and Bamboo Rods**
A Fine Assortment

**Carpenter Tools**
One of the Finest Lines in the City to select from.....
REPAIRING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE
Get Your Lawn Mower Sharpened

**..D. M. HUNTINGTON..**

# Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.


A million for turnpikes, but not a cent for graft.

In these modern days the "raging of the dog star" is not taken Sirius-ly.

Castro is defiant. So was the bull that tried to throw the locomotive off the track.

"Some men ought never to have been born," says the Philadelphia Inquirer. How true!

Indiana steer ate dynamite; enraged owner threw a brick at him. Much noise. Result, a bum steer.

The human body is 75 per cent. water, says a scientist, the other 25 per cent. being spirit, we presume.

Berlin must be getting so used to seeing airships that before long the Berliners will decline to strain their necks.

A New Jersey man won't pay his bills because his wife is out of work. Some charity organization should look up this pitiful case.

Now it is a revolution which is on the Persian carpet. The movement has just camped, apparently permanently, upon the Turkish rug.

Kermit is sure to bring back some remarkable photographs from Africa, if only he doesn't get so excited that he forgets to snap the shutter.

High winds during the summer have blown enormous numbers of crabs out of the Chesapeake bay into the ocean. Fortunately the oysters are naturally anchored.

Don't misunderstand the announcement that Mr. Edward W. Deming is going to paint the Offkways in northern Canada. What Mr. Deming really is going to paint is canvas.

Some friend of Castro's should call him up by long-distance telephone and let him know that in this mixup with Queen Wilhelmina the sympathies of all the bystanders are with the royal lady.

By chasing and holding in a team of runaway blooded horses and saving three lives Kermit Roosevelt is qualifying for shooting lions in Africa. It is strenuous training after his father's own heart.

A West Virginia magistrate prides himself on the fact that he is the only justice of the peace in the state to hold court in his bare feet. In most other places it is the head which counts in the position.

A sober, elderly person certifies in the New York Sun that she has seen old mosquitoes helping or pushing the young ones through the window screens. Could there be a more touching illustration of parental interest?

The retirement of Capt. Watt, commander of the Lusitania and commodore of the Cunard fleet, having reached the age limit, comes opportunely. His ship is at the head of the ocean greyhound class. That's glory enough.

Not one of the 50,000 depositors in 13 banks and trust companies which closed their doors in the panic last fall will lose a dollar. Banking institutions in the United States are evidently conducted on pretty sound business principles.

The chief of the secret service police of Sydney says that no better-behaved, manlier lot of fellows has ever come under his observation than the American sailors. The nation is proud of its jolly tars who are so well upholding its prestige.

The formation in Germany of a company, with a capital of more than $6,250,000, to lay a cable between Germany and South America is, of course, not a violation of the Monroe doctrine, but it suggests that the United States ought to be making efforts to increase and facilitate its business with South America, too.

A Pennsylvania man's horse went lame. When he started to investigate the trouble he found a stickpin with a diamond worth $150 in the animal's hoof, which had caused the trouble. As the horse showed signs of distress in another foot, that was examined and a five-dollar gold piece extracted. Paradoxically, to pick up gold with one foot and diamonds with the other is anything but a lame performance.

Forest fires are among the regular annual sufferings of the eastern states. The dry weather this year has made the loss unusually heavy in New England, New York and other states. Not only valuable timber, but farm houses, planted fields and precious forest loam have been destroyed. Scientific forestry and wise legislation are necessary to protect our trees against the combined armies of flames, bugs and unintelligent lumbermen.

The decent element of South Dakota seems to be making a struggle to rid the state of its divorce odium. But while the easy ways of loosing the marriage bond brings a revenue into the state, the matter will be hard to fight. Temptation should be removed from states to make money in this way by a uniform federal divorce law. Until that is done the evil is not likely to be corrected, as one state has always the power to abrogate the laws of another, and people cannot be prevented from living where and for what purpose they please.

A story comes from a New York village of a rooster which flew upon the steering-gear of an automobile, while the hens followed and settled in the tonneau. The rooster, while trying to keep his balance, started the machine, and the car with its fowl occupants went off, one of the hens settling on the rubber bulb of the horn sounding the "honk" to warn the startled villagers. The fish-story experts of the Indianapolis Star, declares that paper, are down in the depths at this new development in motor tales.

When wholesale attacks are made on American women, some few—very few—get angry and resent them. The great majority simply pay no attention to them as too absurd to be dignified with denial or argument. The country knows its women of all classes, and is not only content with but also proud of them into the bargain.

A Pittsburg man is training to swim the English channel. What's the use? The English will disqualify him on the ground that a Londoner once got nearly across.

# WILL FIGHT PLAGUE

GREAT GATHERING OF NOTABLE MEN IN WASHINGTON.

## FOES OF TUBERCULOSIS

Secretary Cortelyou Opens the Congress and Thirty Foreign Societies, Including Dr. Koch, Make Response.

Washington.—Monday witnessed one of the most notable gatherings ever assembled in the national capital, when medical scientists representing every civilized nation united with their brothers in America in an effort to solve the problem of how best to cope with tuberculosis. The occasion was the official opening of the sixth triennial International congress on tuberculosis.

The great auditorium of the new National museum was filled with men who have consecrated their best talents to the study of tuberculosis, representatives of the sovereigns of foreign countries, high officials of government. The keynote of every utterance reflected the hope that the day is not far distant when medical science shall triumph over the great scourge.

**Notable Men Present.**

When Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou, as the personal representative of the president of the United States, officially declared the congress open, there were grouped on the platform such distinguished men as Dr. Robert Koch, the discoverer of the tubercle bacilli; Dr. A. Calmette of Paris, Prof. Bernard Bang of Denmark, Dr. Arthur Newsholme of London, Dr. G. Sims Woodhead of Cambridge, Eng.; Dr. Clemens von Pirquet, Dr. R. W. Philip of Edinburgh, founder of the first tuberculosis dispensary; Prof. L. Landouzy, Dr. N. Tendeloo of Leyden, Dr. Simon von Unterberger, honorary physician to his majesty's court of St. Petersburg; Dr. Camilo Calhaja of Madrid and many others. Among the members of the diplomatic corps present was Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister.

When Dr. Koch arose to respond in behalf of the German government there was a remarkable demonstration in his honor, men and women waving hats and handkerchiefs for nearly five minutes.

**Welcomed by Mr. Cortelyou.**

The official welcome on behalf of the United States government was extended by Secretary Cortelyou. His address evoked warm and frequent applause. Then followed the responses of the official representatives of 30 foreign countries. When his name was called, Dr. Koch declared that the German takes a particular interest in all that tends toward the solution of the tuberculosis problem and that his government would watch with the keenest interest the deliberations of this congress. The tuberculosis situation in Germany, he said, has become distinctly favorable during the past three decades, the mortality from tuberculosis in Prussia having been reduced practically one-half.

Dr. Joe, the Chinese delegate, declared that notwithstanding tuberculosis has a strong hold upon his country, his government was doing little for the prevention of this disease. He expressed the hope that the next congress would be held in China. At the conclusion of the responses to Secretary Cortelyou's address the congress adjourned and will not again meet in general session until October 3. The afternoon was devoted to the deliberations of the various sectional meetings where a number of addresses were made.

**Death Predicted for 5,000,000.**

Washington.—That 5,000,000 people, now living in the United States, are doomed to fill consumptives' graves unless something is done to prevent it, was the startling declaration of Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale university in an address on "The Cost of Tuberculosis" before the International Congress on Tuberculosis Tuesday. Prof. Fisher's address, which was the feature of the day, created a sensation among the hundreds who listened to his statements.

Prof. Fisher further declared that the 138,000 persons who die of consumption annually in this country cost, in hard cash, over $1,000,000,000 a year.

**Can't Take Liquor from Depot.**

Lawton, Okla. — It is a violation of the prohibition law for a transfer man or any other person to convey liquor from the railroad depot. Liquor shipped from without the state ceases to be interstate commerce after it leaves the carrier's hands. This is the opinion of Judge J. H. Wolverton of the county court, announced in a liquor case here Wednesday.

**Gen. J. E. Summers Dies.**

Washington.—Word has been received here of the death Thursday at Atlantic City, N. J., of Brig. Gen. J. E. Summers of the Army Medical corps.

**Wyoming Mine Dispute Ends.**

Sheyenne, Wyo.—A conference here between miners and operators of Wyoming coal mines ended Thursday with the acceptance of a wage scale by both sides, ending the dispute on account of which Wyoming miners quit work for three weeks.

**E. L. Shackford, St. Paul, Dies.**

St. Paul, Minn.—Eben L. Shackford, aged 65 years, vice-president of P. R. L. Hardenberg & Co., harness manufacturers, died suddenly Thursday from a stroke of apoplexy.

**Cure for Leprosy?**

Honolulu.—Drs. W. P. Brinckerhoff and J. T. Wayson have notified the board of health of this city that they believe that they have succeeded in curing a leper patient by using the Nastin treatment for the disease.

**Michel, B. C., Swept by Fire.**

Spokane, Wash.—The town of Michel, B. C., was swept by fire Wednesday. Practically all the business houses were wiped out except the Great Northern hotel, Kootenai hotel, a drug store and billiard hall.

**Fall Army Maneuvers End.**

Port Benjamin Harrison, Ind.—The annual fall army maneuvers and camp of instruction ended Tuesday. The troops of the Wisconsin National Guard and the Twenty-eighth United States infantry began entraining.

**Disastrous Floods in India.**

Bombay.—Thousands of native houses have been washed away and there has been a heavy loss of life in the Hyderabad and Deccan districts as a result of the floods which followed an unprecedented rainfall.

# CASTAWAYS AT FIJI ISLES

PASSENGERS OF THE WRECKED AEON BROUGHT TO SUVA.

Baby Is Born to Chaplain Patrick's Wife on Christmas Island Just Before Rescuers Arrive.

Suva, Fiji Islands.—The castaways from the British steamer Aeon, who spent nearly two months on Christmas island, an almost barren coral formation in the Pacific ocean, arrived here Wednesday on the steamer Manuka of the Canadian-Australian line, all well and increased by one in number. A daughter was born to the wife of Chaplain B. R. Patrick, U. S. N., 24 hours before the Manuka was sighted, and this event was made the occasion of much rejoicing.

The Manuka reached Christmas Island on September 23. Six hundred bags of mail were transferred to the steamer during the night and the passengers and crew of the Aeon were taken aboard the next morning.

The Aeon left San Francisco on July 6 for Auckland, by way of Apia, and was carried on the coral island by the strong currents setting in there. The steamer speedily broke up, but the mails were saved and a large quantity of stores. The refugees suffered few privations.

Besides the officers and crew, the Aeon carried Mrs. Patrick and her children and the wife of Lieut. W. K. Riddle, U. S. N. Rude shelters were built, but later quite an artistic cottage was erected for Mrs. Patrick and her nurse out of lumber and the cabin fittings of the ship. Among the stores saved were plenty of fresh vegetables and the men of the crew got fish in abundance by the use of clubs in the surf.

A supply of fresh water was found at a depth of seven feet and, according to the castaways, under the circumstances they fared well, indeed.

The United States supply ship Solace, which has been in attendance on the torpedo boat destroyer fleet, also arrived here Wednesday, having sailed from Pago Pago, Samoan Islands. She will return to that port on Saturday with Mrs. Patrick and her family and Mrs. Riddle.

## BAG ACTS AS PARACHUTE.

Two Aeronauts Have Remarkable Escape in Germany.

Dusseldorf, Rhenish Prussia, Germany.—Capt. Von Abercron and Lieut. Von Goltzheim, well-known aeronauts, had a miraculous escape from death Monday afternoon during the course of an ascent in a spherical balloon. Thousands of spectators had gathered to witness the ascent and they were horror stricken at the accident which occurred high in the air.

On being released from its fastenings the balloon soared almost directly upwards to an altitude of 6,000 feet, when the envelope suddenly ripped open. The gas escaped in streams and the balloon shot downward. The aeronauts swiftly clambered into the network in the desperate hope of avoiding the shock of contact with the ground. After a fall of 2,000 feet, however, the envelope spread out, seemingly in a purely accidental manner, forming a sort of parachute which checked the descent. The balloon then gradually came down, taking an hour and a half to reach the earth, the two men clinging to the ropes and the basket. They suffered no injury except a few scratches.

## BIG STRIKE HAS COLLAPSED.

Canadian Pacific Mechanics Seek to Get Their Jobs Back.

Winnipeg, Man.—Indications are that the Canadian Pacific railroad mechanics' strike has collapsed. Bell Hardy, who has been conducting the strike from Montreal, arrived in this city Tuesday to confer with Vice-President Whyte, and if possible arrange for the men to be taken back. It is understood that a message was received from the International Labor Federation at Washington advising the men to approach the company immediately with a view to going back.

**Carload of Abandoned Children.**

St. Paul, Minn.—A carload of 60 bright-looking boys and girls from New York reached St. Paul Wednesday. The unusual consignment was made up of children who had been deserted by their parents and had been sheltered in the foundling hospital of the metropolis. They are being taken to the Dakotas, where homes have been found for them among the farmers. On their arrival here about 35 of the children were transferred to a Soo line coach to be taken to points along that road in North Dakota.

**Mine Workers' Secretary Resigns.**

Pittsburg, Pa.—Announcement was made here Thursday that W. D. Ryan, national secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, had tendered his resignation and will accept the position of commissioner of arbitration of the Southwestern Coal Operators' association.

**Six Boys Killed on Railway.**

Toledo, O.—Six boys were killed at Sugar Ridge when a freight train on the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad crashed into a heavily laden excursion train returning from a fair at Bowling Green.

**Quits Position in Canal Zone.**

Lincoln, Neb.—Advices received Thursday say D. C. O'Connor, superintendent of education of the Panama canal zone, has tendered his resignation. He will return to Nebraska to live.

**Fruit Growers in Session.**

Kansas City, Mo.—Two hundred fruit growers, from nearly every state, with one from London and three from Canada, attended the first meeting of the California Fruit Growers' exchange which began Tuesday.

**Six Injured in a Collision.**

Kearney, Neb.—A fruit train crashed into the Grand Island accommodation train in the Union Pacific yards in this city late Tuesday afternoon. Six persons were injured, some of them seriously.

**Famous Russian Is Dead.**

St. Petersburg.—News has been received here of the death of Charles von Schwanebach, ex-controller of the Russian empire and ex-minister of agriculture at Magdeburg, whither he went for treatment.

**Canadian Athletes Win at Rome.**

Rome.—Although the full list of the prize winners at the gymnastic contests held in honor of the pope's jubilee has not been made public, it is known that the Canadian team has captured first prize.

SLIGHTED.




# REYNOLDS ELECTED HEAD

CHICAGOAN MADE PRESIDENT BY BANKERS AT DENVER.

Proposition to Establish Postal Savings Banks Condemned in Resolutions Adopted by Financiers.

Denver, Col.—The thirty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' association came to an end Thursday afternoon with the election of George M. Reynolds of Chicago, president, and Lewis E. Pierson of New York, first vice-president.

Thirty-eight new members were announced and a vice-president representing each of the states having representatives in the association was named.

The convention also placed itself squarely on record as against both the proposition to guarantee bank deposits and that to establish postal savings banks.

A lively discussion occurred over the report of the federal legislative committee opposing these plans. The resolution offered by the committee, however, contained a condemnation of the guarantee law only, making no mention of the postal savings banks. A fight led by Clifton R. Breckenridge of Arkansas was made to include condemnation of postal savings banks in the same resolutions.

An amendment to the resolution was offered substituting the words "it is a delusion that the tax upon the strong will prevent the failure of the weak," for section 8 as reported, which read: "It unjustly weakens the strong and unfairly strengthens the weak banks." The amendment was adopted and the report of the committee with its resolution was then carried without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Breckenridge then offered the following resolution, which was also adopted with only two or three dissenting votes:

"That the American Banking association condemns as unwise and hurtful all proposals to establish postal savings banks."

Nearly two hours were consumed with the reports of vice-presidents from the several states, the consensus of which was that the effects of the recent panic are rapidly passing away throughout the country.

## LORD ROSSLYN IS DEFEATED.

His Roulette System Proved Fallacious by Sir Hiram Maxim.

London.—The unique gambling contest between Sir Hiram Maxim and Lord Rosslyn came to an end Tuesday afternoon and shows defeat for the system advanced by the latter.

Lord Rosslyn claimed that by his system of playing it was possible to win at roulette against the Monte Carlo bank. Sir Hiram said this was impossible, and in order to settle the controversy the two men began playing roulette in a Picadilly club, Sir Hiram conducting the game in the same way it is played at Monte Carlo. Lord Rosslyn started to play with $50,000 in "dummy" money and the bank had an equal amount. Lord Rosslyn's system has been proved to be utterly fallacious.

**Honor Paid to Life-Savers.**

New York.—Ninety-three heroes who within the last year have saved the lives of drowning persons in the waters around New York were presented with medals or certificates of honor Tuesday at the city hall by the United States Volunteer Life-Saving corps. Ten-year-old Minnie Richard of Brooklyn was the idol of the occasion. The girl risked her life to save a girl from drowning in Gravesend bay.

**Six Men Killed in Collision.**

Portland, Ore.—A logging train belonging to the Chapman Logging Company at Scappoose, 20 miles north of Portland, was in collision with a Northern Pacific train Thursday. Six of the crew of the logging train were killed and eight injured.

**Dr. Mann Is Elected Bishop.**

Washington.—Dr. Alexander Mann of Plymouth Episcopal church, Boston, was Thursday night elected bishop of the Protestant diocese of Washington on the seventh ballot.

**Lasker Still Chess Champion.**

Munich.—Emanuel Lasker of New York retains his title as chess champion of the world. Wednesday he won with surprising rapidity the sixteenth and last game in his contest against Dr. Tarrasch of Nuremburg. Of the 16 games played, Tarrasch won three, and five games were drawn.

**Marcel Jambon, Painter, Dies.**

Paris.—Marcel Jambon, the French decorative painter, died Wednesday. He was born October 19, 1848, and was an officer of the Legion of Honor.

**Storm on Lake Superior.**

Houghton, Mich.—Lake Superior has been lashed by the worst storm of the season, and one of the most severe ever known in this section. The wind at the ship canal during the night attained a velocity of nearly 40 miles an hour, while at Houghton it reached 26 miles an hour.

**Killing Frost in Illinois.**

Springfield, Ill.—The mercury went down to near freezing point Monday night and there was killing frost over most of Illinois.

## FUTILE ATTEMPT TO ROB BANK.

Yeggmen Use Dynamite in Cogswell, N. D., and Then Flee.

Cogswell, N. D.—Citizens, aroused at 1:15 a. m. Wednesday by three distinct explosions, poured out from their homes to find that yeggmen had blown off the front door of the safe in the Sargent County State bank, but had fled before they secured any loot. The robbers stole a handcar at Nicholsen on the Soo road and came here upon it. They transferred the car to the Milwaukee line and used it to make their escape. They abandoned the car near Newark, S. D., and attempted to conceal it in a cornfield. The authorities have sent to Bismarck for hounds to track the fugitives and posses are out from Cogswell, Newark and Brampton after them.

## FLEET ANCHORS AT MANILA.

Battleships Arrive But Formalities Are Delayed for Water Fete.

Manila.—The Atlantic fleet passed in by Corregidor island early Friday afternoon. Launches went out to meet the fleet down the coast and accompany it into the harbor.

There were no formalities in the way of reception outside of the demonstrations by the steamers and harbor craft which sail about the fleet as it lies at anchor. At night the ships will be illuminated.

Gov. Gen. Smith will pay an official call on Admiral Sperry after the great water parade Saturday is over.

## DAVIS HELD FOR MURDER.

Suspect in Rustin Case Released on $10,000 Bail.

Omaha, Neb.—Following a five-days' legal battle before Police Judge Crawford, Charles Edward Davis was bound over to the district court Tuesday to answer the charge of murder in the first degree for the killing of Dr. Frederick Rustin on the morning of September 2. Bail was fixed at $10,000, which was promptly furnished by two brothers of the defendant, and the accused man was permitted to go, although he will remain in charge of a guard which has been retained by the Davis family.

## POWDER HOUSE BLOWS UP.

Two Men Killed and Score Injured at Spencer, N. C.

Spencer, N. C.—Two lives were lost and 20 or more persons were injured in Spencer Thursday night by the explosion of a powder storage house on the yards of the Southern Railway Company, and most of the buildings near by were damaged by the shock and the fire which followed.

The dead are: C. H. Layton, aged 48, of Raleigh, and George Gould, aged 30, of Spencer. It is feared that other bodies are in the ruins.

**Lively Day in Pittsburg.**

Pittsburg, Pa.—Over a score of men, women and children were injured, some of them so painfully that treatment at the various hospitals was necessary, during the great historical and industrial pageant Thursday in celebration of Pittsburg's sesqui-centennial anniversary. It is estimated that over 300,000 persons lined the route of the parade. At night the streets of the city were crowded with gay masqueraders.

**Cloudburst Drowns Eight.**

Manila.—A belated official telegram has just been received here which reports that a cloudburst struck the penal colony at Iwahig and that eight persons were drowned, including Harold MacKnight, the superintendent of the farm.

**Michigan Independence Ticket.**

Grand Rapids, Mich.—The Independence party state convention was held here Wednesday. There were but six delegates in attendance, but a complete state ticket was nominated, headed by A. W. Nicholls of Montcalm, for governor.

**Ferry Is Sunk; 140 Drown.**

Smyrna.—A Turkish steamship ran down the steam ferry boat Stambul outside the harbor Wednesday. One hundred and forty persons were drowned.

**Girl Killed by Motor Car.**

Kansas City, Mo.—One person, Pearl Guinard, aged ten years, was killed and several others injured here Tuesday night when a motor car carrying a number of passengers collided with and demolished a light road wagon in the suburbs.

**American Coinage Criticised.**

Philadelphia.—The coinage of the United States was criticised at the opening session of the American Numismatic association, which began its annual convention here Tuesday.

**Huge Sum Given to Science.**

Berlin.—The Prussian Academy of Science, an association of eminent men under the patronage of the government, has inherited the sum of $7,500,000 from a banker named Sampson. The money is to be expended for scientific purposes.

**Shot During a Class Fight.**

Delphi, Ind.—In a class fight between the classes of the high school Monday Larry Coble, president of the junior class, was seriously injured with a shotgun.

# EVANS' SON ACCUSED

HE WILL BE TRIED BY COURT MARTIAL AT MANILA.

## CHARGES VERY SERIOUS

Philippine Capital Greets the Atlantic Fleet—Great Water Parade Is Followed by Formal Calls.

Manila.—Lieut. Frank Taylor Evans of the battleship Louisiana and Lieut. Charles Burt of the battleship Georgia, will be tried before a special court-martial board which will assemble on the battleship Wisconsin Monday.

The charges against Lieut. Evans are for being absent from his station while acting as chief of the deck, using profane and disrespectful language to a superior officer and intoxication. The charges against Lieut. Burt are for "conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman."

Rear Admiral Seton Schroeder of the battleship Wisconsin will act as president of the court.

Lieut. Evans, is the son of Admiral Robley Evans, who took the battleship fleet from Hampton Roads to the Pacific coast.

Fresh from a triumphant reception in Australian ports, and with their cruise around the world two-thirds accomplished, the 16 battleships of the American fleet, which started from Hampton Roads last December, were anchored in double column Saturday off the breakwater close to the Luneta, whence a splendid view of the warships was obtainable Friday night.

After the fleet had come to anchor, thousands of residents of the islands crowded every available spot commanding a view of the anchorage and the general air of expectancy and excitement added to the eager interest that has attended the fleet's coming.

Thousands of persons Saturday thronged the Luneta, or public square, which was brilliantly illuminated. A band concert with a spirited program and selections by the bugle corps of the Ninth cavalry were features of the entertainment provided for the crowds.

There were no exchanges of formal calls with the shore until Saturday. After the water parade in the morning, in which all Manila participated, Gov. Smith called upon Admiral Sperry, who later landed and returned the call, also paying his respects to Maj. Gen. Weston, commanding the troops stationed in Manila.

## MICHIGAN OFFICIALS OUSTED.

Collector and Special Agent at Port Huron Removed.

Washington.—As the result of a report made by the civil service commission, President Roosevelt late Friday removed Lincoln Avery, collector of the port at Port Huron, Mich., and also directed the removal of Charles H. Dailey, special agent of the treasury at that place. The civil service committee found proof of charges of serious violations of the rules and regulations in regard to campaign assessments, which also involved, on the part of Special Agent Dailey, "pernicious activity in politics."

## NEBRASKA BANK ROBBED.

Safe-Blowers Get About $2,500 from Institution at Deweese.

Fairfield, Neb.—The State bank at Deweese was dynamited and robbed early Friday. All the cash, about $2,500, was taken. Tools were taken from a railroad tool-house to make an opening through the brick walls of the vault, after which the steel safe was blown open. The number of the bandits and their way of coming and going is entirely unknown.

## MINNESOTA TOWN BURNED.

Foley, Benson County, Practically Destroyed by Flames.

St. Cloud, Minn.—Foley, the county seat of Benson county, Minn., a village of 1,000 people, was practically destroyed by fire. The place has little fire protection, only a gasoline engine. Owing to strong winds, the fire spread rapidly. St. Cloud was appealed to for aid, but could do nothing. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

**Bulgaria Prepares for War.**

London.—A news agency dispatch from Sofia says it is officially announced there that M. Malinoff, president of the council, has telegraphed Prince Ferdinand, who is making a tour of Europe, requesting him to return to Sofia. The message is said to indicate the urgency of the situation. It is stated that Prince Ferdinand received the telegram and that his immediate return is expected. All the factories capable of supplying war material, the dispatch adds, are working day and night and preparations for mobilization are being openly pushed forward.

**Big Blaze at Winthrop Beach.**

Boston.—A brisk fire broke out in the summer colony at Winthrop Beach at 11:30 o'clock Friday night. Crest Hall, a summer hotel accommodating 75 guests, and the Ocean house were soon in flames, and a large number of cottages near by were threatened.

**Illinois Banker Is Indicted.**

Peoria, Ill.—James W. Quillan, owner of a private bank at Ipava, Ill., was indicted Friday on ten counts for receiving deposits after he knew the bank was insolvent.

**Boat Sunk to Extinguish Fire.**

Mobile, Ala.—Fire broke out at two o'clock Friday afternoon in the after hold of the Mallory line steamer Rio Grande, loading at her docks, and it was necessary to flood the after hold to extinguish the flames. The Rio Grande sank stern down.

**Commander Bernadou Dies.**

Washington.—Commander John B. Bernadou, American naval attache of the embassies at Rome and Vienna, died at the naval hospital in New York city Friday.

**Georgian Dies on Shipboard.**

Tokyo.—H. P. Smart of Savannah, Ga., died September 24 on board the steamer Mongolian, while en route to this city to visit his daughter, the wife of Dr. Fuehr, secretary of the German embassy. Mr. Smart's death was due to double pneumonia.

**Fatal Runaway Accident.**

St. Louis.—Mrs. C. H. Shea of Hamilton, Ont., and her husband were injured, the former probably fatally, in a runaway accident near Florrissant Friday.

## MEMORIAL TABLET UNVEILED.

Newport and New York Hebrew Congregations Unite in Ceremony.

Newport, R. I.—An interesting ceremony took place in the Touro synagogue in this city the other day when a tablet to the memory of Rev. Isaac Touro, Judah Touro, Abraham Touro and Rev. Abraham Pereira Mendes, was unveiled.

Invitations were issued jointly by the congregations Jeshuat Israel of Newport, R. I., and Shearith Israel of New York. Rev. Isaac Touro was of Portuguese origin, but settled in Jamaica, whence he moved to Newport in 1760, and became the minister of the congregation in that place. Of his sons, Judah was the most distinguished. At an early age he showed great business ability, and soon after going to the French territory of Louisiana in 1802, he became a leader in mercantile circles. He was a public-spirited man, and when Louisiana was ceded to the United States he enlisted as a private under Gen. Jackson, was severely wounded and left for dead on the field at New Orleans.



Judah Touro.

Touro never married and devoted his fortune to philanthropic purposes, giving regardless of creed or nationality. His broad patriotism made itself manifest at the time when the completion of the Bunker Hill monument was in doubt, when he and Amos Lawrence subscribed the amount necessary to finish the work. A committee consisting of John Quincy Adams, Daniel Webster, Joseph Story, Edward Everett and Franklin Dexter prepared an inscription to commemorate Touro's generosity on a tablet which was placed on the monument. He died in New Orleans, but his body was brought for burial to the old Newport cemetery, where his tomb is inscribed: "The last of his name. He inscribed it in the book of philanthropy, to be remembered forever."

Rev. Abraham Pereira Mendes, whose name also appears on the memorial tablet, was also born in Jamaica, and, like Touro, sprang from an old Portuguese family. For ten years, from 1883 until 1893, when he died, Dr. Mendes was the rabbi of the old Newport synagogue. His sons, Rev. Dr. Frederick de Sola Mendes and Rev. Dr. Henry Pereira Mendes, are the leaders of the orthodox wing of the Jewish community of New York.

## COMING ON SPECIAL MISSION.

Chinese Official to Extend Thanks of Government to United States.

Shanghai.—Tong-Shao-Yi has arrived at Tientsin from Mukden, which gov-



Tong-Shao-Yi.

ernorship he resigned temporarily in view of his special mission to America, which is expected to have momentous results, although nominally he will merely thank the Washington administration for remitting a portion of the Boxer indemnity.

Tong-Shao-Yi said that the six years he had spent in Mukden as governor had been an interesting experience. He could affirm that all complications were at an end. He will leave for the United States on his mission in the beginning of November. He looked forward, he said, with great pleasure to the opportunity to meet old friends, and he was especially pleased to be able to witness the presidential election.

After his mission to the United States is completed Tong-Shao-Yi will go to Europe, where he will devote himself for six months to the study of financial problems.

**No Fiction Wanted.**

Little Boy—Uncle, won't you tell us a story?

Genial Uncle—Certainly, my boy. What kind of a story?

"Oh, any kind only so it's true. Tell us about "Jack and the Beanstalk."—New York Weekly.

**No Sure Sign.**

The will of a wealthy New York man was found when read to contain only 30 words. That is no sure sign, however, that some of his disgruntled kin will not try to make it look like 30 cents.

**Be Ever Confident.**

Hold up your head! You were not made for failure, you were made for victory; go forward with a joyful confidence in that result sooner or later, and the sooner or later depends mainly on yourself.—Anne Gilchrist.

**Baby Ruth.**

Baby Ruth is about 2½ years of age and the prettiest girl in the county. When a stranger asks: "What is your name?" or "Who are you?" she lisps: "I am my mamma's little lollypop on a stick."


A REASONABLE REQ



Small Urchin (to major, been thrown from horse into Hi, mister, as you 'appens to water, would you mind lea Willios whistle?

PRESCRIBED CUTICU

After Other Treatment Fail Eczema on Baby's Face Lasted Three Months—At Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out zema on his face when one mo One place on the side of his size of a nickel was raw like b for three months, and he we out when I bathed the parts th sore and broken out. I ga three months' treatment from doctor, but at the end of that t child was no better. Then my recommended Cuticura. After a cake of Cuticura Soap, a th box of Cuticura Ointment, an bottle of Cuticura Resolvent well and his face was as smooth baby's. He is now two years half old and no eczema has reap Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan 14 and June 12, 1907."

**The Scramble for Wealth**

If there is a sad thing in this it is the spectacle of the m women who, in their mad se for wealth, have crushed out lives sentiment and the love that is beautiful and sublime very process by which they s win the means of enjoyment h faculties by which they can When the average man win wealth he finds himself wiho power of enjoyment, for the on side of his nature is dead. H to his sorrow that the straining ing life is also a starving one.

**Sometimes Hard to Tell.**

George Eliot says that the e sion on a woman's face when s sewing tells the story of the wo heart. If she is happy and cont or possibly slavishly and indiff she may smile and look the l ness she either feels or is inca of feeling. If she has many thi worry her and is possibly pla how to make ten cents do a do worth of good, or if she is natur vixen, it will show in her face, a er all it is not safe to predicate what her sewing face reveals.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co. business in the City of Toledo, County and aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my pr this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.
SEAL
A. W. GLEAS
NOTARY P
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally an directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Tole
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**A Different Young Man.**

Gerald—There is a good deal power in my arm.

Geraldine—I have never had sion to notice it.

**If Your Eyes Bother You**

get a box of PETTIT'S EYE SALVE reliable, most successful eye remedy n All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N

If you would not cease to love n kind, you must not cease to do t good.—Maclaren.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Si Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

He who hesitates much will acc plish little.—Von Moltke.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**
For children teething, softens the gums, reduce flammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bo

If you have anything to do, do don't loaf on the job.

**Those Tired, Aching Feet of Yours**
need Allen's Foot-Ease, 25c at your Druggi Write A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for sample.

If you don't get the best of it, ma the best of it.

FARMS FOR RENT or sale on crop p ments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City,

One cannot quarrel if the other w not.



**This woman says Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved her life. Read her letter**

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words. For years I suffered with the worst forms of female complaints, continually doctoring and spending lots of money for medicine without help. I wrote you for advice, followed it as directed, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has restored me to perfect health. Had it not been for you I should have been in my grave to-day. I wish every suffering woman would try it."

**FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.**

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

**Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.**




SYNOPSIS.

ldley arrived in San Francisco is friend and distant relative ilton, whom he was to assist briant and mysterious task, and companied Dudley on the t trip into the city. The re- resemblance of the two men and commented on by passen- he ferry. They see a man with s, which sends a thrill through Wilton postpones an explanation range errand Dudley is to per- t occurrences cause him to s one of no ordinary meaning. summoned to the morgue and the dead body of his friend, ilton. And thus Wilton dies ever explaining to Dudley the work he was to perform in San . In order to discover the se- ion his friend had entrusted to ley continues his disguise and himself to be known as Henry He learns that there is a boy is charged with secreting and . Dudley, mistaken for Wil- employed by Knapp to assist k brokerage deal. Giles Dudley iself closeted in a room with Borton who makes a confidant He can learn nothing about the a boy further than that it is ill and Darby Meeker who are n. Dudley visits the home of ed is stricken by the beauty of his daughter. Slumming tour Chinatown is planned. The trip town. Giles Dudley learns that is being shadowed by Terrill. nd Dudley are cut off from of the party and imprison- hallway behind an iron-bound ren Chinese ruffians approach the d couple. A battle ensues. One d down. Giles begins firing. Tim seen in the mob. A newly form- is checked by shots from Giles' Policeman Corson breaks down with an ax and the couple is Luella thanks Giles Dudley for er life. Knapp appears at the ith no traces of the previous debauch. Following his instruc- idley has a notable day in the xchange, selling Crown Diamond ing Omega, the object being to ecker, Knapp's hated rival. Dud- overs that he loves Luella Knapp. Borton tells Giles Dudley that discovered where "the boy" is. terious unknown woman employ- udley meets him by appointment he boy" who is turned over to with his guards and they drive n to the ferry boat to take a train the city. Dudley and his faithful convey "the boy" by train to the of Livermore, as per the written ions. The party is followed. Soon e party is quartered in the hotel d train arrives in Livermore. The including Darby Meeker and Tim lay siege to the hotel and en- to capture "the boy," who comes to see the fight. "Tricked cries Tim Terrill, when he sees ingster's face. "It's the wrong Dudley and Terrill meet in battle to man. Dudley is knocked un- us by Terrill's assistant and to find himself in a hotel room care of his guards. The hotel is by Terrill's men who are in- d to kill the first man who tries to Dudley gives the note to the one- man. The boy is left behind and and his remaining guards make scape by horseback.

HAPTER XIV.—Continued.

willing brutes shot forward into arkness at the word and tossed ain drops from their ears with an angry nod.

ave a dim recollection of splash- ver miles of level road, drenched water and buffeted by gusts of that faced us more and more, the monotonous beat of hoofs in my ears, and the monotonous of the horse beneath me ever ng my tired muscles. Then we ened pace in a road that wound arp descent through a gap in the and the rush and roar of a tor- neath and beside us, the wind ing with wild blasts through rees that lined the way and cov- the hillside and seeming to ge the direction of its attack at moment.

ou'll make it, I reckon," said cher, at last. "It's only two miles er, and the train hasn't gone up

ere was no sign of life about the on as we drew our panting, steam- horses to a halt before it, and no was in sight. The rain dripping ily from the eaves was the only d that came from it, and a dull from an engine that lay alone siding was the only light that to be seen.

What's the time?" asked Thatcher. must have made a quick trip." Twenty minutes past three," said I, king a match under my coat to see watch face.

Immortal snakes!" cried Thatcher. an idiot. This is Sunday night." failed to see the connection of se startling discoveries, but I had it enough to argue the case. "It's nday morning, now."

Well, it's the same thing. The ght doesn't run to-night."

awoke to some interest at this an- ncement.

Why, it's got to run, or we must o to saddle again for the rest of the y."

These horses can't go five miles re at that gait, let alone 25," pro- ted Thatcher.

Well, then, we must get other ses here."

Come," said Fitzhugh; "what's the e of that when there's an engine on siding doing nothing?"

Just the idea. Find the man in arge."

But there did not appear to be any n in charge. The engineer and eman were gone, and the watchman d been driven to cover by the foul ather.

We looked the iron horse over en- busly.

"Why, this is the engine that came with the special this noon," said zhugh. I remember the number."

"Good! We are ahead of the enemy, en. They haven't had a chance to t the wire, and we beat them on e road. We must find the engineer d get it ourselves."

"I've got an idea," said Fitzhugh. 's this: Why not take the machine thout asking? I was a fireman ce, and I can run it pretty well."

I thought a moment on the risk, but e need was greater.

"Just the thing. Take the money the horses to your friend there. open the switch."

In a few minutes Fitzhugh was back. "I told him," he chuckled. "He ys it's a jail offense, but it's the ly thing we can do."

"It may be a case of life and death," I said. "Pull out."

"There's mighty little steam here—hardly enough to move her," said Fitzhugh from the cab, stirring the fire.

But as he put his hand to the lever she did move easily on to the main track and rested while I reset the switch.

Then I climbed back into the cab and sank down before the warm blaze in a stupor of faintness as the engine glided smoothly and swiftly down the track.

CHAPTER XXV.

A Flutter in the Market.

The gray pall of the storm hung over San Francisco. The dim light of the morning scarcely penetrated into the hallways as we climbed the stairs that led to our lodgings, leaving behind us the trail of dripping garments. I heaved a sigh of relief as Trent opened the door, and we once more faced the pleasing prospect of warmth, dry clothing and friends.

We had made the run from Niles without incident and had left the engine on a siding at Brooklyn without being observed. If the railroad company still has curiosity, after all these years, to know how that engine got from Niles to Brooklyn, I trust that the words I have just written may be taken as an explanation and apology.

"Where's Barkhouse?" I asked, becoming comfortable once more with dry clothes, a warm room and a fresh bandage on my arm.



THE WILLING BRUTES SHOT FORWARD INTO DARKNESS

"He hasn't shown up, sir," said Trent. "Owens and Larson went out to look for him toward evening yesterday, but there wasn't a sign of him."

"Try again to-day. You may pick up news at Borton's or some of the water-front saloons."

"Oh, there was a letter for you," said Trent. "I near fogot."

I snatched the envelope, for the address was in the hand of the Unknown. The sheet within bore the words:

"Where is the boy? Have you removed him? Send the key to Richmond. Let me know when you return, for I must see you as soon as it is safe."

I read the note three or four times and each time I was more bewildered than before. I had left the boy in Livermore, but certainly he was not the one she meant. He was the "wrong boy," and my employer must be well aware that I had taken him at her orders. Or could that expedition be a jest of the enemy to divert my attention? I dismissed this theory as soon as it suggested itself.

The closing portion of the note set my heart beating fast. At last I was to have the opportunity to meet my mysterious employer face to face. But what explanation was I to make? What reception would I meet when she learned that Henry Wilton had given up his life in her service and that I, who had taken his place, could tell nothing of the things she wished to know?

I wrote a brief note to Richmond stating that I had no key, inclosed the Unknown's note, with the remark that I had returned and gave it to Owens to deliver. I was in some anxiety lest he might not know where Richmond was to be found. But he took the note without question, and I lay down with orders that I was to be called in time to reach the opening session of the stock market, and in a moment was fast asleep.

The Stock Exchange was a boiling and bubbling mass of excited men as I reached it. I shouldered my way through the crowd into the buzzing Board-room as the session opened. Excitement thrilled the air, but the opening was listless. All knew that the struggle over Omega was to be settled that day, and that Doddridge Knapp or George Decker was to find ruin at the end of the call, and all were eager to hasten the decisive moment.

I could see nothing of Doddridge Knapp, and the uneasy feeling that he was at Livermore came over me. What was my duty in case he did not appear? Had he left his fotune at the mercy of the market to follow his lawless schemes? Had he been caught in his own trap, and was he now to be ruined as the result of his own acts?

I might have spared my worry. The call had not proceeded far when the massive form of Doddridge Knapp appeared at the railing. The strong wolf-marks of the face were stronger than ever as he watched the scene on the floor. I looked in vain for a trace upon him of last night's work. If he had been at Livermore he showed no sign of the passions or anxieties that had filled the dark hours.

He nodded carelessly for me to come to him as he caught my eye.

"You have the stock?"

"All safe."

"And the proxies?"

"Just as you ordered."

The King of the Street looked at me sharply.

"Any orders?" I asked at last.

"Be where I can call you the minute I want you," he replied.

"Now, my boy," he continued after a minute, "you are going to see what hasn't been seen in the Boards for years, and I reckon you'll never see it again."

"What is it?" I asked politely. I was prepared for almost any kind of fireworks in that arena.

Doddridge Knapp made no reply, but raised his hand as if to command silence, and a moment later the call of Omega was heard. And, for a marvel, a strange stillness did fall on the throng.

At the word of call I saw Doddridge Knapp step down to the floor of the pit, calm, self-possessed, his shoulders squared and his look as proud and forceful as that of a monarch who ruled by the might of his sword, while a grim smile played about his stern mouth.

The silence of the moment that followed was almost painful, when the voice of Doddridge Knapp rang like a trumpet through the Board-room.

"Five hundred for Omega!"

This was a wild jump from 325 that was marked against the stock at the close on Saturday, but I supposed the King of the Street knew what he was about.

At the bid of Doddridge Knapp a few cries rose here and there, and he was at once the center of a group of gesticulating brokers. Then I saw Decker, pale, eager, alert, standing by the rail across the room, signaling orders to men who howled bids and plunged wildly into the crowd that surrounded his rival.

The bids and offers came back and forth with shouts and barks, yet they made but a murmur compared to the whirlwind of sound that had arisen from the pit at the former struggles I had witnessed. There seemed but a few blocks of the stock on the market.

"This is great," chuckled Wallbridge, taking post before me. "There hasn't been anything like it since Decker captured Chollar in the election of '73. You don't remember that, I guess?"

"I wasn't in the market then," I admitted.

"Lord! Just to hear that!" cried the stout little man, mopping his glistening head frantically and quivering with nervous excitement. "Doddridge Knapp bids 1,500 for the stock and only gets five shares. Oh, why ain't I a chance to get into this?"

I heard a confused roar, above which rose the fierce tones of Doddridge Knapp.

"How many shares has he got to-day?" I asked.

"Not 40 yet."

"And the others?"

"There's been about 2,000 sold."

I gripped the rail in nervous tension. The battle seemed to be going against the King of the Street.

"Oh!" gasped Wallbridge, trembling with excitement. "Did you hear that? There! It's 1,700—now it's 1,775! Whew!"

I echoed the exclamation.

"Oh, why haven't I got 10,000 shares?" he groaned.

"Who is getting them?"

"Knapp got the last lot. O-oh, look there! Did you ever see the like of, that?"

I looked. Decker, hatless, with hair disheveled, had leaped the rail and was hurrying into the throng that surrounded Doddridge Knapp.

"There was never two of 'em on the floor before," cried Wallbridge.

At Decker's appearance the brokers opened a lane to him, the cries fell and there was an instant of silence as the kings of the market thus came face to face.

I shall never forget the sight. Doddridge Knapp, massive, calm, forceful, surveyed his opponent with unruffled composure. He was dressed in a light gray-brown suit that made him seem larger than ever. Decker was nervous, disheveled, his dress of black setting off the pallor of his face, till it seemed as white as his shirt bosom, as he fronted the King of the Street.

The foes faced each other, watchful as two wrestlers looking to seize an opening; and the Board-room held its breath. Then the crowd of brokers closed in again and the clamor rose once more.

I could not make out the progress of the contest, but the trained ear of Wallbridge interpreted the explosions of inarticulate sound.

"Phew! listen to that! Two thousand, 2,100, 2,150. Great snakes! See her jump!" he cried. "Decker's getting it."

My heart sank. Doddridge Knapp must have smothered his brain once more in the Black Smoke, and was now paying the price of indulgence. And his plans of wealth were a sacrifice to the wild and criminal scheme into which he had entered in his contest against the Unknown.

The clang of the gong recalled me from the reverie that had shut out the details of the scene before me.

"There! Did you hear that?" groaned Wallbridge. "Omega closes at 2,600 and Decker takes every trick. Oh, why didn't you have me on the floor out there? By the great horn spoon, I'd 'a' had every share of that stock, and wouldn't 'a' paid more than half as much for it, neither."

I sighed and turned, sick at heart, to meet the King of the Street as he shouldered his way from the floor.

There was not a trace of his misfortune to be read in his face. But Decker, the victor, moved away like a man oppressed, pale, staggering, half-fainting, as though the nervous strain had brought him to the edge of collapse.

Doddridge Knapp made his way to the doors and signed me to follow him, but spoke no word until we stood beside the columns that guard the entrance.

"That was warm work," said Doddridge Knapp after a moment's halt.

"I was very sorry to have it turn out so," I said.

A grim smile passed over his face.

"I wasn't," he growled good humoredly. "I thought it was rather neatly done."

I looked at him in surprise.

"Oh, I forgot that I hadn't seen you," he continued. "And like enough I shouldn't have told you if I had. The truth is, I found a block of 4,000 shares on Saturday night, and made a combination with them."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# BUTTER BY THE YARD.

Dairy Product Is So Sold in City of Cambridge, England.

In Cambridge, England, butter is sold by the yard. For generations it has been the practice of Cambridgeshire dairy folk to roll their butter into lengths, each length measuring a yard and weighing a pound. Deftly wrapped in strips of clean white cloth, the cylindrical rolls are packed in long, narrow baskets made for the purpose, and thus conveyed to market. The butter women who, in white linen aprons and sleeves, preside over the stalls in the market have no need of weights or scales for dispensing their wares. Constant practice and experienced eyes enable them with a stroke of the knife to divide a yard of butter into halves or quarters with almost mathematical exactness.

The university people are the chief buyers of this curiously shaped product. In addition to being famed for its purity and sweetness, Cambridge "yard butter" is eminently adapted for being served to the students in the daily commons. Cut in conveniently sized pieces and accompanied by a loaf of the best wheat bread, a stated portion is sent round every morning to the rooms of the undergraduates for use at breakfast and tea.—The Sunday Magazine.

### How the Judge Viewed It.

Even a judge on the bench likes his joke. A man whose name is Waters was arraigned in Bilville court on a charge of assault and battery. "What did you do to him," asked the judge, to make him assault you?" "We wuz at dinner," was the reply, "an' we got into a dispute, an' all I did wuz to hit him 'side the head with a corndodger, an' a week arterward he come back an' beat me shameful!" "Well," said the judge, "you know what the Scripture says: 'Bread cast upon the waters will return to you after many days!'"—Atlanta Constitution.

To get even with a shipmate wot has done ye dirt give him a pretty wife.

# The Company Feud

By William H. Wassell, U. S. A.

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When Private Murphy of F company was backed up by his followers to race with Private Johnson of E company, no one dreamed of the complications that were to follow. For a long time Johnson had been the fleetest man in the garrison, and E company had gloried in his powers. They boasted about him; they smiled indulgently when a man of another company was spoken of as a runner. They said that E company was the best company in the regiment; and as there was some foundation for their claim, the boasts ruffled the spirits of the men of F company, because they also laid claims to superiority.

One day a recruit came to F company. He was a well-built fellow, and it soon leaked out that he was fleet of foot. F company took him out on the prairie, measured off a hundred yards, started him with a blank cartridge, and timed him with the best watch in the company. Then they danced back to the barracks and laughed E company in the face. And E company jeered back at them, and sent F company a challenge—the men to run for all the money the two companies would draw on their next pay day. This was more than F company had, bargained for, but they had confidence in their man, and the challenge was accepted.

The garrison never forgot that race. Like unleashed hounds the two runners shot from the mark; not a breath was drawn by either E company or F company as the contestants tore down the track side by side. Then a mighty cheer went up from E company as, at the finish, their man forged ahead and won by a yard! How they screamed and hugged each other! And they carried Private Johnson back to barracks; they thought too much of him to allow him to walk.

The cinder track origin of the feud had been all but lost in a larger and more comprehensive rivalry, when one fine morning the colonel's pretty niece arrived at the post for a visit. Twenty-four hours after her arrival her heart, hand, and dainty smile were all violently besieged by the respective second lieutenants of companies E and F.

And then the company fight found a fresh inspiration, and was waged for all it was worth.

When the F company second lieutenant was allowed to take her sweetness to the first post hop following her arrival, the hearts of the men who slept on iron bunks in F company were full of rejoicing.

When the second lieutenant of E company stood highest in favor, E company at once proceeded in a body to the canteen as a consequence.

But this is not a story of the loves of two second lieutenants. Absorbing as was the competition into which these officers of E and F companies respectively had entered, and ardent as was the passion that inspired it, neither have more than an incidental interest in this tale.

One October morning, the sentinel in rear of officers' line saw flames bursting from the roof of the colonel's quarters.

"Fire, number three!" he yelled, at the same time firing his rifle.

The stillness of the autumnal morning was gone. Bugles blew, the reveille gun was fired, soldiers tumbled out of barracks, officers dropped their cards or their babies. The deserted parade was at once alive with men and littered with fire buckets, with hose carts and with ladders.

The second lieutenants of companies E and F rushed out of the colonel's house together. Between them was Miss Wilckens, but which one carried her, or whether neither or both of them enjoyed this privilege, not even the colonel's cook could tell. They left her reluctantly on the sidewalk, and each, with a parting look of undying love, fairly flew across the parade to conduct his own command to the scene of danger. The first sergeants met them half way with the hastily formed companies, and back again they madly raced to the burning house, easily beating all competitors in a dead heat for first place.

In every well-conducted garrison each company is assigned a fire duty. Some bring the ladders, others the hose, and others, still, fire buckets. For the latter duty were detailed Companies E and F; but finding no water for their buckets, they were ordered into the quarters to carry out the colonel's belongings. With F company rushed its second lieutenant. A moment later he hurried forth bearing a divan pillow under each arm, and his eyes caught the second lieutenant of E company not only calmly standing on the sidewalk with Miss Wilckens, but actually wrapping his cape around her. A moment later the girl's pretty shoulders were covered with another second lieutenant's cape, and from that time on companies E and F worked without their junior officers.

The colonel's quarters were old, and the puny streams of water that were thrown upon the blaze seemed but to double the anger of the flames. The little tongue of fire on the roof grew in spite of all effort to subdue it, until the attics were a seething mass. Black clouds of smoke poured from the second story windows, and a regiment of men stood by, anxious, willing, yet powerless—Company E and Company F close to the building, each longing for a first chance at anything.

Among Miss Wilckens' possessions was a maid, and just as the second lieutenants of Companies E and F simultaneously asked to be allowed to do something—anything—in her behalf, Miss Wilckens suddenly exclaimed:

"Oh, where's Baker? Where's Baker?"

"Miss Wilckens' maid!" chorused the second lieutenants.

That was enough for F company, and more than enough for E company. With just a second's start E company rushed again into the burning building, up the stairway, through a rain of water from the hose that could attain no greater height, to grope through the smoke and flame for the missing maid. Having started ahead of F company, they blocked the doorway and packed the stairway so that not a man of that hated body, except little Dorgan, the recruit, could get into the house.

The smoke was suffocating, and E company gasped for breath, but manfully held to its task. Flames darted



Fainted In the Arms of Both Second Lieutenants.

out from all parts of the second floor, but E company gave no thought to its singed hairs and blackened faces. But where was the girl? Was all their search to be in vain?

"Where is she? Which is her room?"

And as the flames raged with an ever-increasing ferocity, the waiting crowd of soldiers felt the premonition of death in their hearts.

Suddenly a cheer broke from some one in the burning building. They had found her! The hoarse, smoke-choked cheer ran through the men on the stairway, swelling louder, and louder, until the outsiders caught it and sent it back to the rescuers—a roar of applause for their bravery.

Ever so gently the sweaty arms on the stairway stretched out to receive the unconscious form, thoughtfully wrapped in woolen blankets; carefully yet quickly, they passed her down.

Was she burned? Where was the doctor? Give her air. Get her away from that building.

And another cheer was given, a cheer for E company. And to their lasting credit be it said that F company started the cheer.

As the last six bearers with their unconscious burden reached the sidewalk, Miss Wilckens glanced away from the fire up along the line of officers' quarters. Then she gave a little shriek: "There's Baker! She wasn't in the fire at all!" and promptly fainted in the arms of both second lieutenants.

At the same moment there was a lively scrambling in the woolen blankets. A second later, little Dorgan, the F company recruit, was sprinting across the parade as though the legions of Satan were after him.

"Much obliged to E company!" he yelled as he ran. "I knew she wasn't in the fire! I knew it all the time! But much obliged to E company for carrying an F company man so nice!"

Little Dorgan got six months in the guard house, but he is F company's hero. A week after the fire, a tall "cit" came out from the east. He did not know the difference between "fours right" and "fours left," but he knew how to put a solitaire ring on the proper finger of Miss Wilckens' pretty left hand. The second lieutenants of Companies E and F simultaneously applied for leaves of absence.

A laugh is better than all else, so to be laughed at is worse than all else; therefore F company came out of the company feud with flying colors.

### If It Were!

Walter J. Travis, golfing at Rye, sympathized with a friend's story of a drunken caddy.

"It is amazing," said Mr. Travis, "how people with serious responsibility on their shoulders—butlers, engineers, caddies and so on—will get drunk."

He smiled.

"A lady I know," he went on, "came downstairs to see the flowers on the eve of a large dinner, and found her butler staggering about the dining room with red eyes and disordered hair.

"The man dropped a cut-glass bowl and laughed, and his mistress cried indignantly:

"'Good gracious, Parker, you're drunk!'

"The butler, with a silly smile, said, soothingly:

"'Don't be alarmed, ma'am. It ain't ketchin'.'"

### Find Field for Rubber Industry.

The rubber industry of Hawaii is still in the experimental stage, but experts believe the opportunities for profit are going to be large.

# IN SUNSET OF LIFE

"IK MARVEL" SPENDING LAST DAYS AT CONNECTICUT HOME.

Noted Author Now In His Eighty-Seventh Year—"Reveries of a Bachelor" That Made Him Known World Over.

Boston.—"Ik Marvel" has just passed his eighty-sixth birthday and is now spending the sunset of his life at the old home in Edgewood, Conn. Somewhat aside from the highway of literary activity, he is still remembered as the man who away back in the fifties saw in human events the stuff of which dreams are made, and around the experiences of his own youth and bachelorhood wove a vesture of reverie that made them a delight wherever books are bought and read.

Donald Grant Mitchell was born in April, 1822. Being a sickly, delicate boy, he seemed altogether unlikely to bear the strain of college education, and entered Yale with little hope of completing the prescribed course. But strength came with effort, and after hard work, alternated by moments of comparative leisure, in which he edited the college magazine, young Mitchell graduated successfully and delivered the farewell address in 1841.

After leaving Yale he became a sufferer from the same pulmonary trouble which in the three preceding years had proved fatal to three members of his family. It was this illness which compelled Mr. Mitchell to give up the plans he had formed of doing journalistic work in New York.

For a time he retired to an old family homestead in Salem, Conn. Then he undertook a trip to Europe, from which he returned much benefited in health. The literary result of this journey was his first book, "Fresh Gleanings," published in 1847, the year in which he began, without continuing, his study of law. Then followed another trip over the Atlantic. Mr.



Donald G. Mitchell.

Mitchell was an eyewitness of the Paris outbreaks of 1848, and he described them in his second book, entitled "The Battle Summer."

New York now called him. He edited there a satirical and humorous paper, "The Lorgnette," contributing to it special articles of his own signed "John Timon." Subsequently these articles were printed in two small volumes.

All this time Mr. Mitchell had been working out the various chapters of the book which was to make him known not only throughout the United States, but also in foreign countries—"Reveries of a Bachelor." The first "reverie" appeared in "The Southern Literary Messenger," then a leading literary periodical published in Richmond.

The "Reveries of a Bachelor" at once became widely popular. When the second edition was issued Mr. Mitchell says he began to revise the book, and then, because revision would have completely changed it, left it as it was.

After the publication of "Dream Life" in 1851, a book only second in success to the "Reveries," Mr. Mitchell in 1853 realized one of the most vivid of his dreams by marrying Miss Mary F. Pringle of Charleston, S. C. The same year President Pierce appointed him consul at Venice. Accompanied by his wife, he spent a year in that city, part of the time being given to collecting materials for a history of the republic of Venice, which he never completed. On his return to this country in 1855 he settled upon his farm at Edgewood.

Mr. Mitchell was for some time associate editor of the Hearth and Home, New York, and frequently appeared as a lecturer. He had a large acquaintance among literary men; he was intimate with Washington Irving, to whom he dedicated his "Dream Life;" Longfellow, Hawthorne, Bryant and N. P. Willis.

Mr. Mitchell changed his style after middle age, and wrote many things more practical than would seem possible for the author of "Dream Life." He became noted as a landscape gardener, and his utterances thereon are authority. The park at East Rock, New Haven, Conn., was laid out and adorned by his directions, and so were many private parks and grounds.

Mr. Mitchell had 11 children. His wife died on December 5, 1901, after a happy married life of more than 48 years.

### A Mild Rebuke.

Patron (just finding standing-room on an overloaded street car)—I think this company should be stopped from overloading its cars this way.

Conductor—Please, sir, the company don't overload them. It's the people gettin on after the cars is full.—New York Weekly.

### Aiming High.

The Ram—What is your chief ambition in life?

The Bull—To tell the truth, I would like to be given the freedom of a china shop some day.—Puck.

### Young America.

Little Jr., aged four, was playing out in the yard, when suddenly the came rushing into the house, crying out: "Oh, mamma! come quick! Come and see this bug; he is taking his trousers off!" He had found a locust coming out of its old shell.

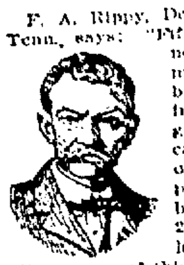
### Wedding Anniversaries.

The china wedding is the twentieth year, and the silver wedding the twenty-fifth. The silk and linen is a practical event on the twelfth, but not so often celebrated.


AWFUL GRAVEL ATTACKS.

Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills After Years of Suffering.

F. A. Rippy, Depot Ave., Gallatin, Tenn., says: "Fifteen years ago kidney disease attacked me. The pain in my back was so agonizing I finally had to give up work. Then came terrible attacks of gravel with acute pain and passages of blood. In all I passed 25 stones, some as large as a bean.



Nine years of this ran me down to a state of continual weakness and I thought I never would be better until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The improvement was rapid, and since using four boxes I am cured and have never had any return of the trouble."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.


### HAD HEARD THEM.



Judge—Do you understand the nature of an oath?

She—I'm a telephone girl, judge.

### Why Didn't She?

A little boy of five years, playing with his sister one day, leaned too far out of the second-story window, lost his balance and fell into the yard below. Very miraculously he escaped being injured, and his parents and friends were so delighted that they gave him quite a number of pennies, nickels and dimes.

The next day, after he recovered from the shock of the fall, he was counting his money, and on seeing his little sister enter the room, exclaimed: "Gee, Gladys, look at all the money I got for falling out of the window! Why don't you try it?"—The Delineator.

### Too Rough for the Cows.

Mrs. Rorer, of cook book fame, tells of seeing a maid drop and break a beautiful platter at a dinner recently, says Everybody's Magazine. The host did not permit a trifle like this to ruffle him in the least.

"These little accidents happen 'most every day," he said, apologetically. "You see, she isn't a trained waitress. She was a dairymaid originally, but she had to abandon that occupation on account of her inability to handle the cows without breaking their horns."


Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.


### Development.

"Remember," said the earnest inventor, "it ain't so very many years since the telephone caused laughter."

"That's true," answered the man who has trouble with central. "At first it caused laughter; now it causes profanity."


BUD DOBLE

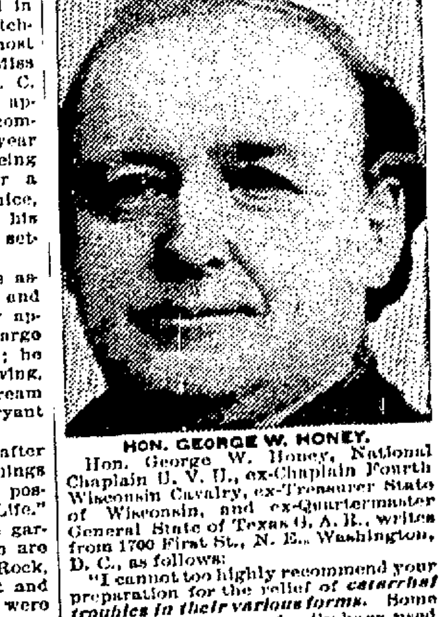
The greatest of all horsemen, says: "In my 40 years' experience with horses I have found SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE the most successful of all remedies for the horses. It is the greatest blood purifier." Bottle 50c and $1.00. Druggists can supply you, or manufacturers. Agents wanted. Send for free Book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.


### Getting Back at Him.

He (peevishly)—Here and now I wash my hands of the whole affair.

She (calmly)—And don't forget your face and neck while engaged in the laundry act.


MY OWN FAMILY USE PE-RU-NA.



HON. GEORGE W. HONEY.

Hon. George W. Honey, National Chaplain U. V. U., ex-Chaplain Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry, ex-Treasurer State of Wisconsin, and ex-Quartermaster General State of Texas G. A. R., writes from 1700 First St., N. E., Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I cannot too highly recommend your preparation for the relief of ***catarrhal troubles in their various forms.*** Some members of my own family have used it with most gratifying results. When other remedies failed, ***Peruna proved most efficacious*** and I cheerfully certify to its curative excellence."

Mr. Fred L. Hebard, for nine years a leading photographer of Kansas City, Mo., located at the northeast corner of 12th and Grand Aves., cheerfully gives the following testimony: "It is a proven fact that Peruna will cure ***catarrh and la grippe,*** and as a ***tonic it has no equal.*** Druggists have tried to make me take something else 'just as good,' but Peruna is good enough for me."

Pe-ru-na in Tablet Form.

For two years Dr. Hartman and his assistants have incessantly labored to create Peruna in tablet form, and their strenuous labors have just been crowned with success. People who object to liquid medicines can now secure Peruna tablets, which represent the solid medicinal ingredients of Peruna.





# RAILWAYS BUILT FOR WAR.

Russia has at length completed the eat steel and concrete bridge across e Oxus at Karki, on which it has en busy ever since the autumn of 05. This bridge is the last and incipal link in the new startegic railay which is being built between the eat city of Samarkand, in Russian urkestan, and the little village of osaga, on the Afghan frontier, and as on as the rails are laid, which will in a few months' time, the czar will be able, should he so wish, to mass easily a million of men upon the borders of this debatable territory. Another of these strategic railways has also been recently completed from the Caspian to Penjdeh, by way of Merv. This means that Herat, the traditional "key of India," is now within easy striking distance of St. Petersburg. These great trunk lines have been constructed secretly. They have never been opend for traffic, except local on certain sections. They are, in fact, railways built for war. The sterile regions through which they run can, for the most part, never support any permanent population. They stop short on the frontier of Afghanistan, amid a jumble of mountains and morasses and uninhabited salt deserts.

### Savage Sense of Humor.

Lecturing on New Guinea, A. H. Dunning said he once offered a native some smelling salts. After going through extraordinary contortions the native went away, returning soon with another native whom he compelled to make acquaintance with the salts. The two brought a third, and so on until the whole village had been victimized. The savages watched each new sufferer with the keenest delight and took good care not to let him know what fate awaited him.

### Satisfactory Piece.

We will never have universal peace until each nation is satisfied with the piece it has.—Judge.

### His Act.

"Father," said young Si Cornsilk, "I have long desired to go on the stage, and now, with your permission—"

Hosea Cornsilk thoughtfully stroked his flame-colored chin beard.

"All the world's a stage, my son," he said, gently. "Take that hoe and dig up the potatoes in the half acre field behind the hog pen."

### In Need of Teachers.

A shortage of 1,200 school teachers is reported in Oklahoma. The cause is said to be the small salaries of women teachers. The club women declare that if the salaries of the women teachers were made to equal those of the men the shortage would cease to exist. In the meantime women out of employment are looking to Oklahoma for places during the coming school term.

### Dread Disease in Jamaica.

In Jamaica tuberculous disease is extremely uncommon among the whites. When it occurs in negroes, they quickly succumb to it.

## CRANBERRY NOTES

### Cranberry Growers Annual Meeting

Held at Wareham on Tuesday. Crop for 1908 Estimated at Fifteen Per Cent Less Than Last Year.

The annual meeting of the Cape Cod Cranberry Growers' Association was held on Tuesday, Aug. 25, in Odd Fellows Hall, Wareham, with an attendance of about seventy-five growers, and numerous buyers and railroad representatives were present.

The meeting was called to order by President George R. Briggs and the records of the last meeting read by the secretary, William W. Marsh. Reports of standing committees were then likewise so. W. W. March reported for the committee on insect specimens and stated that box of insects, showing them in different stages, had been prepared and placed at convenient points where they might be seen by the growers.

John C. Makepeace reported for the committee on transportation and said that they had taken up the matter of increased yard facilities at Tremont with the railroad officials, but that nothing had yet been done, although he thought that something would be done soon. He then called attention to the fact that last year the railway company had withdrawn the help previously given in loading cars and that they had refused to give a straight bill of lading on carload lots, marking the way-bills "shippers' load and count." This prevented the borrowing of money on bills of lading and rendered them non-negotiable. The matter was freely discussed and Mr. Makepeace announced that an appointment had been made to meet Vice-President Byrnes in Boston on Friday of this week when the question should be taken up. It was stated that this was an important matter, both to growers and to buyers, and that a full attendance should be at the meeting. It was thought by some that in case of an unfavorable decision the matter should be taken before the Interstate Commerce Commission, and that there was a fair chance that the contention of the growers would be sustained by that body. Resolutions were drawn up to be presented that day.

The election of officers then occurred and resulted in re-election of the old officers who were as follows: President, George R. Briggs, Plymouth; first vice president, John C. Makepeace, Wareham; second vice president, Joshua Crowell, East Dennis; executive committee, Franklin F. Marsh, Wareham; Arthur N. Kenney, East Harwich; Alonzo P. Hamblin, South Carver; William F. Makepeace, West Barnstable; J. A. Peters, Mashpee, Seth C. C. Phinney, Carver; C. C. Wood Plymouth; secretary, W. W. Marsh, Boston treasurer, I. C. Hammond, Onset.

Adjournment was then taken for dinner, which was served in the Grand Army hall, and consisted of chowder, crackers, cold roast turkey, cranberry sauce, mashed potatoes, rolls and butter, apple pie, coffee, lemonade and cigars. The dinner was an excellent one and was served by the Woman's Relief Corps.

After the dinner the meeting reconvened in the lower hall and the report of the committee on the tabulation of the crop statistics was listened to. Sixty-five growers reported their crop for 1907 as 111,165; the same growers estimated their crop for this year to be 94,303; about fifteen per cent less than last year. It was reported that 114 acres of new bog would be in bearing this year.

Prof. C. P. Brooks of the Amherst Experiment Station was then introduced and spoke in part as follows:

"When your president asked me to be present today I informed him that it would give me great pleasure to do so, although I must not be depended upon to do the principal addressing. I will endeavor to tell you something of our work the past year and some of our results and lack of results.

"I will endeavor especially to throw light upon the fertilizer problems, which have been my especial part of the investigation, upon the weed problem and the insect problem.

"I am not familiar with the fertilizer question as I am most at home with this question. When it come to insects I have made little personal study of them. I have experimented with a bog located partly in Falmouth and partly in Mashpee. It is known as the Red Brook Bog. I have not attempted to compare special fertilizers with a view to ascertaining which is the best, but have been using what may be called raw materials, not raw in the sense of being not immediately available, but raw in the sense of not being combined.

"We select particular material and use them in this particular way to ascertain the useful ingredient they contain. I can give you no definite advice as a result of my experiment; the problem is a difficult and complicated one, the bog soil totally differing from their usual garden and field soil and I am afraid that my particular bog may not be a fair test. Some of the conclusions reached are that clear applications of nitrate of soda soon after the water is withdrawn in the spring means more vines. I expected that this growth of vines would be followed the next year by an increase of the fruit but this was not found to be the case on some bogs where there are too many vines and on others where they are too few and feeble and the fruit is small, use a moderate amount of nitrate of soda soon after the water is withdrawn, putting on about 125 to 150 pounds to the acre, and good results may be noticed.

"Concerning phosphoric acid in the form of acid phosphate I have not been able to note any benefits from its use.

"As to potash there was one distinct effect. The berries appear to be higher colored than where not used. This is along the line of experience with other fruits. I tested high grade potash, low grade potash and other kinds of potash substances and find the low grade be the best to use. This is probably due to the presence of magnesia, which may be a valuable ingredient in cranberry soils. Where the growth of vines is not over luxuriant use 100 to 135 pounds nitrate of soda, 300 to 400 pounds acid phosphate, 250 to 300 pounds low grade sulphate of potash to the acre. These can be readily mixed on the barn floor with a shovel and is strong and quick acting. Mix with an equal amount of sand to aid in even distribution.

"The bog at years showed some fungus trouble where nitrate of soda had been applied, so right shy of nitrate of soda where fungus troubles are liable. A liberal supply of potash means less rot and fungus disease. I don't say it will cure these, but the probability is that the trouble will be less.

"Last year I spoke of the hope of securing an experimental bog. We have not been able to secure one, as the state will not assent to assume the guarantee demanded by the owner. We asked this association to assume the responsibility but were informed that as it was not an incorporated body, it could not assume any legal liability. We desire to help the growers solve the insect problem but shall only be able to work to advantage if we can control a bog. I will leave you to look the situation over and see if you cannot place a bog at our disposal. If you will do this we will do what we can to help you. We were sorry not to be able to retain the services of Mr. Franklin, but he received a better offer than we could make. The state has selected as his successor a young man of much promise to take up and continue the work. While he has not been able to do much this year it is hoped that he will be of more benefit next.

"Certain weeds have been destroyed by spraying with certain solutions. It depends upon which happens to have the most resistive powers, the vines or the weeds. Cranberry vines have a smooth tough leaf and the outlook is promising. I tried it on a wild bog near Amherst, using four different materials, sulphate of iron, sulphate of copper, arsenate of soda and arsenate of soda. Perfect success was not attained, but have destroyed the principal part of the foliage of the weeds without injuring the vines. Those were used as follows: 12 per cent of sulphate of iron, 15 and 25 per cent. The weaker solution hackened and deadened the tissue of the weeds without injury to the vine. The stronger solution seemed to have no different effect. I got the same results from using sulphate of copper and a more marked effect with arsenate of lead and arsenite of lead. I don't give any definite advice but want you to try it.

Try it soon after the water is removed in the spring, but with caution as the vines may be more tender at that time.

"Many questions were asked of Professor Brooks by the growers and the answers to some of them will be given in our next issue for lack of space here.

Supt. A. A. Heald of the Wareham shoools was called upon for remarks and spoke on the importance of interesting the government in the experimental work. His remarks were well received and we shall have more to say about them next week, as well as about the valuable "experience meeting" which followed.

### Resolution.

Pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided it is hereby resolved and ordered by the Common Council of the city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, that a new sidewalk be constructed in accordance with the provisions of that certain Ordinance Number 113, entitled: "An ordinance defining a Standard Sidewalk," duly adopted by said city of Grand Rapids on the 5th day of November, A. D., 1907, or that a sidewalk be constructed as good as said standard sidewalk, to be approved by the Board of Public Works of said city of Grand Rapids, along the line of and in front of the following described property, situated in said city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, to wit:

Abutting on Baker street along the north side of lot No. 8 in Block No. 8 of Woodd's addition to Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, the property of S. E. Renno.

Abutting on Eighth street along the east side of Lot No. 10 in Block No. 2 of Sub. of Fractional Lot No 1 Sec. 17-22-6 East according to Sargent's plat, the property of Chas. Gouger.

It is further resolved and ordered, that in case the respective owners of the above described premises, or any of them, fail or neglect to construct said sidewalk within ten (10) days from the date thereof, in front of his premises as herein required, then the Board of Public Works of said city of Grand Rapids shall cause such sidewalk to be constructed in front of such premises, herein described, and in the manner herein described, and the cost of such construction shall be assessed against the owner of the premises in front of which said sidewalk is so laid, in the manner provided by law.

Dated at the Council Chamber, city of Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin, this 6th day of October, A. D., 1908.

Approved by an affirmative vote of the Common Council of said city of Grand Rapids, this 6th day of October, A. D., 1908.

F. Pomainville.
Mayor.

Attest:
O. E. Boles.
Clerk.

### ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Carpenter, Mrs. Grace, card; Morse, Mrs. M. W.; Vannatta, Miss Edna.

Gentlemen. Bentles, Bill; Campbell, Master James, card; Disher, Lorance; Doily, Anton,; Durant, E., cards; Fenton, Perry, card; Ford, Henry, card; Greengrass, Ed, card; Hailet, Peter.; Heiser, Nick, 2 cards; Merrill, Frank W.; Reller, L, card; Smith, Jim; Solum, Christ, card; Wolf, F. P., card.


**DR. GEO. M. McINTYRE, Osteopath**

Suit 14, MacKinnon Block. Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings by appointment. Telephone 150


### Senator Stout on the Good Roads Amendment.

Every voter who is interested in the welfare of the state should read the statment from Senator Stout of Menomonie. Senator Stout has an enviable name as a man who is intensely interested in all things that make for general progress. He is one of the fortunate wealthy men who enjoy their wealth by doing good with it. He has been interested in better roads for many years and some time ago constructed at his own expense a model country road leading out of his home city. His interest takes a practical turn in all public spirited enterprises that he is connected with and the following statement merits the careful attention of every reader.

"I believe that one of the most important subjects to come before the people of our state this fall is an amendment to the constitution. This important amendment will doubtless attract the attention of many voters, but not nearly so many as should be interested. It provides that state funds may be appropriated to aid in building public highways.

That roads are really "public" as they are named, and not the concern solely of the men who live on them is rapidly becoming accepted as a fact in progressive communities. When they are accepted as public property it is only right that they be paid for by the whole public.

It is unjust to require the farmers alone to pay for the roads, for good roads bring benefits not only to the farmers but to every citizen who gets what he eats from a farm, or who buys from or sells to farmers. This amendment simply provides for a plan whereby state money can be used to pay for a part of the cost of roads when the local people have voted to pay their share. There is nothing compulsory about it—it is simply a step toward a more just and equitable distribution of the cost of one of our great public institutions—our roads. It takes part of the load from the farmer who has heretofore unjustly borne it all, and puts it on the state as a whole, where it belongs. Every good citizen should be sure to mark his ballot in favor of this amendment and influence his neighbors to do the same."

### VESPER.

On Saturday morning occurred the death of Miss Esther Hinz, who had been sick for some time with diabetes. Miss Hinz was nineteen years of age and last year attended the teachers' training school in Grand Rapids. The funeral was held on Monday afternoon at the Lutheran church and interment in the cemetery west of the village. Several young lady students of the training school were present at the funeral. The family have the sympathy of all in their sad bereavement.

Mrs. Chas. Truetel returned on Friday from Waukesha where she spent the past month visiting.

Mr. and Mrs John Schnabel and children of Grand Rapids visited at the P. Flanagan home on Sunday.

Mrs. E E. Swan and children of North Fond du Lac spent last week at the White home.

Mrs. H. Truetel and Mrs. J. Flangan spent Saturday visiting with Miss Matie Goldhammer, who spent the past summer here with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Horn, departed for her home in Adell on Monday.

Mrs. Lynn Turner left on Monday for an extended visit in the southern part of the state.

Miss Nellie Lindan and Emil Pauer of Menasha visited at the P. Flanagan home over Sunday.

Chas. Ecklund and family of Sigel and Mrs. T. Rouhan of South Dakota spent Sunday at the White home.

Ben Hansen of Grand Rapids is here looking after the building of a new potato house. Louis Johnson and helpers are doing the mason work.

Mrs. Shirley at Hansen.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gilmaster of Grand Rapids spent Sunday visiting the John Hessler family.

Walter Truetel, rural mail carrier, is taking a vacation and Ben Garlan is substitute.

Miss Kate Hoonoveld of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at home.

J. C. Beemler started on Monday for Virginia to look up a new location.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Holl are rejoicing over the arrival of a nine pound baby boy Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hessler had their baby christened on Sunday.

Elsworth Murgatroyd was in the Rapids Sunday.

Notice of Sale, on Foreclosure of Mechanics Liens.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for Wood County, Wisconsin, and under and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and duly rendered and entered in said court on the 26th day of August, 1908, wherein Johnson & Hill Company was plaintiff and Casper Goos and Helen Goos, his wife, the Grand Rapids Hollow Concrete Wall Company, Kellogg Bros. Lumber Company and Clark Snyder were defendants, wherein and whereby amongst other things it was adjudged and decreed that all right, title and interest which the defendants Casper Goos and Helen Goos, his wife, or either of them had in and to the premises hereinafter described on the first day of June, 1907, or which said named defendants or either of them and all persons claiming under them or either of them have since said date acquired of, in and to the premises hereinafter described, or so much thereof as might be necessary to satisfy the amount of liens according to the terms of said judgment together with costs be sold at public auction by and under the direction of the sheriff of Wood County, to satisfy the amount thereby adjudged to be due to the plaintiff Johnson & Hill Company, and the defendants Grand Rapids Hollow Concrete Wall Company, Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co. and Clark Snyder amounting, exclusive of costs, to upwards of the sum of Five Hundred and Eighty ($580) Dollars together with the costs as taxed and all subsequent costs and expenses and that the sheriff give public notice of the day and place of sale in the manner provided by law for the sale of real estate on execution.

Now therefore pursuant to said execution and judgment, I will on the 31st day of October, 1908, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front or north door of the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood County, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described premises, situated lying and being in Wood County, Wisconsin, to-wit:—

Part of the North East quarter (N. E. ¼) of the South East quarter (S. E. ¼) Section No. Thirty-five (35) Township No. Twenty-two (22) North, Range No. Five (5) East, more particularly described as follows:—A piece of land bounded on the south by what is known as Letendre Avenue being the street running from the mill of the John Edwards Manufacturing Company in the village of Port Edwards, said County, to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul depot in said village; on the west by the right of way of said Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, on the east by the right of way of the Wisconsin Central Railway, and on the north by a line parallel to said Letendre Avenue, and 248 feet distance from the North side thereof.

Dated at Grand Rapids, Wisconsin this 16th day of September, 1908.

J. T. Welch,
Sheriff of Wood County, Wisconsin.
W. E. Wheelan and Geo. L. Williams,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.
9-16—10-21.

### ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Guy Getts transacted business in Stevens Point on Tuesday.

—Harvey Stock Company at Daly's theater on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

Lemuel Kromer left on Monday for Minneapolis to visit his relatives for a short time.

You should go to hear John A. Aylward at the opera house next Monday evening.

Atty C. H. Cashin of Stevens Point was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Miss Bertha Fierak of Stevens Point is visiting this week with Mr. and Mrs David Lutz.

Rev. Fred Staff is in Madison this week attending a state meeting of the Congregational church.

Thos. Slattery of Atlanta was in the city on Tuesday visiting with relatives and friends.

Don't forgat the democratic speech at the opera house next Monday evening by John A. Aylward.

Barney St. Denis of Rudolph was a pleasant caller at the Tribune office today while in the city on busino .

Dr. J. W. Rockwell, who has been spending about three weeks in Denver and other points in the west, returned home on Monday.

—The Harvey stock company will be at the opera house on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week. Dont' miss seeing them.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Curtis of Chicago have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Whitney the past week, leaving on Monday for Minocqua.

Make it a point to save Monday evening to yourself so that you can go and hear John A. Aylward at the opera house next Monday evening.

Miss Grace Morse of Lancaster, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Morse for a week past, left for her home on Tuesday.

Grant Beardsley, Frank Billmyer, Henry Kunth and Frank Mazar departed on Tuesday for Dakota to be present at the opening of the Rosebud Indian reservation.

—Does this chilly weather make you think of heating stoves? Krieger has some fine heating stoves which he is selling cheap. It will save you money to look them over.

Rev. H. B. Johnson, who has spent the past month in Pennsylvania and North Carolina, returned home on Tuesday. He reports a very pleasant trip.

Oscar Morterud of Westby was in the city Sunday and Monday visiting with his old friends. Oscar looks much the same as he did when he left here and the world seems to be treating him kindly.

—Dont' forget that the Harvey Stock Company will be at Daly's Theater on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings. They carry their own band and orchestra and put up a good show. "The Thief" will be presented on Thursday evening.

The mail carriers hold their second annual ball at the Eagles hall this evening. The Bliss six piece orchestra will furnish he music for the occasion and it is expected that there will be a good time.

Miss Pleasants gave a talk before the meeting of the Federated Clubs at the library building on Friday evening on the subject of libraries. The ladies report that her talk was a good one and it was enjoyed by all present.

P. R. Irons, who has been making his home in this city during the past year and a half, expects to leave tomorrow for his old home at Tomah to take up his residence. Miss L. Irons, who has been making her home with him here, expects to leave for Tomah on Monday.

Dr. J. Kellogg, who has been practicing his profession of veterinary surgeon in this city since last spring, has closed up his business about town and expetes to leave today for the west where he will look up a location. The doctor has not decided where he will locate as yet, but intends to look about a bit. The doctor has made many friends while here who will wish him success wherever he may decide to cast his lot.

### Woman Interrupts Political Speaker

A well dressed woman interrupted a political speaker recently by continually coughing. If she had taken Foley's Honey and Tar it would have cured her cough quickly and expelled the cold from her system. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. John E. Daly and Johnson & Hill Co.

### Maccabee Notes.

At the last regular review of the Ladies of the Maccabee Friday, Oct. 2nd, an interesting program of solos, readings and papers was given to celebrate the sixteenth birthday of the Order. Among the facts brought out were that it is the largest Fraternal Beneficiary society for women in the world. There are 2,730 hives.

Membership Jan. 1908, 158,134.

Central Rapids Hive 69.

Escaloped oysters, coffee, pickles, sandwiches and cake were served.

### BIRTHS.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Musch of the town of Rudolph last week.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Kane last week.

A ten pound boy to Mr. and Mrs. Henry VanTassell on Tuesday.

### REMINGTON

Mrs. A. Hass returned from Nekoosa last Saturday.

James Lowe, who has been a guest at the home of his son, C. S. Lowe several weeks, returned to his home in Tomah last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rutz are entertaining relatives from Iowa this week.

Miss Maita Hass spent Sunday at home.

Miss Lottie Mahoney visited with her parents at Grand Rapids Saturday and Sunday.

Chas. Sanger and August Rutz visited with friends at Nekoosa and Grand Rapids last Sunday.

### General Election Notice.

Wood County, County Clerk's office Sept. 7th, 1908.

Sir:—A general election is to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts, in said County, on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday, being the 3rd day of November, 1908, at which are to be elected the officers specified herein in accordance with the substance of a notice received from the Secretary of State.

Thirteen electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

A Governor in place of James O. Davidson, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January A. D. 1909.

A Lieutenant Governor in place of W. D. Connor, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Secretary of State, in place of James A. Frear, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A State Treasurer, in place of Andrew H. Dahl, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January 1909.

An Attorney General, in place of Frank L. Gilbert, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Comm-ssioner of Insurance, in place of George E. Beedle, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A representative in Congress for the tenth Congressional District, consisting of the Counties of Iron, Vilas, Oneida, Forest, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Shawano, Marathon Taylor, Price, Ashland and Wood.

ASSEMBLY.

A member of Assembly, in place of O. H. Goldsworthy, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

COUNTY.

A Sheriff in place of Julian T. Welch, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 19 9.

A County Clerk, in place of Geo. W. Davis, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Clerk of the Circuit Court, in place of A. B. Bever, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

Register of Deeds, in place of W. S. Powell, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

County Treasurer, in place of H. F. Bean, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

District Attorney in place of Roy R. Andrews whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A Coroner in place of Jacob Lusk, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

A County Surveyor, in place of William Gorcorsal, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1909.

GEORGE W. DAVIS,
County Clerk.

In accordance with section 1 of article XII of the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and chapters 258 and 665 of the laws of 1907, the following joint resolutions were adopted by the Legislature of the state of Wisconsin at the regular session of 1907, are made a part of the foregoing notice to-wit:

(No. 37 A.)

Joint resolution No. 13.

To amend section 1 of article V of the Constitution, relating to the approval of bills by the Governor.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, that Section 10 of article V of the Constitution be amended by striking out the word "three" in line thirteen and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six" so that when so amended said section shall read as follows:

Section 10, every bill which shall have passed the legislature shall before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor: If he approves, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him the same shall be a law unless the legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

(No. 22 S.)

Joint Resolution No. 18.

Providing for an amendment to section 10 article VIII, of the Constitution relating to internal improvements.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the Constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses; which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that section 10 of article VIII of the Constitution, be amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Provided that the state may appropriate money in the Treasury or to be thereafter raised by taxation for the construction or improvement of public highways" therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the foregoing amendment to the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin, be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

(No. 47 A.)

Joint Resolution No. 25.

To amend section 1 of article III, of the Constitution, relating to electors.

Whereas, at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the Constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, that sub-section 2 of section 1 of article III of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin be amended so as to read as follows:

2. Persons of foreign birth, who, prior to the first day of December, A. D. 1908, shall have declared their intentions to become citizens conformable to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, provided that the rights hereby granted to such persons shall cease on the first day of December, A. D. 1912.

Therefore, resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the foregoing proposed amendments to the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

(No. 19 S.)

Joint Resolution No. 23.

Whereas at the biennial session of the legislature for the year 1905 an amendment to the Constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language:

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, that section 1 of article VIII of the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin be amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges, and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive and reasonable exemptions may be provided" so that when so amended said section shall read as follows:

"Section 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the legislature shall prescribe. Taxes may also be imposed on incomes, privileges and occupations, which taxes may be graduated and progressive, and reasonable exemptions may be provided."

Resolved by the Senate, the Assembly concurring, that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the state of Wisconsin be and the same is agreed to by this legislature.

Given under my hand and official seal at the capitol in the city of Madison this 5th day of August A. D. 1908. James A. Frear,
Secretary of State.

State of Wisconsin } ss.
County of Wood }
To the Count Clerk of Wood County:

Pursuant to the above notice from the secretary of state notice is hereby given that at the general election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election precincts of the County of Wood and state of Wisconsin on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the 3rd day of November A. D. 1908, the officers therein mentioned to be elected, and other questions to be determined will be voted for.

Given under my hand and official seal at the Court House in the city of Grand Rapids on the 7th day of September A. D. 1908.

Geo. W. Davis
County Clerk.
Wood County.

### NEW TRAIN SERVICE TO HURON, ABERDEEN AND OAKES.

—Pullman standard sleeping car daily via the Chicago & North Western Ry. between Omaha, Sioux City and Aberdeen. Daily train service Omaha to Huron, Aberdeen and Oakes, with direct connections to all points in North Dakota, northern Minnesota and the Canadian northwest. For particulars apply to any agt. Chicago & North Western Ry. 3t

### For Chronic Diarrhoea.

"While in the army in 1863 I was taken with chronic diarrhoea," says George M. Felton of South Gibson, Pa. "I have since tried many remedies but without any permanent relief, until Mr. A. W. Miles, of this place, persuaded me to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, one bottle of which stopped it at once." For sale by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

### Market Report.

| | |
|---|---|
| Victoria | $ 5 70 |
| Patent Flour | 6 40 |
| Rye Flour | 4 50 |
| Rye | 72 |
| Oats | 1 30 |
| Middlings | 1 73 |
| Feed | 1 25 |
| Bran | 1 67 |
| Corn | 1 70 |
| Corn Meal | 18-21 |
| Butter | 18 |
| Eggs | 7-10 |
| Chickens | 7-00 |
| Hogs dressed | 2.00-3.00 |
| Beef live | 6.00 |
| Beef dressed | 8-9 |
| Hay, Timothy | 15 00 |
| Potatoes | 45 |

### ARMENIA.

Emil Engwald of Chicago visited at the home of his parents here last week.

Mr. Lake of Necedah was seen on our streets Saturday

Miss Myrtle Spice picked potatoes for O. Burdick last week.

Miss Minnie Bulgrin of New Rome is employed at the Harring home.

A large crowd of our young people attended a dance at Finley Saturday evening

Earl Davis and Guy Ruig of New Rome are working for J. D. Harring thru potato digging

The Carlson family of the Frank Hill farm spent Sunday at the V. Lind home.

—The Harvey Stock company, which will be at Daly's theater on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week, carries its own band and orchestra and puts up a good show. Don't fail seeing them.


**...BUY A WATCH...**

Perhaps you bought a watch some thirty years ago. It was a good watch and cost you a good price. It is probably ticking yet, but how about its time keeping qualities? You have to Wind it with a Key. Rather out of date, isn't it?

We have watches to sell and with our reputation at stake, cannot afford to furnish you with anything that we cannot personally guarantee as an accurate time piece.

Better come in and see us about that watch deal, and remember that we have the right prices

**A. P. Hirzy**
Watch Maker and Jeweler
Watch Inspector C. & N.W.R'y

**COAL AND Wood**
SEE F. KELLNER For the Best
TELEPHONE 530

**..CASH IS KING..**

Some cash prices offered at Topping Bros.' Cash Market, formerly Reland's West Side Market

EGGS per dozen.....20c
Creamery BUTTER a lb..25c
BEEF STEAK a lb.....11c
PORTERHOUSE and SIRLOIN a lb.....12½c
Dressed spring CHICKEN a lb.....15c
WEINERS a lb.....11c
BOLOGNA 3 lbs. for....25c

*Try our Meats and our Prices*

TOPPING BROS.



HON, J. A. AYLWARD
Democratic Candidate for GOVERNOR
Who Will Speak at Daly's Theater
Mon Eve., Oct. 12

*Don't Fail to Hear Mr. Aylward*



**A Fine Piano**

**Is An Ornament to Any Home.....**

I make a specialty of the Cable line, also the Steinway, everybody knows their quality.

*I will furnish any make of piano except such as are represented by a local agent.*

*Just Received*

A full line of pianos, some of the handsomest and most pleasing designs I have ever shown. I will be pleased to have you look them over.

**11 Different Makes and 25 Different Styles**

to select from. Three car loads of these pianos have been handled by me during the past four months, which will give some idea of the popularity of the lines I sell.

*I have a piano mover with which it is very easy to move a piano. Will move it, piano for you or rent the mover*

**MRS. F. P. DALY**

**BIG CLOSING OUT SALE NOW ON**

Such prices were never seen before for the kind of goods shown. Many suits and overcoats were sold the past week, but as we have such large stock you can still get any size and anything you want.

**Buy Your Suit and Overcoat Now**

*New, Fresh Goods for Men and Boys*

| Men's Suits | | Boys' Suits | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $25.00 suits go at | $17.50 | $8.00 suits go at | $5.75 |
| $20.00 suits go at | $13.50 | $5.00 suits go at | $3.75 |
| $18.00 suits go at | $11.50 | $4.00 suits go at | $2.75 |
| $15.00 suits go at | $10.50 | $3.00 suits go at | $2.15 |
| $12.00 suits go at | $8.00 | $2.00 suits go at | $1.25 |

*COME While the Assortment is Large*

**Sampson & Halvorsen**
CLOTHIERS